THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

LAST EDITION — BOSTON, MASS., MONDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1911—VOL. III., NO. 279 — PRICE TWO CENTS

TWO CAPITAL CITIES WON BY REBELS AND ARMY IS DEFEATED

General Li With 15,000 Men Gains Victory Over Loyal Force Under War Minister and Captures Artillery

PASSES NOW TAKEN

Fall of Changsha, Hunan, and Nanchang, Kiangsi, Is Confirmed and Shanghai Says Situation Alarming

SHANGHAI, China — Following news of the rebel victory near Hankow which has caused General Tchang's troops to retreat, confirmation has come of the capture by the revolutionaries of two more important cities, Changsha, capital of Hunan province, and Nanchang, capital of Kiangsi province. The situation is regarded here as most alarming. Business is stagnant even in the cities on the lower river and commercial depression in Shanghai is complete.

PEKING—General Yin Tchang's army is now reported in retreat from Kwangshili, where it suffered a crushing defeat Saturday in a conflict with a rebel force under Gen. Li Yung Huen. Dr. J. C. Ferguson, American adviser to the board of communication, left here today with a foreign detachment of the Red Cross corps.

The imperial troops lost all their artillery and supply trains and the rebels are now in control of the Kwangshui mountain passes which command the Hankow-Peking railroad, the only route by which the government can get soldiers speedily to the front. The imperial force numbered 20,000 and the rebels, it is understood, about 15,000.

Acting on the American legation's advice, missionaries in Hunan and northern Hupeh are sending women and children into Peking.

U. S. Consul E. Carleton Baker and his wife, on their way to the consul's post at Chung-king, are detained at I-Chang by the rebels.

American and European refugees from up-river points are swarming into Shanghai. United States Consul-General Amos P. Wilder reports that he is endeavoring to secure additional war vessels. The American cruiser New Orleans is already at Nankin, the Albany is expected Tuesday, and other foreign war craft are constantly passing up the river towards Hankow. Protection is especially desired for the Ya-Li college at Changsha, the Chinese extension of Yale University.

The revolutionists' capture of Changsha and Nanchang more than doubles the territory hitherto under rebel domination. Besides the provinces of Hunan and Kiangsi, those of Szechuen and Hupeh are enlisted in the rebel movement.

WASHINGTON — Official advices received at the state department today confirmed the report of victories by the revolutionists. The imperial army has abandoned camp near Hankow and is retreating north toward Peking. American consular authorities have advised all American women and children along the Peking-Hankow railroad to withdraw from the route of the road of the retreating army.

The rebels have seized I-Chang. They are harassed there, however, by 15,000 railway coolies who are demanding that they be paid. The bank at Chefoo has failed and there is a shortage of money. The Chinese government admits the loss of Huang Chow, on the river 50 miles below Hankow.

BERLIN—The German foreign office received inquiries today from the United States government regarding the situation brought about by the revolution in China.

Germany believes that the situation does not call for international action. It is considered that the naval forces in Chinese waters are apparently adequate for the protection of foreigners should the latter be endangered, of which contingency there is, however, no sign at the present time.

UNIVERSALISTS END CONVENTION--READY TO BEGIN NEW WORK

Biennial Gathering at Springfield Closes With Meeting at Which Denominational Leaders Are Heard

DR. PERIN SPEAKER

Brookline Man, on Subject of "An Available God," Delivers One of Strongest Addresses of the Session

SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—With the work of two years mapped out, the national Universalist delegates who have been attending the biennial convention here, departed today to begin the carrying out of the 1912-13 program.

New policies and extended social

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SOLDIERS OF ITALY READY TO LEAVE FOR FRONT

(Copyrighted. Photo by Central News staff photographer)

Company of infantry marching through streets of Syracuse to go on board transport for Tripoli

NEW GROUPING OF EUROPEAN POWERS SEEN AS A RESULT OF PRESENT WAR

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The struggle between Italy and Turkey in Tripoli has a deeper significance and may have more far-reaching consequences than appear at first sight. In a way, it matters comparatively little how successfully the war may terminate for the former power. The question is not so much whether Italy can make good her hold on Tripoli as what the results of the occupation of the Barbary state will be. These results are likely to be manifested, not only in Europe, but in Asia, and though it may be some little time before the developments take place, what it is quite possible may follow will be a different grouping of the European powers and a different trend in their relations with Muhammadanism.

That Italy can secure her hold on the Tripolitan littoral there is no question. The overwhelming force of her sea power enables her to do this. The same overwhelming force would enable her to make herself felt on the coasts of Turkey in the Mediterranean and in the Red sea. At the same time, any attempt to do this would be fraught with the greatest danger to her relations with the great powers. The truth of this is already manifested in the self-denying ordinance she has imposed upon herself in confining the war to Tripoli. Had it not been for this the Italian warships would have appeared on the coasts of Turkey-in-Asia, for there is no reason to suppose that her moderation is inspired by any regard for the Sublime Porte.

While, however, she is prevented from carrying the war into European and Asiatic Turkey, she is not saved from the enormous expenditure necessitated by the military expedition to Tripoli. The mobilizing of a considerable army corps, as well as of the fleet; the transportation of the former to Tripoli, and the expenditure on the latter owing to its warlike operations, have been the occasion of the imposition of a great financial burden. This burden will not be removed in a moment. Though the peace of Vereeiniging was signed in 1901, the dislocation of the finances of the United Kingdom engendered by the South African war has not been entirely overcome.

It may be said that the Italian expedition to Tripoli is entirely a different matter from the British expedition to South Africa, but it is doubtful if the relative difference is so remarkable when the resources of the two nations are taken into consideration. The actual war expenditure is, however, only a portion of the financial losses the country must necessarily sustain. The closing of Turkish ports to Italian commerce, especially the shutting out of that commerce from the Black sea and the Levant, must entail disastrous losses to the country. For many years past Italian trade with the East has been fostered with great care by successive governments. In one moment, the ports of the East are closed to this commerce, and the boycott of Italian merchandise

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GAME AGAIN POSTPONED

PHILADELPHIA, Pa.—Today's game between the New York Nationals and the Philadelphia Athletics has been officially declared off on account of wet grounds. It is possible that the grounds will not dry out sufficiently in time to permit a game tomorrow, though every effort is being made to drain the playing field.

JOHN R. WALSH PASSES AWAY

CHICAGO—John R. Walsh, released on parole from Leavenworth (Kan.) penitentiary a week ago, after serving part of a five-year sentence for violating the United States banking laws, passed away here today.

The mayor of a near-by city recently said:

¶ "Quite often I receive in my mail copies of a newspaper called The Christian Science Monitor, and I am very favorably impressed with this example of clean journalism."

¶ Passing the paper along counts.

POSTAGE REQUIRED FOR MAILING TODAY'S PAPER
In United States..... 2c
To Foreign Countries..... 3c

NEW ENGLAND SENDS RECORD POTATO SHIPMENTS WEST

Record shipments of potatoes are being made from northern New England points to the middle West over the Boston & Maine system as the result of a shortage in the Michigan yield and an especially abundant crop in the Aroostook regions. The New Haven road is today collecting 400 empty freight cars at five different points on the road to send to points on the Maine Central, Bangor & Aroostook and Montpelier & Wells River roads.

The points of distribution are Springfield, Northampton, Worcester, Lowell and Nashua, N. H. From these points 700 cars were sent out Sunday and for the past week or two about 100 cars a day, thus making a total of nearly 3000 empty freight cars rushed over the Boston & Maine road to keep up with their orders.

While the bulk of these shipments to Chicago, St. Louis and Cincinnati have been potatoes at the rate of about 500 bushels per car, pulpwood, hay and grain have also made their share.

It is expected that this movement of empty cars will continue for a week or more.

YACHT CORONET CONDITIONS MAY CAUSE AN INQUIRY

PORTLAND, Me.—With a relief party from Shiloh at the pumps of the Holy Ghost and Us Society's leaking yacht Coronet today it is expected that some definite plan will be made for repairing the craft. The yacht dropped anchor off the quarantine station Saturday after having been at sea since last June.

It is expected that the federal authorities here will call the attention of U. S. District Attorney Whitehouse to conditions aboard the vessel which, it was said, has been cruising about for weeks improperly provisioned and with apparently no effort to remedy the situation. The Rev. Mr. Sandford returned to the Coronet Sunday morning after being released on bail, following his arrest in a civil action brought by Mrs. Florence Whittaker. He remained in seclusion all day. Plans for the future are not announced.

TUNGSTEN LIGHT PATENT REJECTED

WASHINGTON — The application of John A. Heany for a patent on the Tungsten light, which involved $5,000,000 and has formed the basis of criminal and civil proceedings has been rejected by the patent office on the ground of fraud.

WAKEFIELD SHOOT IS PROTESTED BY ONE CAMP OF U. S. W. V.

WAKEFIELD, Mass. — James H. Keough, commander of Corporal Parker camp, U. S. W. V., entered a formal protest this morning to Abbott J. Potter, department commander, and Edward J. Gihon, past national commander, against the method used in scoring the national rifle shoot of the Spanish War Veterans, here on Saturday.

It is alleged that a bull's eye should have been recorded for either Edward J. Connolly or Walter I. Sweetser. Commander Keough says that after recording a miss the scorer showed a bull's eye on one of the double targets which should go to one of the two men named. He also says that the shoot was not properly managed in the scoring department.

If the protest is allowed Corporal Parker camp will win the shoot by 3 points. At the close of the match Roger Wolcott camp of Roxbury was declared the winner by a score of 429 to 427 for Parker camp.

In comparing scores today it was discovered that Commander Keough had broken the record when he made a score of 95 out of a possible 100. He will receive the Governor Foss cup, and first and second prizes will go to George W. Reed and George W. Chesley, both of the local camp. Whichever way the protest is decided it will not affect these individual winners.

Commander Keough is the holder of the world's record for small bore rifle. This he won last year, when he made 499 out of a possible 500. He is quartermaster of company A, sixth regiment, and a member of the state rifle team.

TWO BIG LINERS NEARING PORT

The two big liners vernia and Cymric which left Liverpool on the same day, are expected to reach here Thursday morning. The Ivernia of the Cunard line, was reported 1130 miles east of Boston light at 1 p. m. Sunday, and the Cymric of the White Star line, was reported 848 miles east at 7:34 a. m. today.

The Ivernia is bringing 52 saloon, 376 second cabin and 589 steerage passengers, while the Cymric has 53 saloon and 731 steerage passengers.

BROOKLINE BOARD LETS CONTRACTS

The Brookline water board opened bids today and awarded contracts for supplies for the year 1912. To the Kennedy Valve Manufacturing Company was awarded the contract for supplying gates and valves at $717. The Glauber Valve Manufacturing Company was awarded the contract for supplying brass goods at $613.92 and the George F. Uhler Company received the contract for wrought iron pipes at $785.70. The lowest bids were accepted.

U. S. SUPREME COURT AFFIRMS DECISION ON MABEL ALLEN ESTATE

WASHINGTON—The United States supreme court affirmed today the decision of the supreme judicial court of Massachusetts in the case of George R. Blinn, receiver of the property of Mabel Allen, against George E. Nelson.

The case involved the distribution of the estate of Mabel Allen, who disappeared from Boston in 1892, which was held by Mr. Blinn as receiver. The probate court and the supreme court of Massachusetts ordered the distribution of the estate of Mrs. Nelson and other kin and this decision was affirmed by the supreme court.

The government's motion to advance the case of the United States vs. the Union Pacific railway involving the suit to compel the surrender of its holdings of Southern Pacific and other securities was granted today by the United States supreme court, and the date set for Jan. 8.

The court extended until Nov. 1 the time for the commissioners to file their report in the boundary case of Maryland against West Virginia.

The court announced amendments to the rules of the court reducing the length of oral arguments in cases before it.

None of the decisions handed down by the court today was of financial importance.

PRESIDENT AMONG THE PROGRESSIVES

PIERRE, S. D.—After a short speech to a crowd here today from the rear platform of his car President Taft left Pierre for Huron, where lies the greatest strength of insurgency in this state.

Mr. Taft attended services at the Pierre Methodist church Sunday morning and spoke in the Auditorium on peace and arbitration.

SIXTEEN MEN SHUT IN MINE

HARRISBURG, Ill.—In an explosion, though to have been that of an enormous quantity of powder at Ogara mine No. 9, at 7 a. m. today, 16 men were entombed. The explosion occurred at the main entrance of the shaft.

Spanish War Veteran Who Again Breaks the Record for Marksmanship

JAMES H. KEOUGH

COMMITTEE STARTS WORK IN DOUBTFUL CONTESTS FOR HOUSE

Republican Legislative Organization to Send Out Circulars to Stir Up Activity in a Number of Districts

RESUME DAILY TOUR

Campaign work in many of the doubtful representative districts is not progressing fast enough to suit Representative Alexander Holmes, chairman of the Republican legislative committee; so, Mr. Holmes, with some of his lieutenants, today took steps toward arousing more activity in these districts.

A circular letter is to be drafted and sent to the Republican town or ward committees in doubtful districts, where the work for the Republican candidates has slackened. It is to be pointed out that active work should be started immediately. Ways and means of arousing interest are to be proposed, and the assistance of the legislative committee offered.

Believing that a slump in the state campaign at present might result disastrously for the Republican party at the polls Nov. 7, the Republican leaders intend to avoid any such effect by increasing their efforts during the fortnight that is to elapse before the voters register their choice.

Saturday Chairman Hatfield of the Republican state committee plans to round up all the Republican candidates for the House at a luncheon at the American House. It is understood that the candidates are to be charged to keep politically active during the final week and to see that the Republican vote comes out election day.

The automobile campaigners are to be given more than their usual quota of work this week. The scene of their campaigning shifts for the first part of this week to Essex county. The first rally today was held in Market square, Newburyport, at 9 a. m., the automobilists then whirling to Byfield, where a rally was held before the postoffice.

Their schedule for the remainder of the day follows: Georgetown, Town quare, 10 a. m.; West Newbury, Town square, 11:15 a. m.; Haverhill, shoe shops, opposite postoffice, 12 m.; Groveland, Town square, 1:45 p. m.; South Groveland, mill, 2:15 p. m.; West Boxford, Meeting House square, 2:45 p. m.; Boxford, 3:15 p. m.; Topsfield, Town square, 3:45 p. m.; Middleton, Postoffice square, 4:15 p. m.; Danvers, Berry tav-

(Continued on page four, column four)

MAYOR WANTS $30,000 FOR EXTENDED USE OF SCHOOL BUILDINGS

In Answer to Finance Commission Report Mr. Fitzgerald Says Committee Can Spare That Amount

GIVES HIS REASONS

Chief Executive Points to Net Increase in Funds and Objects to Further Burden on Taxpayers

Out of the approximate appropriation of $5,000,000 for 1911-1912, which the school committee will have, Mayor Fitzgerald believes that $30,000 could be spared for the more extensive use of school buildings.

This money would accomplish desired results, says the mayor in a communication sent to the finance commission today, in answer to a report recently made by the commission, that the schools were being used as much as possible considering the funds available.

The mayor's communication is in part as follows:

"In dealing with the question whether the funds necessary to provide for the extended use of school buildings for purposes of education and recreation could be taken from the regular appropriations of the school department without injury to its work, you say in substance that such an application of the regular funds would be dangerous. According to your own recommendation, namely that the Legislature be petitioned to authorize the school committee to appropriate 2 cents on each $1000 of valuation for this purpose, the amount required for a comprehensive plan would be about $30,000. I am to understand therefore that in your opinion the school committee, out of its appropriation for 1911-12 approximating $5,000,000, cannot spare the moderate sum of $30,000, although you admit that its balance for last year was about $35,000.

"You note that in the last school year there was a decrease of 1934 pupils in the elementary schools and 209 pupils in the evening schools, which was only partly offset by an increase of 1071 pupils in the Latin and high schools and 73 pupils in the normal and special schools. The decrease of 1934 pupils in elementary schools at $24.76, which is the annual cost of instruction per pupil,

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SEES NEW ENGLAND WIN EASTERN FRUIT MARKETS

J. Lewis Ellsworth Expresses Optimism for Growers at Opening of Exhibit in Connection With Exposition

LESSON FROM WEST

There has been great development in apple growing in New England in the last two years, according to J. Lewis Ellsworth, president of the New England fruit show, at the formal opening of the show today in Horticultural hall in connection with the New England industrial and educational exposition.

"Our growers are at last realizing their opportunities and attempting to make the most of them," he said. "This improvement is shown not so much in the quantity of fruit produced as in the improvement in appearance and quality.

"There are whole communities in New England where hardly any fruit was sprayed three years ago and where today almost every farmer sprays carefully. The result has been a tremendous improvement in the appearance and quality of New England apples that are sold in our markets, as compared with the fruit formerly to be found there.

"The cooperative associations of western growers, where no man is allowed to pack his own apples, bring their fruit into market in remarkable condition of evenness of size, quality and appearance. This is where we must improve if we are to realize the hope of the officers of this fruit show, that the day will come when it will be unprofitable to ship Oregon and Colorado apples east of Chicago, because of the competition they will meet from first class eastern grown fruit."

An exposition of the improvement in the quality of New England fruit is the object of the fruit show and in this way an extra incentive will be added to greater efforts in the future. Prizes will be given for apples, plums, pears, quinces, etc.; for methods of packing, for spraying and other orchard apparatus; and for photographs of orchards, trees and branches.

Among the donors of prizes are Governor Foss, Governor Pothier of Rhode Island, the Massachusetts and the New Hampshire Agriculaural colleges and the International Apple Shippers Association.

Addresses on "Wage Earners Insurance and the Cost of Living" will be delivered at the exposition this evening by W. J. Montgomery, the state actuary, and Miss A. H. Hardy, financial secretary of the Savings Insurance League. Wednesday will be Fitchburg day, Saturday will be Providence day, and Brockton is to have a special day this week. A voting machine will be placed in a central position in the main hall from Wednesday to Saturday and a test vote will be taken on all the candidates for office at the state election in November.

For the music this week Perkin's International band and Fernald's orchestra will give concerts afternoon and evening in the Mechanics building and the Simmons orchestra in Horticultural hall.

Candidates for Office

Candidates to be voted upon at the annual meeting of the Massachusetts Horticultural Society for the election of officers to be held Nov. 18 in Horticultural hall, have just been posted. Additional nominations may be made.

The list of committee nominations follows: President, Charles W. Parker; vice-president (for two years), Walter Hunnewell; trustee (for one year), R. M. Saltonstall; trustee (for three years), four to be elected, Thomas Allen, F. L. Ames, William H. Bowker, Peter Fisher, Harry F. Hall, Henry M. Howard, Thomas Roland, C. S. Sargent; delegate to state board of agriculture, Wilfrid Wheeler; nominating committee, Robert Cameron, Kenneth Finlayson, W. G. Kendall, C. Minot Weld, Frank Wheeler.

PLAN EXPOSITION FOR PITTSFIELD

PITTSFIELD, Mass.—The Pittsfield Board of Trade plans to hold an industrial exposition in the armory a few weeks after the holidays. This is done to acquaint Pittsfield folks as well as those in surrounding towns with the fact that Pittsfield manufactures a great variety of products, of which and how they are made not much is known generally.

Fred M. Prescott of Malden, who has managed successfully several of these expositions, probably will have charge.

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Contemporary Books, Their Writers and Publishers

Wealth of Material About Robert and Elizabeth Browning Brought Out in Miss Whiting's Biography

SOME NEW LETTERS

Writer Throws New Emphasis on Certain Phases of Mrs. Browning's Experience and Has Done Well

MISS LILIAN WHITING, in "The Brownings, Their Life and Art" (Little, Brown & Co.), has fused together by her adoring flame a wealth of biographical material concerning Robert and Elizabeth Barrett Browning that never previously has been gathered in such compact form. Mastery of all their correspondence and verse, together with the essential facts of their careers, has enabled her to create a mosaic of prose and verse which is readable, graphic and interpretative. Unusual facilities have been given her by Robert Barrett Browning, the only son of the poets, to acquire information of a peculiarly intimate kind concerning his parents, their method of education of him, and the manner of their life as authors and as man and wife.

For the first time, also, the letters of Browning, following the passing of his wife and to the close of his career, which he addressed to his dear friend Mrs. Bronson, are given. They only confirm previous impressions of her beauty of character, loyalty as a friend, and the rare capacity that Browning had for friendship with women on its highest plane.

To Americans the story retold by Miss Whiting always will have its peculiar interest, because of the early date at which cultivated readers in the United States gave their admiring patronage to both of these singers; and also because of the very satisfying picture it gives of the ideal of hospitality and refinement set up in Rome by Americans of the type of the Storys, who were among the first to establish themselves there as permanent residents. With them, and with other American artists and writers resident in Italy, the Brownings came to have close relations. The simplicity of character, democracy and ardent zeal for liberty which characterized the poets made them turn naturally to folk from a republican land; and if the American proved to be a lover of literature as well as of liberty, the question of friendship no longer was in abeyance.

Of one of Browning's most distinguished admirers and most learned expositors, Prof. Hiram Corson, formerly of Cornell University, Miss Whiting is able to write more fully than she could have written had they not both the common tie of admiration for Browning and interest in problems of immortality and spiritism. Browning, as is well known, was far less speculative on this matter than his wife; and it is not made clear by this book that Professor Corson used his privilege as a friend to endeavor to renew Browning's interest in the matter. What is shown is the very evident gratitude of the English singer to his American interpreter for his service in mediating between the poet and the American academic world and reading public.

However well known the life record of these singers may be to a critic, he cannot arise from study of an appreciation like this, which is both strong and weak just because so adoring in its attitude, without renewed admiration for the idyll of marital love which it tells, a record especially enheartening at a time when so much contemporary British and American literature dealing with marriage is far from idealistic or conserving in its message. It is the fashion now to deride the Victorian ethics as well as to minimize the Victorian literary output; and realists and scoffers and those who speak in jibe and paradox are having their brief day. But the time will come when England will again value at its full worth the record that both Tennyson and Browning made as lovers and as husbands. It is pleasant contrast with that of several of the major figures of recent continental literary circles.

Certain aspects of the life of Elizabeth Barrett that other biographers have emphasized Miss Whiting passes lightly. Their point of view was best summed up, perhaps, by Francis Thompson in his saying that Browning "stooped and picked up a fair-coined soul that lay rusting in a pool of tears." No such condition of a hapless maiden is depicted by Miss Whiting. There was a sudden freeing of a sensitive and highly educated girl from the tyranny of a father who both loved and misunderstood his children, and who had an impossible theory of parental authority. But with happiness and love, with travel and contact with the world, and with awakened interest in Italy's immediate aspirations and noble past, the real Elizabeth Barrett appeared.

Walter Pater once put on record the opinion that Browning was "the finest representative of workable optimism that England has." In many respects this is one of the highest tributes to Browning that ever was paid, though Mr. Pater was far from so considering it. A workable optimism is an enduring kind that gives quality to the last hours of existence, as well as to the days of a man's prime; and what Browning preached he lived out beautifully. As John Jay Chapman says about him, "Everything that was joyful and sunny and good and brave for the soul he embraced." John Davidson called it a "frantic, terrified optimism." Never was there a greater misreading of character. As a great optimist Browning undoubtedly makes his consoling and inspiring appeal where a cynic like Davidson or the neo-Stoic like Pater cannot follow him, either to understand or to profit by his message.

Within the limits that Miss Whiting consciously or unconsciously has marked out for herself, she has done her work well. She is too much of a lover to be an objective critic; but her love gives color and life to the narrative, and insight into the words and deeds of as great lovers as the modern world has seen.

BOOKS REVIEWED

"UNIVERSITIES OF THE WORLD." By President C. F. Thwing of Western Reserve University. New York: The MacMillan Company.

President Thwing has thirteen books to his credit dealing with phases of American education. Two of them, "A History of Higher Education in America," and the "History of Education in the United States Since the Civil War," are the most serviceable books accessible in the realm they cover. Ever since his graduation from Harvard he has accumulated the history of higher education in this country; he has written prolifically and wisely about it, in terms understandable by the layman, and with a lightness of touch and clarity of style that has commended the books to readers who often find books on pedagogics insufferably dull and hopelessly involved in their English.

Of late years, President Thwing has utilized his foreign travel for purposes of study of methods of education in Europe and in Asia, and the fruit of his observation has appeared in the magazines and now in this well-illustrated book. With the exception of the University of Melbourne, every great national university pictured by President Thwing in terms of comparative method and worth has been visited by him. With American customs and ideals in mind as a convenient but not final form of judgment, he has gone his way from Oxford to London, to Paris, Berlin, Geneva, Upsala, Madrid, Rome, St. Petersburg, Constantinople (Robert College)' Cairo, Peking and Tokio. Their common, that is, universal qualities are seen, but also the peculiar and individual attributes of these ancient and modern academic creations. Shrewd comments are interspersed that could only come from one who had long pondered on fundamental issues of education that men of all races and religions face. Defects are frankly but courteously described. Necessary brevity of treatment compels often a most "impressionistic" method of picturing the institution; but it is not superficial, because comparative, and always honest.

The value of a book of this kind to a reader who is either an educator or an alert citizen is in its enlargement of horizon. For those conservatives who look backward with longing or those progressives who look forward with hope it has its message. Especially timely is the discussion of conditions in China and Japan and Australia, where so much of the world's interest is to be centered for the next generation. President Thwing should turn his steps toward South America, and aid in making better known to the Teutonic world the conditions that prevail in university circles in Latin America, a field of which there is much too dense ignorance now among academic and social leaders in the United States and in nations of northern Europe.

"THE FLYING GIRL." By Edith Van Dyne. Chicago: The Reilly & Britton Company.

Aviators are hereby invited to look to their laurels; for if Orissa Kane, the heroine, is to be taken as a prophecy of what woman will yet do in airship navigation, she may prove that woman has the needful qualities in greater completeness than man. Orissa's experience goes far to prove the truth of what Stephen says:

"The most successful aviators of the future are bound to be women. As a rule, they are lighter than men, more supple and active, quick of perception, and less liable to lose their heads in emergencies."

Orissa is a very sensible, and at the same time attractive and lovable girl, and her flight, bravely undertaken in an emergency, as her brother's substitute, proves to be a great opportunity. The scene of the tale is near Los Angeles. There are several interesting characters and the unaccountable but very useful young journalist who steps in toward the close adds humor to lighten a tragical situation.

The tale has unity and is well told.

"WHEN MARGARET WAS A FRESHMAN." By Elizabeth Hollister Hunt. New York: Moffat, Yard & Co.

The customary experiences of a new girl, the homesickness, the greenness, the ungrounded scares and juvenile pranks—the addenda, so to speak of a freshman year in any woman's college—all these fall to this freshman's lot with due obedience to the common rule. The girls who gather about her as central figure are one and all vivacious and harmless, even if it is difficult to keep them apart in reading, no one of them being invested with much individuality.

The story is quite unobjectionable, and has some fairly good passages.

"THE SECOND BOY'S BOOK OF MODEL AEROPLANES." By Francis A. Collins. New York: The Century Company.

With books such as this in their hands our boys are coming up to look upon the conquest of the air as perfectly natural, and to possess a practical knowledge of how the wonders of aviation are being wrought that will be an immense advantage to them, whether it is followed into a profession or remains a pastime. An earlier book by the same author has been widely approved by journals devoted to the art of aviation, as combining accurate description and explanation with intelligible instruction, and as achieving a large degree of thoroughness. The boys who made use of the first volume will have a welcome ready for this, which carries the subject farther along and relates what has occurred in the mean time. Chapter two, concerning the tournaments that have been held read like a fairy tale, only it is about things that have been actually accomplished and witnessed by thousands of people. Chapter four tells what tools are essential and what materials most satisfactory in the building of model aeroplanes. Chapters five to 11 are on the subject of building models and avoiding all unnecessary technicality give clear directions, utter helpful warnings and afford the encouragement that proceeds from facing difficulties for the purpose of overcoming them. A later chapter deals with the lessons to be learned from the man-carrying aeroplane, another takes up for answer a number of selected questions relating to the perplexities most apt to assail beginners, and still others give brief mention of the model aeroplane builders whose machines have made successful flights, and discuss the air as a medium. Rules are given for conducting contests, as framed by the West Side (New York) Y. M. C. A. and the New York Model Aero Club. The addition of a "dictionary" of aeronautical terms completes the book, which is written in good, well ordered English and fully illustrated by photographs and diagrams.

"THE LOSER PAYS." By Mary Openshaw. Boston: Small, Maynard & Co.

A story of the French revolution could hardly be otherwise than tragic, or end otherwise than sorrowfully, but the more distressing events are not heightened by any melodrama in this powerful tale, and they are fitted into a setting of domestic scenes that serve as a relief.

The story centers about Rouget de l'Isle and his war song, now called "La Marseillaise," and is told in reminiscence by his son, when he is old. The narrator was but 7 years of age at the time the story opens, living with his grandmother in her chateau and knowing little of his young father, who had made infrequent flying visits from Strasburg, where his regiment was stationed.

De l'Isle's mother, being a royalist, repudiates him for writing the song, and forbids him his home. The greater portion of the tale is located in Paris.

There is considerable artistic skill manifested in portraying the intense scenes of the "hundred hours" as they appeared to a very intelligent, brave and generous, though wilful, child; and in the gradual change as he develops a wonderful wisdom and insight for his years, with occasional starts and fits of pure childishness and simple naughtiness.

Both Napoleon Bonaparte and Mme. de Beauharnais come into the story, but less forcefully than the immediate family and friends of De l'Isle, among whom the mother is a finely conceived character. The family incidents of the tale being entirely fictional, it is of less importance that the author assumes De l'Isle to have composed the impressive melody as well as the words of the French national anthem, whereas it is established now that the music was adapted from a German Credo, even then old.

"THE WOMEN OF THE CAESARS." By Guglielmo Ferrero. New York: The Century Company.

It is probably well understood by this time that Guglielmo Ferrero is not destined to demolish the whole structure of Roman history as erected by Gibbon and the German writers. Rather has it become evident that in more than one respect he has stood, as is the right of the representative of each succeeding generation, upon the vantage ground secured by their labors, and profited thereby for his own view. But aside from having used the ancient authorities in a new way, and having put his hand to building at some hitherto neglected corners of the historical fabric, the Italian writer has made good his place as an historical artist, and a thinker who has infused added meaning into Roman history in its bearing upon some still unsolved problems of the race. Where he has to build doubtfully he never falters, but brings into play, upon material of obscure origin, an imagination that is frequently so intuitive as to lose all alloy of fancifulness and become constructive, evidently recognizing the fact that written history must be something more than a narration of events if it is to be of any real truthfulness.

If there are times when this gift degenerates into too much conjecture, this is but the defect of the virtue. Of one thing his readers are assured—that he will never conjecture stupidly; and while this very brilliancy may require one who prefers to keep his feet on solid ground to give himself a mental shake now and then, it will not lead a true student astray. Although the historian sometimes omits telling facts, it is not because he suppresses them to protect his theory, but evidently because they are not visible from his standpoint. If the method is a little one-sided at times, it is never dishonest.

For the rest, the marks of a great historian are on his work including a remarkable endowment of critical sense.

The present volume, while it may be looked upon as containing the chips from the author's great history of Rome, is yet a distinct piece of work. It is a broadly composed picture of the royal women of the early empire, when the old aristocratic tradition of frugal and austere habits and high standards of morality were constantly in conflict with the luxury and laxity and exaltation of wealth that was flooding in from the east; and in his pages, these women live again with an individuality the virtues of which are thrown into more prominence than the vices. With his gift of seeing historical personages as men and women, not as actors, and his special talent for tracing out multitudinous lesser motives that paved the way for great events, or spurred men on to momentous deeds through transitory influences, he brings about some unusual conclusions, which, however unorthodox, can scarcely be refuted. He plants himself firmly in the position that all the strange and to us abhorrent marriages of the period may be accounted for by the fact that marriage was then solely a matter of political or economic expediency, still insisting upon the story of Antony and Cleopatra, for instance, as a play of political finesse instead of an ultra romantic infatuation.

Starting out with the same premise and adding the other—of Caligula's adoption of Egyptian conceptions and attempt to introduce the institutions of Pharaoh into Rome—he offers explanations, on the political basis, for acts of this emperor that hitherto have been regarded as inspired by vice or aberration. The material for the book has been selected with commendable reserve, the literary dress is gratifying, and the whole is imbued with freshness. While not always convincing, it is always stimulating, and is replete with starting points for independent investigation.

"QUOTATIONS ON ART, MUSIC AND LITERATURE." Compiled by Charles Alma Byers. Los Angeles Cal.: The C. A. Byers Publishing Company.

In nothing are tastes more various than as to what constitutes a good compilation of quotations. Any objections that might be made to some included here, on the ground of lack of value, or to the manner of excerpting, could be disposed of, probably, as merely differences of taste or judgment. There are over 700 quotations, arranged under headings that follow the title. Many of them are very good, these being chiefly familiar sayings from standard authors. The little book is beautifully bound in soft brown leather.

"TOM STRONG, WASHINGTON'S SCOUT." By Alfred Bishop Mason. New York: Henry Holt & Co.

Tom Strong is a sturdy, quick-witted boy of 14 when his mother sends him to join the American revolutionary forces. At the foot of Wall street, New York, as he is about to take a boat for Brooklyn, he meets Zed Pratt, backwoodsman, trapper and scout. Zed at once takes a liking to the boy, and from that time until the end of the war, five years later, they are almost constantly together.

They fight under Nathan Hale at the battle of Long Island, they help the same Hale cut out the British supply ship Queen, they take important despatches for Washington and manage to be in the liveliest places from the defeat of the Americans at Brooklyn to the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown.

The story is well told. Boys with a fondness for adventure are sure to like it. Leading men in both armies appear, and while much of the dialogue is naturally made to fit the story, it is fairly accurate historically. Principal maneuvers of the war are described simply, yet in such a way that they should be remembered.

While written from a distinctly American point of view—it is labeled "a story of patriotism" by the author—the book seeks to praise the British for such of their actions as to the author seems praiseworthy, and condemns the Americans for unworthy deeds.

LITERARY NOTES

OWEN WISTER must be added to the list of authors who have enjoyed reading what were intended to be "judicial" estimates of their careers.

A fifth edition of Henri Bergson's book, "Creative Evolution," has been called for.

Frederick Taber Cooper's estimates of contemporary British and American writers of fiction, to be issued soon in a collection published by Henry Holt & Co., will be worth reading, for he is one of the most promising of the younger New York critics.

Lovat Frazier's book, "India Under Curzon and After," will give up-to-date estimates of a problem that interests not a few Americans, especially such of them as have traveled in the Asiatic empire over which George V. reigns.

The book on "The Papacy and Modern Times" by William Barry, D. D., will have Henry Holt & Co. for its publisher. The Roman Catholic church has few cleverer agents writing for the English reading world than this Irish writer of fiction, critic of literature, and ecclesiastical historian.

R. K. Munkittrick follows soon after Sam Walter Foss and Charles Battell Loomis. English by birth, he had considerable vogue at one time as a contributor to Puck, Judge and "Life." But his humor was of an ephemeral quality, with nothing like the deep ethical note of Foss or the serviceableness to humanity that was characteristic of the latter humorist.

Prince Troubetsky, who was assassinated last week in Russia, was the second husband of beautiful Amelie Rives. He had ventured on one novel, "The Passer-By." He had distinct artistic attributes as a Bohemian by nature, though unquestionably Russian by race.

There is no more thoroughly American figure in the history of art in the United States than Winslow Homer, and the record of his life and works, just issued by Houghton-Mifflin Company, and written by William H. Downes, will be one of the rewarding books of the season both as a biography and as a document for students of American art.

It is well that a popular and low priced edition of the life of Henry M. Stanley has been issued. There are few so fine human documents indicating what the will to achieve and to endure may accomplish. Running through it is a vein of religion and faith in the verities that is not always found in men of his masterful type.

In its earlier American association the name Schauffler is identified with missions and philanthrophy. Now it is coming to be identified with both literature and music through the charming writings of Robert Haven Schauffler, whose articles and essays in the leading magazines and books are fast making him one of the best of the younger critics and humanists. It seems that he is an excellent performer on the 'cello; is given to performing at chamber concerts, and is somewhat particular whether or no he has "creative listeners," decent acoustic properties and good ventilation.

Edmund Lester Pearson, whose book "The Believing Years" is winning deserved praise, got his color for it when in and about venerable Newburyport, a town whose most distinguished author for more than a generation has been Harriet Prescott Spofford.

It was a shrewd publisher who got Sir Wilfred Grenfell to write an introduction to a new edition of Richard Henry Dana's classic, "Two Years Before the Mast."

Edna Turpin, whose story, "Honey Sweet" is attracting attention, is a Virginian educator and text book writer, a pupil of Woodrow Wilson's, and whose career indicates a will to achieve, and success in the attempt.

Forbes Lindsay did such an excellent piece of work with his book on "Panama and the Canal Today" that persons who are eagerly awaiting a trustworthy volume on Cuba will be glad to know that an up-to-date book by him, dealing with the island, is soon to be issued by L. C. Page & Co.

Admirers of Joseph Conrad will be glad to know that a new story, "Under Western Eyes," and dealing with Russian life, is to be published immediately by Harper & Bros. Conrad is one of the great English stylists, and a master of an alien tongue.

The Century magazine editors have been fortunate enough to secure two one-act plays by Sir William S. Gilbert for publication in early issues.

Franz Cumont of Brussels, now lecturing before the Lowell Institute, Boston, also will lecture in Hartford, Brooklyn, Baltimore and Philadelphia. There is no higher living authority on the religions of the near east, especially during the last days of the Roman empire. The Open Court Company, Chicago, is issuing an English version of his masterwork, "Oriental Religions in Roman Paganism."

An important series of letters from Longfellow to Ferdinand Freiligrath, the German patriot and lyric poet, will be sold at auction in New York this week. The well-to-do heirs of the poet usually are in the market to acquire such proof of their ancestor's wide-ranging friendship.

Publication of a revised and complete edition of the poems of Henry van Dyke will doubtless renew discussion of his precise place and rank in the American choir. His versatility, like that of so many other men, is, in a way, a handicap. If he had written no prose, preached no sermons, delivered no academic addresses and made no after-dinner speeches, he might have been better known and more highly esteemed as a poet. Human achievements compete with each other often, and neutralize effects that otherwise might be striking.

A few years ago an exposition of the Twenty-third Psalm by the Rev. William A. Knight of Brighton appeared under the title of "The Song of the Syrian Guest." At once it found popular favor owing to its spiritual quality and the freshness of its insight into Oriental life. More than a million copies have been sold. It has been translated into seven languages and has found its way around the world. Successive books by the same author dealing with Biblical characters have enlarged his fame and added to the range of his influence. For this coming holiday season he will bring forth, through the Pilgrim Press, another imaginative tale called "Peter in the Firelight," in which the narrator is supposed to be the aged St. John.

"The Art of the Theater," by Gordon Craig, soon to be issued by Browne's Bookstore, Chicago, is being eagerly awaited by persons interested in problems of stage construction, management and lighting. It is evident from the experiments that are now under way in Germany, Russia and Great Britain that radical changes in scene painting and stage lighting are coming. For the first time in years, constructive thought is being given to this side of the art of staging a play. Imitation of traditional schemes has been the rule. This is a case where both continental Europe and America must give credit for leadership to a British youth.

AT THE THEATERS

BOSTON

BOSTON—Miss Lulu Glaser.
CASTLE SQUARE—"As You Like It."
COLONIAL—"The Red Widow."
HOLLIS—Miss Blanche Bates.
B. F. KEITH'S—Vaudeville.
MAJESTIC—"The Gamblers."
PARK—"Get Rich Quick Wallingford."
PLYMOUTH—Irish Players.
SHUBERT—"The Blue Bird" (Tuesday).
TREMONT—"Madam Sherry."

NEW YORK

ASTOR—"The Arab."
BELASCO—David Warfield.
CENTURY—"The Garden of Allah."
COLLIERS—"Bunty Pulls the Strings."
CRITERION—"Passers-By."
DALYS—Mme. Simone.
EMPIRE—John Drew.
GAIETY—"The Only Son."
GLOBE—"Gypsy Love."
HARRIS—"Maggie Pepper."
HERALD SQUARE—Cyril Scott.
HIPPODROME—Spectacles.
HUDSON—"Snobs."
KNICKERBOCKER—"The Siren."
LYRIC—Fritzi Scheff.
LYCEUM—Miss Billie Burke.
MAXINE ELLIOTT—Margaret Anglin.
NEW AMSTERDAM—"The Pink Lady."
NEW YORK—"The Enchantress."
PLAYHOUSE—"Bought and Paid For."
REPUBLIC—"The Woman."
THIRTY-NINTH—"The Million."
WALLACK'S—"Disraeli."
WEBER—Edmund Breese.
WEST END—"The Boss."

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Leading Events in Athletics — Many Football Surprises

BIG FOOTBALL TEAMS ARE HARD PUSHED BY SMALLER COLLEGES

Results on Several Western and Eastern Gridirons Are Surprises to Followers of This Sport

WEST POINT VICTOR

Not in many days have the so-called smaller college and university teams made such a good showing against the elevens of the larger universities as was the case on Saturday. Some of the results came as surprises to the followers of the bigger teams, while other results were not so unexpected to the followers of college football.

The two surprises that occurred in the middle West were the ease with which Chicago and Minnesota won their games from Illinois and Nebraska, respectively. In both instances it had been freely predicted that these two games would be close and hard-fought and yet the two visitors appeared clearly to outclass in all departments of the game.

As having a direct bearing on the winning of the western conference title of 1911, the Chicago-Illinois battle was the big western game of the day. Illinois had practically a veteran eleven in the field, while Chicago contained many men of practical unknown ability when the season started. Coach Stagg has, however, made a great up-to-date football team this fall and now is in direct line for the championship, with Minnesota his chief rival. The maroon has yet to lose a conference game and has three victories to its credit.

The big surprises of the East were the defeat of Yale by West Point for the second successive year, Brown's victory over Pennsylvania, the Princeton-Annapolis tie and Harvard's small score over Amherst.

Of these the West Point victory was the biggest surprise. Yale has been brought along this season with a view to defeating the Cadets. It was generally expected that the blue would find the Army a hard proposition; but the coaches and students were generally confident of a victory for the big team, even though it would probably be by a small margin, and even Captain Howe's absence from the Yale lineup cannot account for the blue's defeat, as the Cadets played all around their New Haven rivals.

While Brown's victory came as a big surprise to many, those who have kept a close watch on Captain Sprackling's team are taking it rather as a matter of course. The Providence eleven is one of the best in the East this year and will cause Harvard and Yale much trouble before the season is over. Pennsylvania's defeat was not so much due to a poor team at Philadelphia as it was to the strength of the Providence boys.

Princeton was another big team that expected to win by a small margin. Annapolis, however, showed a game of high order and made the Tiger be satisfied with its second tie of the year. Rush-line weakness was what cost the Orange and Black the game.

Harvard's poor score was due primarially to the absence of Captain Fisher, Smith and Potter, three of the best men on the squad. The condition of the field also was a big handicap to the scoring power of the eleven and does not necessarily show weakness on the Crimson's part, although the team is behind its early season form of 1910.

HARVARD TENNIS IN FIFTH ROUND

The annual fall tournament for the Harvard University singles championship in tennis has reached the fifth round. The following matches in singles are scheduled to be played on Jarvis field today: G. P. Gardner, Jr., 1 G. B. vs. E. P. Pearson 3L., C. S. Cutting '12 vs. H. H. Bundy 1 L., R. Tunis '13 vs. H. S. McKee '13.

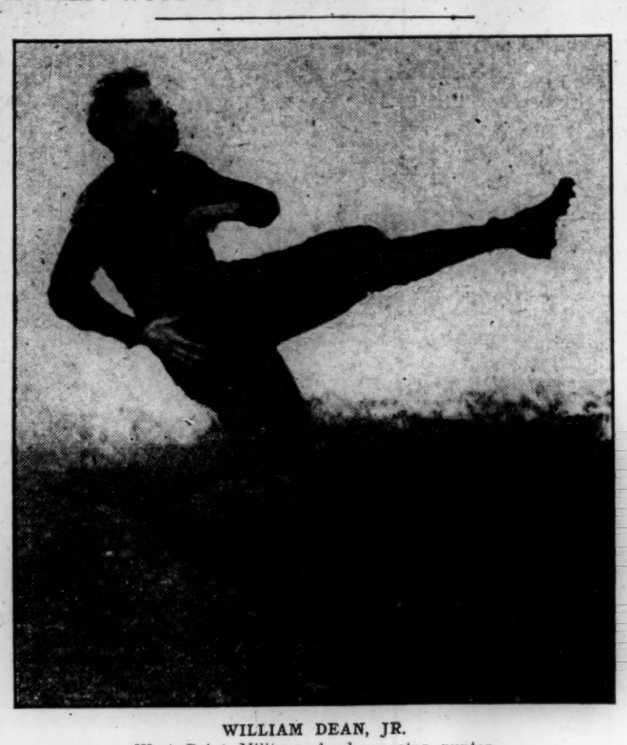
The following matches in doubles are also scheduled for today: M. Lightner 3 L. and C. B. Alling 3 L. vs. O. Williams '14 and E. R. Hastings, Jr., '14, L. I. Grinnell '12 and J. R. Pratt '12 vs. E. T. Dana 3 G. and A. J. Lowrey '13, C. S. Cutting '12 and E. M. Pickman 3 L. vs. B. Martin 2 L. and R. E. Ross 2 L., H. S. McKee '13 and G. Bushmore '13 vs. N. F. Davis 3 L. and J. W. Davis '13, J. F. Day 3 L. and R. V. White 3 L. vs. H. H. Bundy 1 L. and E. P. Pearson 3 L., R. Burroughs 3 L. and E. Burroughs 1 L. vs. T. C. Taylor '14 and A. Fisher '15.

NEWTON IS READY FOR SOMERVILLE

NEWTON, Mass.—Tomorrow Somerville high and Newton meet at Claflin field here for their first gridiron battle in six years. Coach Dickinson of Newton will try every available method to win from Somerville, to which school he owes his football training. Newton is figuring on beating Waltham this year in their annual game Nov. 4 and if they win tomorrow they will certainly have their chance.

Milton high will be the opponent of Volkmann school on the latter's grounds at Allston. The Back Bay team will have to display unusual form to hold the Milton team. Hyde Park and Marlboro play at Hyde Pork.

KICKER WHO OUTPUNTED YALE ELEVEN



WILLIAM DEAN, JR.
West Point Military Academy star punter

RATIONAL GOLF

By JASON ROGERS

The following decisions from the rules of golf committee of St. Andrews may be of interest to American readers:

Cannock Chase Club—A and B played a match. At the second tee, A used a large quantity of sand to tee his ball, played, and only moved his ball one or two inches, so that it lay immediately in front of the sand tee. Is A entitled to remove the sand he used for a tee?

Answer—Yes. The sand used for a tee should be regarded as a loose impediment.

Penmaenmawr Club.—In a stroke competition, B was a single competitor. A played round with B and marked his card. At the end of the round A was observed arriving with a handkerchief of mushrooms in his hand. Some competitors raised the question of how much attention A could have given to B's play if he were at the same time looking for mushrooms. The committee investigated the case and found that at two places A sent his caddie to gather mushrooms, one spot being on the way to the sixth hole and the other just about the ninth tee, and that therefore there was no reason to think that A did not devote attention to B's play. There is no doubt that A was himself carrying the mushrooms on the last green. The committee desire to know whether the card should be allowed to stand.

Answer—As the committee in charge of the competition consider that A devoted his attention to B's play, there is no reason why the accuracy of the card should be questioned.

Herne Bay Ladies Club—A stroke competition was held Aug. 18. Aug. 15 the committee reduced A's handicap by one stroke. Aug. 16 the secretary notified A of the fact. The scoring card issued to A showed that A's handicap had not been reduced. On the completion of the round A found that her handicap had, by an oversight, not been changed on the official list in the clubhouse. Before starting A asked the secretary why the handicap on the card had been changed and was told that it was done by order of the committee. On the completion of the round A claimed that she had received no official notice in writing of the alteration of the handicap, and was entitled to return her card on the handicap shown by the list. Is this contention correct?

Answer—A was sufficiently informed of the change in her handicap and must play with the handicap marked on her card, as decided upon by the committee.

Longcliffe Club—In a stroke competition A's ball lay close to a hole, but instead of holing out A struck it away with his club to a spot some distance from the hole. A then picked up the ball, and claimed to be in order in replacing it under a penalty of two strokes at the spot near the hole from which he knocked it away. Was A right?

Answer—A is disqualified. In knocking the ball away from the hole A played a stroke, and should have played his next stroke from the spot where the ball then lay.

PRINCETON HAS HARD SCHEDULE FOR SOCCER TEAM

PRINCETON, N. J.—With the playing of the first of Princeton's soccer football schedule Saturday this department of the University's athletics is facing the heaviest season they have had in their career. During the season, which includes 15 games, the Tigers will meet such strong teams as Harvard, Yale, Columbia and Haverford.

Most of the team of last year have returned to college and are eligible for this year's aggregation. Only two men have been lost by graduation. Burnham Dell, who was highest scorer for the Tigers last year, will once more play one of the forward positions. Capt. J. C. Dawson has been reelected for the present season and will be of great assistance in the Princeton lineup this year. The first schedule is as follows:

Oct. 21, Bensonhurst at Princeton; 28, Brooklyn Boys' Club at Princeton.

Nov. 1, Central high school of Philadelphia at Princeton; 4, Harvard at Princeton; 7, Philadelphia Country Club at Princeton; 10, Columbia University at South Field, New York city; 15, Friends' Select school at Princeton; 18, Yale at New Haven; 22, Northeast Manual Training school of Philadelphia at Princeton; 25, Crescent Athletic Club at Bay Ridge.

Dec. 2, Montclair Athletic Club at Montclair; 6, Haverford school at Princeton; 9, Merion Country Club at Princeton; 13, University of Pennsylvania at Princeton; 16, Haverford College at Princeton.

BASEBALL PICKUPS

Manager Chance has started in early to lay plans to strengthen his pitching staff. Reports from Chicago say he is going to try left-handers more next year.

—ooo—

Some day the National and American league seasons will end so that the world's series can begin about the first of October. It will be a welcome change from the present system.

—ooo—

It was certainly a gracious act on the part of the Chicago American League players in raising money to buy Walsh an automobile. The big pitcher did more than any other player on the team to win the intercity series from the nationals and get fourth place in the American League standing.

SCHEDULES FOR THE INTERCLUB LEAGUE ARE OUT

Schedules for the nine teams of the Suburban Interclub Bowling League have just been announced by Secretary I. K. Bean. The teams in the league at the present time are Colonial of Dorchester, Dudley of Roxbury, Cottage Park Y. C. of Winthrop, Newtons, Oxford of Lynn, Review of Chelsea, South Boston Y. C., Winsor of Watertown, and the Winthrop Y. C. The schedules follow:

Oct. 31, Colonial at S. B. Y. C.; Newton at C. P. Y., Winsor at Dudley, Review at Oxford.

Nov. 6, C. P. Y. C. at Review, Oxford at Winsor; 7, Dudley at Newton; 8, W. Y. C. at Colonial; 14, Newton at Oxford, Review at W. Y. C., Colonial at C. P. Y. C., Winsor at S. B. Y. C.; 20, C. P. Y. C. at Oxford; 21, S. B. Y. C. at Newton, W. Y. C. at Winsor; Dudley at Review; 28, Winsor at Colonial, Oxford at S. B. Y. C., W. Y. C. at Newton, C. P. Y. C. at Dudley.

Dec. 4, Dudley at Oxford; 5, S. B. Y. C. at W. Y. C.; 6, Newton at Colonial, Review at Winsor; 12, C. P. Y. C. at Winsor; Dudley at S. B. Y., Oxford at W. Y. C., Colonial at Review; 18, Oxford at Colonial; 19, Review at Newton, W. Y. C. at Dudley, S. B. Y. C. at C. P. Y. C.

Jan. 2, Colonial at Dudley, Review at S. B. Y. C., C. P. Y. C. at W. Y. C., Newton at Winsor; 9, Dudley at Winsor, Oxford at Review, C. P. Y. C. at Newton; 10, S. P. Y. C. at Colonial; 16, Winsor at Oxford, Newton at Dudley, Colonial at W. Y. C., Review at C. P. Y. C.; 22, W. Y. C. at Review, C. P. Y. C. at Colonial; 23, Oxford at Colonial; 24, S. B. Y. C. at Winsor; 30, Newton at S. B. Y. C., Winsor at W. Y. C., Oxford at C. P. Y. C., Review at Dudley.

Feb. 6, Newton at W. Y. C., Dudley at C. P. Y. C., S. B. Y. C. at Oxford; 7, Colonial at Winsor; 13, Colonial at Newton, W. Y. C. at S. B. Y. C., Winsor at Review, Oxford at Dudley; 27, Winsor at C. P. Y. C., W. Y. C. at Oxford, Review at Colonial, S. B. Y. C. at Dudley.

March 4, Colonial at Oxford; 5, Newton at Review, Dudley at W. Y. C., C. P. Y. C. at S. B. Y. C.; 12, Dudley at Colonial, Newton at Winsor, S. B. Y. C. at Review, W. Y. C. at C. P. Y. C.

RABBI FLEISCHER SEES WORLD PEACE

Peace on earth must and will come despite the organized opposition of Christian nations, said Rabbi Charles Fleischer at the Second Universalist church on Sunday. Rabbi Fleischer was the guest of the Rev. Dr. Stephen H. Roblin and spoke on "Universalism."

Rabbi Fleischer said that the awakening of China is proof of the progressive triumph of political democracy and that universal peace must and will come because brotherhood and universalism will make war impossible.

EASTERN COLLEGES LOOKING FOR STRONG 1912 AQUATIC TEAMS

New Coaches and Much Promising Material Is Expected to Boom Swimming and Water Polo

YALE HOLDS TITLES

It is likely that 10 of the eastern colleges will have strong aquatic teams during the season of 1911-12. Yale, Pennsylvania, Princeton, City College of New York, Columbia, Cornell, Brown, Amherst and Williams are already gathering the material for their squads, and it is believed that Syracuse will also be in the field.

Interest in aquatic sports is increasing rapidly and everything points to a record year, for the candidates are more plentiful and of higher standard than ever before, and the teams so evenly matched that the fight for championship honors promises to be keen and close.

Yale, thanks to the capture of both the swimming and water polo pennants in 1911, is looked upon as the strongest contender for the next titles, and with Howe, Winslow, Borrows, Wilson, Carey, Summers, Kent, Fuller and several new men for her swimming team, and the veterans Harper, Ives, Matthiesen, Anderson, Ingraham and Merwin for water polo, she should be formidable. Still, the loss of Stoddart, her greatest point winner, and Gordy, the best all-round polo player of last season, may be felt more than anticipated, and Princeton with an exceptionally fine squad to draw from, and such a successful coach as Frank Sullivan to handle it, looks good.

The Tigers have candidates of championship caliber for every event. What with Gosnell, Greene, Smith, Orr, Mott, the two Cross boys, Robinson, Baker and Barnes for the sprints and middle distances; Barry for the plunge; Wight, Meyers, Brazelton and Dawson for fancy diving and Battles, Bartlett, Wight, Johnson, Platt, Smith, Lowe and Davidson for water polo, they show no weakness.

Pennsylvania will as usual have an efficient, well balanced aggregation to carry its colors, and it will be in the running to the end. Coach Kistler's men have never failed to show among the leaders. Of last year's teams there will be available the swimmers Schumacher, Borden, Jamieson, Guest, Herayt, Auerbacher, Graham, Anthony, Willis, Rouse and Berens, and the water polo players, Wright, Block, Walton, Bruce, Bacharac and Borden, while the graduating freshman class will yield much new talent.

The retaining of the Australian expert Norman Cox, to coach the Columbia winners, is expected to boom aquatics among wearers of the white and blue and as there is a wealth of promising material on hand it would not be surprising to see the teams gain once more the prominent position which they held a few years ago. Cox will find in Culman, Sutclie, Rogow, Gamet, Campbell, Clark, Bertrand, Lordley, Patterson, Peters, Edmunds and Defas a group of watermen that need only development to break into the championship ranks, and in Barker, Bissell, Rogow, Clark and Watson the nucleus of a water polo team second to none.

Coach Mackenzie of New York City College reports an unusually big squad of candidates and he believes that the teams will be a lot better than last year's though he has small hope of their defeating all others. He gives Coughlin, Fielding, Stern, Neussbaum, Phillips, Kemmerer, Berman, Israel and Steinhoff as his best swimmers and divers, and Levinson, Hookey, Rogers, Primson, Coughlin, Bischoff and Summerfield as the most promising polo players.

Cornell will be severely handicapped for the want of a professional instructor, but Captain Hamilton expects to make a better showing than last year with Fisher, Bauger, Maze, Maldiner, Kohn, Rudolph and Gervain, and Captain Carey is confident that with Sanderson, Maze, Maldiner and Austin to build the foundation of a water polo team the red and white sextet will not finish last.

These teams will form the intercollegiate association. The rumor will not down that Syracuse, Amherst and Brown will also apply for membership at the next meeting of the governing board, but as this rumor is of yearly occurrence, at this season, it will not do to take it too seriously. However, there is no telling. Delegations were sent to last year's annual gathering, so the unexpected may happen.

MILE SWIMMING CHAMPIONSHIP

LONDON—In recording the recent performance of Harry Taylor, who won the mile swimming championship, the time was announced as 23m. 35½s., a world's record for the distance. It was, however, subsequently ascertained that the distance he swam was 33 yards 2 1-3 feet short of a mile. Mr. Taylor was undoubtedly swimming in very fine form, and he has the fullest sympathy of those interested in the sport. Had Mr. Taylor completed the whole distance, that is the 33 yards in 27s., which was, as far as can be judged, about the pace he was swimming, he would have been one second outside Mr. Battersby's record of 24m. 1 2-5s., which is at present the world's record.

PRINCETON ENDS FALL BASEBALL PRACTISE WORK

Wealth of Promising Material on Hand for Both the Varsity and Freshman Nines of 1912

PRINCETON, N. J.—Princeton closed her fall baseball practise during the past week and for the first time in years the class championship was won by the freshman nine. The training was under the direction of Coach Clark, former manager of the Albany New York State league, who has been engaged to act as coach of the Tiger nines for the next three years. Clark coached the 1910 and 1911 teams which defeated Yale and Harvard.

The freshman championship this year was due largely to the pitching of R. E. Salmon, who mowed down the upper classes with great ease throughout the series. The freshman team offers some good material also in Hanks, Mercersburg Academy captain last year, and Peacock, Lawrenceville school baseball captain. Though none of these men are eligible for the varsity next spring, they will prove great additions in the three years following.

Next season's prospects in the baseball line here are quite rosy, enough veterans being left from last year to form a good nucleus for a first-class nine. Steve White and Woodle, the mainstays in the box last year, have both been lost by graduation, but Greenbaum, who worked in some of the games last year, will be a competent successor to these men. He has steadily improved since his freshman year and can shoulder the burden of all the work that Clark gives him. His assistants will be Rogers, a substitute last year, and Lear and Woods, of the 1914 team.

S. White, last year's captain, will be back again, either at third base or shortstop, Worthington again taking the alternating position, and Captain Sterrett will either take care of the backstop's work or officiate at first base. Taylor has shown steady improvement at backstop in the past two years and Wall and Carter, from last year's freshman team, will help to enliven the competition for this position. Shaw and Bolton will make a close run for the second back position, with the odds slightly in favor of the latter, who is a strong batter.

Roy Bard, who played on the varsity for three years, is the biggest loss in the outfield. Parker and Carter are back in college and will probably hold two of the outfield positions. The other position will probably be open until late in the season. There is a wealth of mediocre material, but no one stands out prominently. If a good batter should show up with moderate fielding ability it is possible that Clark would push him into right field.

BIG FOOTBALL TEAMS

Yale		Pennsylvania	
21—Wesleyan	0	5—Gettysburg	3
26—Holy Cross	0	14—F. & M.	0
12—Syracuse	0	9—Ursinus	0
33—Virginia P. I.	0	22—Villa Nova	3
0—West Point	6	0—Brown	6
92	6	50	9
Harvard		Williams	
15—Bates	0	0—Rensselaer	0
8—Holy Cross	0	3—Springfield T.S.	6
18—Williams	0	0—Harvard	18
11—Amherst	0	5—Dartmouth	23
52	0	3	47
Princeton		Dartmouth	
37—Stevens	0	18—Norwich	3
37—Rutgers	0	22—Mass. A. C.	0
31—Villa Nova	0	23—Bowdoin	0
6—Lehigh	6	12—Colby	0
31—Colgate	0	6—Holy Cross	0
0—Annapolis	0	23—Williams	5
142	6	114	8
Brown		Cornell	
56—N. H. State	0	35—Allegheny	0
12—R. I. State	0	0—Colgate	0
26—Mass. A. C.	0	15—Oberlin	3
33—Bowdoin	0	0—Penn State	5
6—Pennsylvania	0	6—W. & J.	0
133	0	62	8
Amherst		Syracuse	
3—Springfield T.S.	0	6—Hobart	0
0—Wesleyan	0	0—Yale	12
0—Trinity	13	6—Rochester	5
0—Harvard	11	0—Lafayette	10
3	24	18	27
West Point		Minnesota	
12—Vermont	0	5—Ames	0
18—Rutgers	0	5—So. Dakota	0
6—Yale	0	21—Nebraska	3
36	0	31	3
Annapolis		Indiana	
27—Jns Hopkins	5	0—Depauw	6
21—St. John	0	6—Chicago	23
16—W. & J.	0	42—Franklin	0
0—Princeton	0	0—Northwestern	5
64	5	57	34
Michigan		Chicago	
24—Case	0	23—Indiana	6
15—Mich. A. C.	3	11—Purdue	3
19—Ohio State	0	24—Illinois	0
58	3	58	9
Illinois		Purdue	
31—Milliken	0	0—Wabash	3
9—St. Louis	0	3—Chicago	11
0—Chicago	24		
40	24	3	14

M'DONALD MAKES NEW RECORD

NEW YORK—The final athletic meet out of doors took place yesterday at Celtic park under the auspices of the Irish American A. C. McDonald, the giant weight tosser, made a new record with the 24-pound shot when he hurled it a distance of 38ft. 10 11-16in. and doubtless this will supplant the old mark of 38ft. 2¾in. made by Ralph Rose at Madison Square Garden seven years ago.

GOVERNOR DONAGHEY WILL RUN

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Gov. George W. Donaghey has announced his candidacy for a third term, giving as his reason the unsatisfactory conditions in the state. Congressman Joseph T. Robinson and Attorney-General Hall Norwood will oppose Governor Donaghey for the Democratic nomination.

CAVALRYMEN OF FIVE NATIONS TO COMPETE AT N. Y.

Holland Enters Team for the Horse Show — English, French and Canadian Teams Assured

NEW YORK—Three of Queen Wilhelmina's expert cavalrymen, the flower of the Dutch army, are coming to New York to take part in the twenty-seventh annual horse show at Madison Square Garden next month and will bring with them some of the finest hurdlers on the continent, cabled information to this effect having been received by Secretary Hyde of the Horse Show Association from The Hague.

The Holland team will be headed by Baron H. F. van Voorst, a first lieutenant in the royal Dutch hussars. He will be accompanied by First Lieutenant Coblyn, also of the royal Dutch hussars, and First Lieut. C. H. Labouchere, all three of the officers being from Haarlem, Holland.

The baron has entered his bay mare, Ada Gravin, the blue ribbon jumper of Holland, for the competition here, while Lieut. Labouchere's string includes Dreadnought and Perhaps, both having taken first prizes at The Hague and Olympia horse shows. The horses will be shipped from Rotterdam Nov. 4 via the Holland-American line, and the officers will sail a few days later.

Capt. Commandant V. M. ...er of the twenty-sixth dragoons, Dijon, France, and Lieut. J. P. Bessiere of the fourth division of cavalry, Steney, France, have nominated four jumpers in the military classes and have asked the French authorities for a leave of absence, which has been temporarily delayed on account of the unrest in Europe. However, a French representation at the show is practically assured.

Officials of the association are daily expecting to receive the entries of the Belgian officers, so it is quite probable that the soldier-horsemen of five nations will compete against United States cavalrymen next month, the visitors being from England, Holland, Belgium, France and Canada.

SIDELINE NOTES

For the first time in history West Point has won two successive years from Yale. The Cadets are doing better against the Blue than any of the colleges.

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Colby opened the Maine state football championship series with a victory over Bates. Bowdoin and the University of Maine are yet to be heard from.

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The Crimson appears to have a coming halfback in young Reynolds, the former Phillips Andover player. He is a fast runner and brilliant dodger.

TWELVE TRYING CROSS-COUNTRY

MADISON, Wis.—The long and steady work which Coach Wilson has been giving to prospective University of Wisconsin cross-country men, has caused the number of aspirants to dwindle to 12. For two weeks a daily run of two miles was the coach's instructions, but beginning now this is lengthened to five miles.

Only two of the 12 men have had any previous cross-country work. These are Captain Cleveland and Deiter, '12 and '13, respectively. The other men are Perry '14, Bradish '14, White '14, Seaton '13, Moody '14, C. Bradish '13, Littlefield '14, Healy '14, Peter '14 and Graf 14.

FOOTBALL RESULTS

Annapolis 0, Princeton 0.
Ames 6, Missouri 3.
Brown 6, Pennsylvania 0.
Cornell 6, Washington and Jefferson 0.
Clemson 14, Howard 0.
Colby 14, Bates 0.
Carlisle 17, Pittsburgh 0.
Case school 26, Kenyon 3.
Chicago 24, Illinois 0.
Dartmouth 23, Williams 5.
Denver 3, Baker 0.
Earlham 9, Rose P. I. 0.
Georgetown 55, Richmond 0.
Georgia 12, Sewanee 3.
Georgia Tech. 17, Mercer 0.
Hiram 23, Buchtell 0.
Harvard 11, Amherst 0.
Holy Cross 0, Massachusetts Aggies 0.
Harvard 1913 21, Phillips Andover 0.
Johns Hopkins U. 6, Maryland A. C. 3.
Kansas 6, Kansas A. C. 0.
Lafayette 10, Syracuse 0.
Lehigh 5, Ursinus 0.
Maine 17, Vermont 0.
Mount Union 23, Allegheny 0.
Minnesota 21, Nebraska 3.
Michigan 19, Ohio State 0.
N. Y. University 0, R. I. State 0.
N. H. State 12, Boston College 0.
North Carolina 5, Davidson 0.
Northwestern 5, Indiana 0.
Notre Dame 27, Butler 0.
Ohio Wesleyan 7, Western Reserve 0.
Oberlin 9, Denison 0.
Penn State 18, Villanova 0.
Rochester 12, Hamilton 6.
Rensselaer 5, Hobart 0.
Rutgers 6, Union 0.
South Carolina 6, Florida 6.
St. Lawrence 46, Middlebury 0.
Springfield T. S. 15, Worcester I. 3.
St. Louis 0, Deapuw 0.
Swarthmore 16, Stevens Institute 0.
Texas A. and M. 15, Auburn 0.
Trinity 9, Colgate 0.
Vanderbilt 45, Central of Kentucky 0.
Virginia 6, St. John's 0.
West Point 6, Yale 0.
Wesleyan 10, Tufts 0.
Wisconsin 25, Colorado 0.
Yale 1915 12, Phillips Exeter 12.

HARVARD RIFLE MEET

A match between the Harvard varsity and freshman rifle teams will be held next Wednesday night. The following men have been picked for the teams: University: Carver, Gosse, Harris, Nolan, O'Keefe, Wade, Wiswell, Von Wedelstaedt; 1915: Bullock, Capper, Elliott, French, Grieder, Keyes, Townsend. These teams are merely temporary. Practise is being held today.

TUFTS ATHLETICS ARE BEING PLACED ON A FIRMER BASIS

Work of Coach J. C. W. Tobin for Football Team Has Resulted in Great Increase in Interest

FINANCES BETTER

MEDFORD, Mass.—Coach J. C. W. Tobin has made good at Tufts College, not only in regard to football proper and the football team, but also in arousing among the students a lively college spirit of support for the team. There is no doubt that he has made good with the team itself. Starting the season with only three veterans, he has developed freshmen and second team men to fill the vacancies and turned out the best team that has represented the brown and blue for several years.

Coach Tobin has put football at Tufts on some sort of a systematic basis. He requires each man to report every night unless previously excused and no longer is it possible for a man to take every other afternoon off and still make the team, no matter if he is the best man on the squad.

On the other hand, a series of football mass meetings are being held Friday evenings before the games, largely on Tobin's initiative. He is always a speaker on these occasions. As a result Tufts has had a big cheering section at all the games and every Friday afternoon the team has been shown that the college is behind it by a mass meeting on the football field where the students cheer and sing during the entire practise.

Football at Tufts has certainly taken on a new phase this year. The new scheme of adding $5 to the college tuition expenses of each student for the support of college athletics has put the finances on a sound basis and the games which have been played so far this year have attracted larger crowds than for years, with correspondingly larger receipts.

The plan of having a coach who has had experience in coaching is to be continued in baseball. The athletic advisory board has under consideration and will probably announce a contract this week with a rather well-known college coach for the baseball team. Coach Tobin is under contract for three years and it is expected that he will develop in that time a most effective coaching system.

With baseball and football so well taken care of, the athletic board has but one problem on its hands. On account of the dropping of basketball at Tufts, there is no recognized winter sport which offers a chance to the students to enter in competitive games. The board is debating between hockey and track as the substitute for basketball and an announcement in regard to this matter is expected as soon as the football schedule is completed.

ATHLETIC NOTES

The Harvard soccer team played a tie game with Springfield Training School, Saturday, the final score being 2 each.

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Efforts are being made to increase interest in golf at Columbia University. A fall tournament is to be held, 18 students having entered it.

—ooo—

H. B. Heyburn of the Philadelphia Cricket Club won the golf championship of Pennsylvania, Saturday, defeating W. D. Thompson of the Huntington Valley Country Club in the final round, 3 and 2.

—ooo—

Coach Rice of the Columbia University crews is trying an innovation in fall coaching this year. He has not called out any of the veterans left from last year and will not have them begin training until the second term begins.

—ooo—

Cornell expects to make a strong showing in the Triangular College Chess League this winter. F. K. Perkins is president of the College Club and C. E. Simonson, a veteran player, is again eligible.

CALLAHAN MAY MANAGE CHICAGO

CHICAGO—That J. J. Callahan will manage the Chicago Americans next year and that Hugh Duffy, the present manager, will go to Des Moines to run the Western League club for Comiskey, is the rumor here today. It is said that the Des Moines team will be a training school for the Chicago recruits.

UNIVERSALISTS END CONVENTION--READY TO BEGIN NEW WORK

(Continued from page one)

service, adopted at the sessions, are their aims.

The convention was formally brought to a close yesterday in St. Pauls church.

The Rev. Dr. George L. Perin of Brookline, who is president of the Franklin Square house in Boston, was one of the speakers. His subject was "An Available God" and his address was commented on by the delegates as being one of the most forceful and significant delivered during the sessions.

The delegates heard the "occasional sermon," which was preached by the new president of the convention, the Rev. Dr. Marion D. Shutter of Minneapolis, Minn.

Dr. Shutter took as his subject for the "occasional sermon" "The Gospel of the Kingdom." The sermon defined the lines of the progressive issues adopted by the church. It summarized in detail the Universalist conception of the gospel of the kingdom.

In the evening the Rev. T. E. Poterton of Brooklyn, the Rev. James F. Albion of Maine, and Dr. Perin were the principal speakers.

Dr. Perin's Address

Dr. Perin said:

I have often been puzzled and sometimes dismayed at what seemed to me a lack of spiritual power in the Universalist church. I have been the more puzzled because when I have read the early history of our church I have been greatly impressed by the apparent signs of reality and vitality in our early preachers and in the results of their preaching. But if I am to be perfectly frank, I am bound to say that that preaching is largely a spent force save as its results may be still traced in self-perpetuating institutions and organizations. Of course I do not mean that there are among us no vital preachers, much less do I mean that there are among us no able preachers; but what I do mean is that our church as a whole is not gripped nor swayed nor thrilled by any great dominating message. In other words, we have lost our message.

Our fathers had perhaps the noblest message ever communicated to a troubled world. Not only so, but they gave it to the world at that opportune moment when Calvinism rested like a pall of darkness upon the hearts of men, and they directed it to the issues of the hour. Theoretically their message is still ours; practically we have lost it. We have lost it perhaps partly in certain sections, and those sections where we are strongest for the same reason that Garrison lost his—by winning our case—and lacked the genius for pioneering. By this I mean that we have lacked the genius either to carry the old message to a new people or to make pioneer applications of the old message to new issues.

Let us then face the question. What is most vital in a universal message for a troubled world? Whatever else it may include, it must at least include this:

1. A God who knows.
2. A God who can.
3. A God who cares.
4. A God who is available to all his children all the time.

I cannot even imagine a dying church with a message like that. I cannot conceive of a preacher with such a message who must not inevitably become a prophet. How much of that message ever did belong to the Universalist church? I answer, just three quarters of it, no more. How much of it now belongs to the Universalist church, I wonder?

Universalists in common with all other Christians proclaimed a God who knows. But if they had done no more than this, they had only proclaimed a gospel of despair. God's omniscience may be a terror, driving men to madness, or it may be a comfort, drawing them like children to a Father's arms. Job's exclamation, "His eyes are upon the ways of man, and he seeth all his goings," may be either a nightmare haunting the imaginations of men who in all the universe can find no little corner or place where they can escape the fiery eyes of an infinite detective, or it may be a city of refuge to which they may run for protection in all the misunderstandings of life.

From the Psalmist

When the psalmist said, "He that planted the ear, shall he not hear? He that formed the eye, shall he not see? He that teacheth man knowledge, shall he not know?" he was reasoning like a philosopher or a mathematician. Standing alone, his words glitter like steel and penetrate the soul like a blade. In other words, the omniscience of God may be a hell or a heaven. The old omniscience of Calvinism was a hell. It was the province and the glory of Universalism to transform it into a paradise. It threw athwart the gloomy pathway of a troubled world the light of omniscience touched with love, declaring with Job, "He knoweth the way that I take; when He hath tried me, I shall come forth as gold," and with the psalmist, "When my spirit was overwhelmed within me, then thou knowest my path." "He knoweth our frame, he remembereth that we are dust." It spoke to men in the anguish of their own follies in the language of the apostle John, "If our heart condemn us, God is greater than our heart, and knoweth all things."

This was the new omniscience of Universalism. But mark this, it spoke to the issue of that hour only, which was the issue of a far off destiny. On that issue it spoke like a prophet, it spoke gloriously, it spoke victoriously. But splendid as that message was, who dare say that it is our message unless we have the genius on the one side to carry it into regions where the issue is still a live one, and on the other to make application of it to all the varied and manifold needs of our common life. What I fear is that we are doing the latter scarcely at all. If we could even assume that the old issue is dead everywhere, which it is not, still the message remains, not to be used in controversy with an obsolete theology, but in daily communication with remorse-burdened, sorrow-stricken, blinded, doubting, troubled human souls.

The world needs a God who knows—not for the sake of a far-off destiny, but for the sake of throwing some light into the doubt of today, the sorrows of tomorrow, and the darkness of every day. It is good for every man to feel that when he sets out upon the journey of life whose spiritual ways are uncharted, he does not go alone, but walks beside one who knows, not only the road, but his own weakness and timidity, and will be his daily guide over all the rugged paths and dangerous roads. Who can doubt that one with this old message and the genius and faith to apply it face to face and man to man would be hailed everywhere as a prophet?

In the second place, Universalism proclaimed a God who can. In other words, it believes in a cure for every form of sin, and for all the sin of the world. It does not believe in a defeated God. It is a victorious gospel. One cannot help feeling sorry for the God of some people. He is a kind-hearted, benevolent God, who means well, but his world is too big. It has gotten away from him and is going to ruin at breack-neck speed. When I contemplate such a God I can only think of a picture I saw once, representing a long reach of railroad track, a wild engine speeding away in the distance, while the frightened engineer, bareheaded, and with hair standing on end, was leaning far out of the cab, calling wildly to the amazed footman by the way to stop the engine.

So we sometimes have a picture of the great Infinite God, having set in motion a mighty system of moral machinery, involving the hopes and the lives of untold multitudes of souls, and permitting it to pass so entirely from his control that he can only stand dismayed and see it work on to certain ruin. Surely here, if ever, one is justified in using the phrase, "Poor God." He is good, He is kind, He had a benevolent purpose, He meant well, He conceived grandly, He built in a large way, but His world is too big. He cannot control it. "Poor God."

How much finer the sentiment of Chauncy Hare Townsend when he said, "Give evil but an end, and all is clear. Make it eternal, and all things are obscured, and all that we have thought, felt, wept, endured—worthless. We feel that even if our own tears were wiped away forever, no true cheer could to our yearning bosoms be secured, while we felt that sin or sorrow clung uncured to any being we on earth held dear. Oh, much doth life, the sweet solution, want of all made blest in far futurity. Heaven needs it, too. Our bosoms yearn and pant, rather indeed our God to justify than our own selves. Oh, why then drop the key that turns discordant worlds to harmony?"

Universalism does not drop the key. It believes in a cure for every form of sin and for all the sin of the world. The race is fighting a hard battle, but it is not a losing battle. Every man is invited to toil, often with bitterness and anguish. He must toil on through tribulation, through temporary disappointment and defeat, but really to final victory. Jesus himself leads the way. The strength of the Almighty arm is pledged to final success! Man is not working alone. God is with him. This is God's world. And he is not a poor, puny God, with ambition outrunning his power. Here is wealth of divine influence. Here is almighty purpose and energy. Here is final conquest.

Far Off Destiny

But here again the issue with our fathers was that of a far off destiny. To be sure, even with that limitation it was a glorious message. It was a magnificent vindication of the government of God. But how is it with us today? Has it made a race of prophets? Has it built up a great missionary body of men and women ready to carry the torch into dark continents? Has it strengthened our arms for the great moral reforms of the world? We have said, as a platitude, that "one with God is a majority," but has any one of us ever shown by our actions that we believed it?

We have declared our faith in a cure for every form of sin and for all the sin of the world. But has it developed even one prophet to the poor despairing heathen of our city slums? It contains all the elements of a splendid message. But have we ever spoken it to the drunkard with our arms around him? Have we spoken it to the man who has fallen a hundred times with the assurance that would help him to stagger to his feet and try once more? In short, is it our message today to the people of this world in this world?

Or have we taken the magnificent prophecy of our fathers, and allowed it to degenerate into a paralyzing platitude which has no meaning to the man in whose heart still burn the fires of hades?

Once more, Universalism found in the Gospels a Father for everybody. In all the world, it found not a single orphan. The sorrowing are everywhere. The thoughtless, the depraved, debauched, the ignorant, the wretched, the sinful, are everywhere. But nowhere an orphan. Whether in the jungles of Africa, the plains of Syria, the crowded cities of China, or amid the civilizations of Europe and America, the great Infinite Father Spirit broods over the spirits of men. Man may forget the Father, but He does not forget them. Into whatever desert, across whatever rugged mountains, into whatever valley of sin, whatever slough of despond, whatever depth of despair, He follows them, wraps them about as with the garment of his love and whispers into their timid ears the sweet assurance: "Lo, I am with you alway, even unto the end of the world."

There came to my office at the Every-Day church one day an old lady with white hair, starved features and tottering steps, leaning heavily upon a cane. There was a scared, timid look in her careworn face as she sank heavily into a chair and told me her pathetic story. It was very simple. An utterly debauched and worthless son, who for 30 years had brought nothing but sorrow to the heart of his mother, had been arrested for an assault from which his victim had died. He was lying in jail awaiting trial. The bruised heart of the old mother yearned for her boy, for he was still a boy to her, and she begged me to loan her 10 cents with which to ride to and from the jail.

In a moment of indignation at what seemed to me outraged affection, I asked "Why do you not leave him alone? He does not care for you." Her eyes filled afresh with tears, and her head sunk lower, as she answered with infinite tenderness, "No, I know he does not care for me, but I care for him, and he cannot have a mother long." Then, if I could, I would have given her a trip across the continent to see her boy.

Ah, what would the world do if it were not for mothers like this? With such a vision before us, how gladly we join in the familiar lines:

"Blessings on the hand of woman!
Angels guard her strength and grace;
In the cottage, palace, hovel—
O! no matter where the place. . . .

"All true trophies of the ages
Are from mother love impearled;
For the hand that rocks the cradle
Is the hand that rocks the world."

What indeed would the world do if it were not for mothers like this? But there is a God like this. There is one who will be a Father when all the mothers are dead. There is a Father for all the desolate and all the outcast.

Universalism was born of faith in the same God that was typified in the sweet story of old where the father went out to meet the recreant but returning son. Ah, here was the sweet message of our fathers in their struggle with Calvinism. Little wonder that they were a race of prophets, for they had a prophet's message. Little wonder that like the prophets of old the common people heard them gladly—they had a message for common people.

Calvinism may indeed be dead, but are God's children dead that they no longer need His healing power in sickness, His guiding hand by day, and His consoling voice at night?

Is it necessary to orphan men on earth that they may be restored to their own in heaven?

Why did we not 50 years ago, why do we not now leap into the prophet's leadership by seizing this prophet's faith and adapting it to the needs of the troubled world?

Our fathers had in fact and we have in theory three quarters of an adequate message. But neither they nor we have been ready to take the daring leap of faith which would enable us to fearlessly preach the gospel found in our fourth proposition, "A God who is available to all his children all the time."

Our fathers fought a glorious fight in their proclamation of the gospel of a God who knows, a God who can, and a God who cares—in other words, of an ultimately victorious God. But as a practical power, a living vital gospel for a troubled world, it is not enough. We are vastly more concerned with what is possible today and tomorrow than with what is possible in some far off eternity. I dare to say that the remorse-burdened drunkard struggling with the demon of his own thirst is vastly more concerned with the question of whether there is any available power in the universe for his immediate deliverance than he is with the question of what God is likely to do with him when his body has been buried in a drunkard's grave.

Present Help

No doubt the sick man is glad to know that he will not be eternally damned, but he will hail as a prophet the man who will assure him that there is some available healing power for him now.

The poor and weak and oppressed want not a God who did speak or shall speak, but a God who does speak. The poor despairing, failing, sinning, suffering human beings of this troubled world need not so much a God who will care for them in some paradise beyond the skies as they need a Father who does care for them now in this vale of tears. What the world needs is not so much the dream of a far off hope, but a living faith like that of him who said "The Lord is my shepherd." "Surely goodness and mercy shall follow me all the days of my life." "The Lord is my refuge and my strength, a very present help in time of trouble." "I cried out in my distress and the Lord heard me."

Have we any such faith as this? So far as I can see we have not, and wanting the faith we lack the message. The heart-hungry are still with us, but lacking bread we give them a stone. We answer men with an eternal "if." He can heal your diseases if they are not organic. He can cure your sin if it is not mortal. He can quench the fires of hell that are burning in your blood if they have not been burning too long. Is it any wonder that men have turned away from a God who has lost touch with His world and seek refuge in quack medicines and social nostrums? Is it any wonder that they have turned their backs upon a church that cannot relight the fires of its own primitive faith? What is the trouble with us? Is it not that we have been bluffed by the pretensions of modern science and allowed ourselves to be shunted from the highway of Christian faith on to some side tracks of alleged Christian endeavor that runs no whither, and has behind it no propulsive power?

Yes, that is what we have done by way of illustration, but our fundamental mistake is that we have missed the heart of the gospel, by misconceiving the aim of Jesus, viz., to establish the kingdom of God on earth and misconceiving that we have, instead of following the natural corollaries of our faith made the same mistake that was made by our ancient Calvinistic foe. We have had our eyes upon the heavens where we do not need God and lost sight of the earth where we do need him. But unlike our ancient foe, we have entertained the hospitable dream of a far off paradise for all, while the fires of an earthly hell have roared round our troubled feet.

Is there any way out? Is there any hope for our church? Yes, if we can win back the message we have lost. Yes, if we can relight the fires of our own legitimate faith. But it will not avail to begin with a sneer at the philosophical vagaries of a church that has found an available God and is preaching the message which ought to have been ours by the right of inheritance. No sneer ever made a heart glad.

Criticism and Faith

No criticism ever took the place of faith in making a sick man well or a sinful man whole.

In every corner of the earth, men fail in business; in every village and hamlet men are sick, in every household men are sorrowing, on every highway, men are feeling the sting of an entered old age, in every jail men are overwhelmed by the burden of remorse and the consciousness of moral failure, in every workshop men are toiling under a sense of injustice, on every street men are fighting the demons of passion and appetite. What do they all need? I answer, they need hope. Not the temperamental hope born of cheerful ancestors, but they need a great, wide, deep, enduring hope born of the consciousness of an available God. O, where is the prophet to tell them that in God's economy no failure is ever final, that this is God's world, always was, is now, and always will be. God's world with the owner at home! Browning's gospel corrected to fit the faith of Jesus! Not

"God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world," but
"God's in His earth,
All's right with the world."

Whittier's gospel applied to human need!

"Before me even as behind,
God is and all is well!"

I end as I began. An adequate message must be born out of a living faith in a God who knows, a God who can, a God who cares, and a God who is available to all his children all the time.

"Why should I wait for evening star,
Why should I wait to cross the bar,
And death's dissolving hand to trace
The outlines of my Pilot's face?

"Must my frail bark be driven and tossed
By winds and waves—be wrecked and lost
Upon life's strange and storm-swept sea
Because my Pilot's far from me?

"No, not alone my way I trace;
Each wave gives back my Pilot's face;
To every sin and fear and ill,
To every storm he says, 'Be still.'

"I need no longer vex my soul
With longings for that distant goal;
My Pilot sitteth at the prow,
And heaven's within, and here, and now."

EPISCOPALIANS TO HOLD CONFERENCE

Episcopal churches of Dorchester and some in other districts will open a missionary conference at Ashmont on Nov. 5. The sessions will be in All Saints' church, Peabody square, and will continue through Nov. 10.

The Rt. Rev. Arthur Selden Lloyd, president of the board of missions, will conduct the conference. Bishop Lloyd, who is a Virginian, was made president of the board because he was the leading missionary of his church in the United States.

RESUME TRIAL OF M'NAMARA

LOS ANGELES—With a ruling by Judge Bordwell on the eligibility of the three talesmen who were challenged for cause by the prosecution at last Friday's session, the trial of James B. McNamara, charged with connection with the destruction of the Los Angeles Times plant, went forward today on its second stage.

The ruling of the court on the talesmen in question, it was expected, would be followed by the filling up of the jury box from the list of waiting veniremen.

REPUBLICANS PLAN TO REDOUBLE WORK IN LAST CAMPAIGN DAYS

(Continued from page one)

ern, 5:15 p. m.; Marblehead, soldiers' monument, 6 p. m.

This week's supplementary rallies as given out at the Republican state headquarters is as follows:

MONDAY

Andover—Town hall, Robert Luce, John M. Cole, Congressman David J. Foster of Vermont.

East Boston—Ward room, Ward 2, A. P. Langtry, E. Mark Sullivan, William E. Weeks, L. A. Frothingham.

Chelsea—G. A. R. hall, James M. Cavanaugh, Alexander McGregor, Congressman Charles F. Scott of Kansas, L. A. Frothingham.

Winchester—Wadsworth hall, W. F. Fredericks, Alexander McGregor, Congressman John M. Weeks, L. A. Frothingham.

Waltham—Young Men's Republican Club, John L. Barnes, J. Fred Daggett.

Salem—Franklin Associates, Charles L. Underhill.

TUESDAY

Arlington—Town hall, Congressman David J. Foster, Joseph Walker, L. A. Frothingham.

Foxboro—Town hall, Robert Luce, Congressman Weeks, C. H. Pearson, William E. Weeks.

Woburn—Music hall, L. A. Frothingham, Joseph Walker, Guy A. Hall.

South Framingham—Odd Fellows hall, J. Mitchel Galvin, F. J. Daggett, J. F. Cavanaugh.

Wrentham—Town hall, Congressman Weeks, Robert Luce, William S. Kinney, C. H. Pearson.

Franklin—Opera house, Congressman J. W. Weeks, E. M. Sullivan, C. H. Pearson, Robert Luce.

WEDNESDAY

Ware—Robert Luce, Congressman Foster, Joseph Lussier.

Wellesley—Town hall, L. A. Frothingham, Congressman Weeks, G. H. Pearson, Congressman Scott.

South Medford—Young Men's Republican Club, J. M. Cavanagh, C. H. Brown, local candidates.

Waltham—Hovey hall, Allen T. Treadway, Congressman George P. Lawrence, E. A. Stevens, L. A. Frothingham.

Boston—American house, Lincoln Club smoker; L. A. Frothingham, Samuel J. Elder, Congressman Scott, G. A. Ham.

THURSDAY

Ayer—Town hall, Frank P. Bennett, Jr., G. D. Cushing, Herbert E. Fletcher.

Worcester—South Worcester high school hall, E. A. Stevens, C. A. Cavanaugh.

Gardner—Theater, Robert Luce, C. F. Scott, Joseph Walker.

Harwich—L. A. Frothingham, A. P. Langtry, William A. Morse, Congressman R. O. Harris.

Hyannis—William A. Morse, Congressman R. O. Harris, A. P. Langtry, L. A. Frothingham.

FRIDAY

Amesbury—Town hall, C. F. Scott, C. A. Cavanaugh, Robert Luce.

Lawrence—City hall, L. A. Frothingham, E. M. Sullivan, Congressman W. S. Greene. D. J. Foster.

Haverhill—City hall, Robert Luce, L. A. Frothingham, G. A. Ham, D. J. Foster.

Provincetown—A. P. Langtry, J. M. Swift, Joseph Walker, William A. Morse, Congressman Harris.

Newburyport—City hall, C. F. Scott, C. A. Cavanaugh, Robert Luce and local candidates.

Attleboro—Co. C armory, Charles L. Underhill and local candidates.

New Bedford—Sharpshooters hall, Washington Club, Congressman Lawrence, Allen T. Treadway, J. Bernard Ferber and local candidates.

SATURDAY

Athol—Opera house, Elmer A. Stevens, Congressman E. W. Roberts, C. F. Scott.

Greenfield—Washington hall, Robert Luce, Joseph Walker and local candidates.

Marlboro—Preston hall, George P. Lawrence, Mayor E. A. Walker of Waltham, L. A. Frothingham.

Boston—American house 1 p. m., Republican candidates for House of Representatives.

Falmouth—A. P. Langtry, G. A. Ham, Congressman R. O. Harris, James M. Swift.

Boston—American house 1 p. m., Essex, Norfolk and Plymouth Clubs, Congressman Foster, L. A. Frothingham.

LINER PARISIAN HERE ON LAST TRIP OF SEASON

On her last trip to Boston this season, the Allan liner Parisian, Capt. William P. Hains, reached her berth at Mystic wharf, Charlestown, today from Glasgow and Moville. She brought 147 cabin and 102 steerage passengers and about 1100 tons of general merchandise. Upon her return to Scotland she will lay up for the winter. The steamer reached quarantine at 3 p. m. Sunday, but had to remain until this morning.

Among the cabin passengers on board was Mrs. Hugh Cairns of Cambridge, wife of the sculptor. With her were Miss Bellea Cairns and Fred H. Cairns, all having been on a tour through Scotland. Dr. Douglas Thom, a student of the University of Vermont, who has been studying in London, was also a passenger. Others were: Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Dunn of Concord, Mass., Miss May Hanaford of Cambridge, Miss E. Kane of Boston and Miss E. M'Nicoll, also of Boston.

An Invitation

MR. FOSS is respectfully invited to interview, personally, every shoe manufacturer in Massachusetts and then report honestly just how many of the entire number fail to concur with John S. Kent, President of the Brockton Shoe Manufacturers' Association, who said in a recent published interview:

"As at present managed, the United Company is entirely fair to the shoe manufacturers of the country. The Company uses all exactly alike and the policy pursued IS A DIRECT PREVENTATIVE OF MONOPOLY IN SHOE MANUFACTURING and is an encouragement to the small manufacturer to go into business.

"It seems to me that opposition to the machinery company comes largely from parties who are disgruntled for personal reasons. The few who start the opposition movement are men, as a rule, who have been turned down by the Company on some inside agreement which they desire in order to give them an advantage over their rivals. And BECAUSE THE COMPANY TREATS EVERY MANUFACTURER, LARGE AND SMALL, EXACTLY ALIKE THEY OPPOSE IT and political pressure is brought to bear to interrupt and discommode business."

UNITED SHOE MACHINERY CO.—Louis A. Coolidge, Treas.

GOV. FOSS AND OTHER CANDIDATES ON TOUR OF BERKSHIRE TOWNS

Governor Foss began his third automobile trip through the western part of the state today when he left Great Barrington with David I. Walsh and other candidates on the state ticket for a visit to the various towns in Berkshire county. Today's trip will conclude with a rally at Pittsfield.

The declarations of the Governor and Mr. Walsh with regard to the dividends of the Farr Alpaca Company at Holyoke and the methods of the United Shoe Machinery Company in dealing with foreign trade, have aroused Republican campaigners and efforts are being made to discredit the declarations of both the Democratic leaders.

Fred Metcalf, treasurer of the Farr company, has declared his willingness to post the sum of $5000, to be forfeited by him to a charitable institution if Mr. Walsh can prove the declaration it is alleged he made, to the effect that the company is paying $576 annually on every one dollar of the capital stock of the company paid in.

In his reply to this, sent by Mr. Walsh today, he cites the American Wool and Cotton Reporter, published by Frank P. Bennett of Saugus, as the authority for his information regarding the financial history of the Farr company.

In a letter sent to Mr. Metcalf, regarding the latter's statement, he says: "Neither I nor any one else so far as I know ever made the statement that you ascribe to us. The information given by Senator Bennett's journal, on which my statement was based, was that the Farr Alpaca Company is paying annually in regular dividends $576 for every $100 in cash capital ever paid in."

Governor Talks on Tariff

From a Democratic standpoint the opening of the Boston campaign Saturday evening at Tremont temple was a success, several thousand people gathering to listen and applaud the speakers.

Governor Foss confined his address almost entirely to the tariff issue and Sherman L. Whipple, who presided, dealt with national issues. George W. Anderson, candidate for attorney-general, made an attack on the United Shoe Machinery Company, while Mayor Fitzgerald, James H. Vahey, Congressmen Curley, Peters and Murray and the other members of the state ticket talked on the more local state issues.

Rallies Arranged

The following Democratic rallies throughout the state are scheduled for tonight:

Brockton, Easton and Taunton—Brockton at Orpheum theater, Easton at Ames Memorial hall, Taunton at Odd Fellows hall. To be taken care of by speakers headed by Mayor John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, Congressman Andrew J. Peters and Representative M. J. Reidy.

Attleboro, North Attleboro and Mansfield—Attleboro at Armory hall, North Attleboro at Badaracco hall and Mansfield at town hall. Speakers headed by James H. Vahey, Congressman John Alden Thayer and John T. Moriarty of Springfield.

Southbridge and Webster — Southbridge at town hall, Webster at Music hall. Speakers headed by former Congressman John R. Thayer, District Attorney Joseph C. Pelletier, former Representative Thomas P. Riley and Daniel H. Driscoll of Rockland.

Stoughton, Sharon and Randolph—At the respective town halls. Speakers headed by Joseph McConnell of Boston, Representative David M. Murray of Hyde Park, M. F. Kennedy of Natick and Francis X. Carroll of Boston.

Salem, Danvers and Peabody—Salem at Now and Then hall, Danvers at town hall, Peabody at town hall. Speakers headed by Congressman William F. Murray, former Representative William H. O'Brien and Roscoe E. Walsworth of the Direct Legislation League.

Framingham and Milford—Framingham at Union hall, Milford at town hall. Speakers headed by Owen Cunningham, former Representative Timothy F. Callahan of Boston.

UNITARIANS TO TAKE UP PEACE QUESTION AT THEIR MEETING

WASHINGTON—Before the twenty-fourth national conference of the Unitarian church, which convened here today, has closed its sessions on Thursday, it is expected that more than 1500 clergymen and laymen of that faith will have attended. The conference met in Continental Memorial hall of the D. A. R., and is presided over by Horace Davis of San Francisco, president of the association.

Many leaders in the church believe it should contribute its share to the effort toward social readjustment, and there will be presented a resolution embodying recommendations for the initiation and prosecution of such efforts. This important question will come up at the Wednesday morning session.

Another question of wide interest for discussion will be that of international peace, which is on the program for Tuesday evening.

When the program for the conference was prepared it was expected that President Taft, who is a member of the Unitarian church, would speak on international peace and it is not unlikely that the President will send a communication to the conference.

Addresses at this meeting will be made by the Rev. Edward Cummings of Boston, the Rev. Jenkin Lloyd Jones of Chicago and the Rev. William C. Gannett of Rochester, N. Y.

BOY SCOUT TO START TRAMP TO SAN FRANCISCO

Clarence Stanley, a member of the Boy Scouts of America, is to start next Thursday on a tramp from Boston to San Francisco. He is to leave city hall at 10 o'clock in the morning and will carry a letter from Mayor Fitzgerald to Mayor Rolph of San Francisco.

As the boys scout have a rule that no member may accept money he does not earn, Stanley will sell photographs of himself along the route.

Stanley will go to Providence, via Marshfield, Attleboro and Pawtucket and follow the shore line to New York.

DEDICATE CHURCH IN PROVIDENCE

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Members of the Fourth Baptist congregation of this city Sunday night dedicated their new church at Hope street and Rochambeau avenue. The sermon was by the Rev. F. L. Anderson, D. D., of the Newton Theological Seminary.

MOROCCAN AGREEMENT ASSURED

FRANCE—It is believed that the agreement between France and Germany over Morocco, which is assured, will prove the basis for more durable and friendlier relations between Germany and France. The credit for this is considered due to the German Emperor.

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NEW GROUPING OF POWERS IS SEEN AS OUTGROWTH OF WAR

(Continued on page two, column one)

is set up in Muhammadan countries. The Muhammadan population of Turkey in Europe and of Asia Minor, to say nothing of the further east, will gratify not only the passions of the moment, which are apt gradually to cool as time goes on, but will satisfy their fanaticism by declining to trade with a power which, without any justifiable reason, has seized on a Muhammadan country, and in so doing, threatened the very existence of the Caliphate at Constantinople.

Muhammadans Aroused

It is the rousing of Islam, through an appeal to its fears, which is one of the worst services the attack on Tripoli has rendered to Christendom. Any one who knows the methods by which the fanaticism of that religion can be fanned into flame, will realize this. It is understood that the agents of the Salonika committee have for some time past been visiting the Muhammadan centers of the world and carrying on an agitation among Muhammadan people. What Peter the Hermit accomplished in the way of bringing the crusaders to the holy sepulcher the Muhammadan mullahs might accomplish in the way of bringing the crescent to the defense of Constantinople. A conflagration might easily be caused all over the east simply through the determination of the Italian government not to be forestalled by any other power in the occupation of a state which is not likely to be of any appreciable value to it.

It has been pointed out repeatedly in recent days that Italy has a Tripoli of its own in Calabria, offering her enormous opportunities of development. Instead of taking advantage of this, she has crossed the Mediterranean, and by seizing Tripoli, has roused not merely the passions of Islam, but all the results of the reopening of the near eastern question. Her ally, Germany, sees her last chance of a footing in the Mediterranean going. Nothing, indeed, but a further dismemberment of the Turkish empire could give the German government the long-desired pied-a-terre in northern Africa. The fact that the action of Italy was incited largely by the determination to forestall the German hopes of obtaining, as the fruits of the policy so ably engineered by Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, a protectorate over Tripoli, will not bind the triple alliance together more firmly than it was bound before. It must not be forgotten that Austro-Hungary is growing every day more of a Slav and less of a German empire; that it has fixed its hopes on an extension of its possessions down the Turkish coast on the Adriatic, and that it will compete in future with Russia for supremacy in the Balkans and for the possession of the Golden Horn. To calculate, as is so frequently done, on the disintegration of the Austrian empire under the control of a less popular ruler than the present Emperor, constitutes the wildest of speculations. The Austro-Hungary of 1911 is an entirely different power to the Austro-Hungary of 1878, and Germany, cut off by one ally from expanding eastward, finds herself shut out of the Mediterranean by another.

Germany Has No Quarrel

In reality, Germany has no quarrel with the United Kingdom. The causes of the unfortunate differences between the two are fortunately based on nothing more substantial than distrust, and as soon as this distrust is dissipated, as dissipated it must eventually be, the two countries will return to their earlier friendship, and realize the futile and criminal waste of the resources in which they have been indulging. Not long ago it was shown, in the pages of the Monitor, that it was not in the power of Germany, at the present date, even by a defeat of the fleet of the United Kingdom, to gain possession of the great dominions, Canada, Australia and the Cape. It might be shown, with equally little difficulty, that even could she gain control of any of these dominions, she would be faced by economic conditions which would prevent her from enriching herself by any system of close trade. The bonds which bind together the British empire are sentimental, to an enormous extent, and it is at any rate doubtful whether the dismemberment of her colonial empire would leave the mother country appreciably poorer or appreciably weaker than she is today. The building up of a colonial empire by Germany would only result in the conditions inherent in the British empire, and Germany would inevitably find that an enormous expenditure of men and treasure had done nothing to make her stronger or richer than she is today. Bismarck scoffed at the idea of a conflict between a whale and an elephant. The elephant, it is true, has become somewhat amphibious, but in spit of the enormous expenditure on the German fleet, Germany finds herself today absolutely unable to enforce her will against the entente cordiale in the region of Morocco.

The action of Italy in invading Tripoli will have done nothing, as has been said, to strengthen the triple alliance; and yet, the action of Germany in playing the part of the friend in shining armor to Austria in the crisis of Bosnia and Herzegovina has alienated the sympathy of Russia and perhaps done more to secure the dual alliance and the triple entente than all the emotional outbursts in the boulevards during the visit of the Russian sailors to Paris a couple of decades ago. Russia is not in the least likely to forget the action of Count Achrenthal on that occasion. Weakened by her titanic struggle with Japan she was unable to thwart the diplomacy of Berlin and Vienna. She replied by withdrawing her frontier army corps to a distance sufficient to enable her to mobilize with greater convenience should a war occur in the future, and from that moment she has devoted much time and money to the rehabilitation of her naval and military forces, and to making an invasion by the east Prussian army corps as little profitable as it would be for the army corps of the Rhine to dash themselves on the line of fortifications which cover the eastern boundaries of France.

Germany Looks Westward

In this way the eyes of Germany have turned, not unnaturally, towards expansion westward, towards the overflowing of the German land of Holland and the Flemish land of Belgium. It was the fear of this that caused the partial mobilization of the Belgian and Dutch forces during the Moroccan negotiations. It was not, however, the fear of these armies which held Germany's hand. It was the simple fact that the North sea lay dominated by the massed channel and Mediterranean fleets of England, at the mouth of the Firth of Forth, and that English army corps were under orders to proceed, in the event of hostilities, not to Antwerp, as at the time of the famous expedition of the Kaiser to Tunis some years ago, but to Dieppe, to cover the left flank of the French army, in the event of an attempt on the part of Germany to infringe the neutrality of Belgium.

In these circumstances, it will begin to be understood why Germany has devoted such efforts to procure the ear of the Porte. With no Muhammadan subjects of her own, an outburst of Muhammadan fanaticism was to her politically a negligible quantity. She could, therefore, safely encourage the aspirations of the Salonika committee, just as she had previously supported those of Abdul Hamid, especially as that support brought her valuable commercial quid pro quos elsewhere. In strengthening the Ottoman empire she also strengthened the bulwark against Slav advances from the north or west, and the integrity of the Ottoman empire was therefore to her a considerable political asset, which might one day even take the form of an actual alliance. Quite apart from the many economic advantages in matters of ordinary trade, the construction of the Baghdad railway may be instanced as an outcome of the extraordinarily able handling of the situation by her ambassador in Constantinople. The occupation of Tobruk would have given her the longed for footing on the Mediterranean, while a protectorate of Tripoli, resembling that of England's control of Egypt, would have been a triumph for the Wilhelmstrasse. That such a triumph has been frustrated, almost at the eleventh hour, by the action of Italy, is one of the curious phases of diplomatic uncertainty which constitutes one of the attractions of the political game.

Disastrous to Germany

With Italy secure at Tripoli and Tobruk, within a few hours steam of her bases on the Italian peninsula, the strategical conditions of the Mediterranean are completely changed, and they are changed in a way which is disastrous mainly to Germany, though they cannot be altogether satisfactory to England, in spite of the German rumors to the effect that the coup de main was instigated by Downing street. That is should be possible for the German newspapers to believe such a canard, is perhaps the greatest proof that could be given of the bitterness of the relationships between the United Kingdom and the German empire. Such is the condition of things, which has been brought about by the sudden determination of the Italian cabinet, and it is a curious fact that the Italian cabinet, with its avowed radical ideals, should have discovered its chief claims to interference in its support of clerical enterprises, such as the Franciscan convents and of commercial houses backed by Catholic support.

It is this very question of financial pressure which plays so great a part in the politics of today. The extent to which the great financial organizations of Europe are able to impress their will upon political decisions is perhaps incalculable, and has certainly never been ascertained. A great European capitalist recently privately expressed his pious opinion that finance was a game in which each did the best for himself, and in which no mercy was to be expected and the weak went to the wall. To what extent financial pressure in the hands of a government may be exerted every one knows who understands the advantages taken by the Quai d'Orsay, owing to its ability to control admission to quotation on the bourse. That this is probably a mild form of the pressure which is exerted by groups of financiers when they combine to produce a specific effect, may be seen from the fact that it is boldly stated that the outbreak of the war with Tripoli was a device of certain financial interests for recovering losses they had reaped elsewhere from a proposed indemnity to be paid by Italy for the annexation of Tripoli. This probably is the root of the suggestions which have been promulgated that a termination should be brought to the war by the Italian recognition of the relations of the Muhammadans to the caliphate, on condition of the caliphate agreeing, in turn, to the virtual annexation of the country. Whether in the flush of victory Italy will be found to be willing to listen to such terms, remains to be seen, but that the financial pressure caused by the military and naval operations and the loss of trade in the Levant will eventually tend to make her ready to submit to some agreement which, without this pressure might be unpalatable, is distinctly probable.

LA FOLLETTE TELLS WHY HE INTENDS TO BE PROGRESSIVE ALWAYS

NEW YORK—That he went to Congress an insurgent and always will be one is the substance of the chapters of the autobiography of United States Senator La Follette published in the November issue of the American Magazine.

The article deals with Mr. La Follette's introduction to Congress in 1885 and of his frequent clashes with Senator Philetus Sawyer, the Wisconsin "regular." Speaking of his experiences in the late '80s, Mr. La Follette writes:

"It was clear to me that the only way to beat bosses and ring-rule was to keep the people thoroughly informed. Machine control is based upon misrepresentation and ignorance. Democracy is based upon knowledge. It is of first importance that the people shall know about their government and the work of their public servants."

Mr. La Follette says he began a campaign of education in his district showing his constituents why he voted against certain Republican measures. Of the withholding of patronage from the insurgents he says:

"If you are going direct to the people you have no need of patronage. Moreover, you have no need of organization nor the use of large sums of money."

MAYOR WANTS $30,000 FOR EXTENDED USE OF SCHOOL BUILDINGS

(Continued from page one)

would mean a saving, other things being equal, of nearly $50,000, while the increase of 1071 pupils in the Latin and high schools at $66.82 per pupil, would mean an added expenditure of about $71,500. The net increase in expenditure thus due to the increase in the number of pupils would be something under $25,000.

"Thus we have a balance of $35,000 and an increase in the appropriations due to the normal increase of valuations, which will probably exceed $100,000 each year. That is to say, the average increase of valuations for the five-year period from 1905 to 1910 was $27,000,000 and at approximately 84 per thousand this will bring in over $100,000 per year. In other words, the school committee has a net increase of $100,000 with a balance this year of $35,000 to provide for an increase of school population involving a net expenditure of only $25,000, leaving about $110,000 clear for the general improvement of the school system. This is a large amount and, in my opinion, satisfactory reasons should be given before a body as responsible as the finance commission should recommend additional expenditures.

"It is obvious that if the school population continues to decrease the need of increased appropriations is correspondingly diminished, and other means might be provided for the extended use of school buildings without imposing additional burdens upon the taxpayers."

OLD BELFRY CLUB TO OPEN SEASON WITH CONCERT

LEXINGTON, Mass.—A concert will be given this evening at 8 o'clock by the Old Belfry Club in its hall on Forest and Muzzey street. This will be the opening event in the entertainment program of the club.

The concert will be rendered by the Maquarre sextet, comprising Julius Von Theodorowicz, first violin; Alexander Ribarsh, second violin; Alfred Gietzen, viola; Josef Keller, violoncello; Max O. Kunze, double bass; Andre Maquarre, flute.

George Ernest Briggs (president), Mrs. Charles Briggs Davis and James Floyd Russell, the entertainment committee, will be in charge of the evening.

CALLS GRAND JURY IN RICHESON CASE

For the purpose of securing an indictment against the Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson without the formality of a hearing in the lower court District-Attorney Pelletier has called a special session of the Suffolk grand jury for Thursday, when the evidence in the case will be presented. If an indictment is returned the case then will go direct to the supreme court for trial.

The defense in the case has not been outlined by Judge James R. Dunbar, his attorney, or Moses G. Edmands, the father of Violet Edmands, the clergyman's fiancee. Mr. Richeson's sister, Miss L. V. Richeson, is now at the Edmands home in Chestnut Hill, having arrived from Philadelphia Sunday, it is said.

The congregation at the Immanuel Baptist church in Cambridge, of which Mr. Richeson is the pastor, was about half as large as usual; the sermon was preached by the Rev. Dr. George Cross, a professor at the Newton Theological Institution, without reference to its pastor.

Detectives are reported to be working for the defense in Hyannis, the home of Miss Avis Linnell. It is announced that several hundred residents of Amherst county, where the accused man formerly lived, are ready to testify to his good character in Virginia.

JUDGE MURRAY ADDRESSES ELKS

"Patriotism and American Citizenship" was the subject of a talk by Judge M. J. Murray of the municipal court before a large gathering at the Elks' home, Somerset street, last evening. Judge Murray made a plea for fair play and freedom from prejudice and for respect for the law.

SONS OF VETERANS TO OPEN FAIR

QUINCY, Mass.—Col. Abner B. Packard camp, S. of V., will open a five-days fair in Faxon hall this evening and it will continue through the week. Previous to the opening the camp will have a short street parade.

EMERICH INQUIRY TO BE HELD

ST. PETERSBURG—A legal inquiry is to be held into the slaying of H. H. Emerich, the American superintendent of the Kyshtym Copper Company, which operates several mines in Russia. A discharged workman has been arrested.

E. A. BRAND ENDS WORK IN BOSTON

After four months spent among New England manufacturers and exporters Edward A. Brand, the government's commercial field agent, returns to Washington this week. Mr. Brand's mission here, as a representative of the bureau of manufactures of the department of commerce and labor, was to assist the manufacturers to extend their export trade.

For the past five weeks Mr. Brand has made his headquarters at the Boston Chamber of Commerce, has interviewed many of the members interested in foreign trade, and has made proposals to the committee on that subject, which is waging an active campaign to develop the foreign commerce of Boston and New England.

CUBAN PRESIDENT TO ADMIT EDITORS

HAVANA, Cuba—A decree has been signed by President Gomez, permitting the return to Cuba of Jose Maria Villaverde and Manuel Villaverde, editor and business manager of the newspaper Cuba, who was deported last August.

In view of the recent demand of the Association of War Veterans for the dismissal of public officials known to have been hostile to the Cuban cause in the war of independence, the secretary of public works, Senor Chalens, a former colonel in the Spanish army, tendered his resignation. President Gomez refused to accept it, saying that the country could not afford to lose the services of so valuable an official.

UNION CHURCH AT NORTH SAUGUS

SAUGUS, Mass.—A church society composed of people of all denominations will soon dedicate its new edifice on Walnut street, North Saugus, and will be ready before winter is over.

It is to be known as the North Saugus church, and the congregation will be presided over by the Rev. William F. Kinsey, who has been conducting the services of the society in the school building in that neighborhood.

This Beautiful Louis XV

Chamber Suite

Is Most Attractive and Moderately Priced

This celebrated period of history has produced no finer example of art in furniture than the Chamber Suite here illustrated — a perfect replica. Genuine mahogany and of generous proportions—absolutely unsurpassed in workmanship and finish.

Toilet Table, 85.00 Chiffonier, 110.00
Bureau, 120.00

OTHER IDEAS IN CHAMBER FURNITURE:

Bachelor's Wardrobe—Mahogany, large size containing nine trays and three drawers. Price.....85.00

Carved Colonial Bureau A massive designed exquisitely carved. Price, 175.00

Sheraton Chiffonier Mahogany, with broad inlay stripe. Price.....42.00

Sheraton Twin Beds Mahogany, with inlay stripe. Price, each.....50.00

Fumed Oak Bureau—A heavy mission design. Price.....50.00

Toilet Table—Mahogany, serpentine front, claw feet pattern, plate mirror. Price.....27.50

Circassian Walnut Bureau—Louis XVI. period, very artistic. Price 60.00

Circassian Walnut Beds—Four post design, either double or single. Price 29.50

Cheval Glass—Solid Mahogany, 18x50 inch mirror. Price.....27.00

Brass Beds—Heavy square tubes, satin finish. Price.....45.00

Furniture Building, Avon, Bedford and Chauncy Sts.

Jordan Marsh Company

ADVERTISING EXPERT BEGINS LECTURES AT COMMERCE SCHOOL

One of the courses of the High School of Commerce is 20 lectures to the senior class by Nathaniel C. Fowler, Jr., a Boston advertising expert, beginning today. Ten of these lectures are devoted to salesmanship and 10 to advertising, printing, engraving and lithography.

This is Mr. Fowler's fifth year at the school and the class this year is the largest since he started, numbering about 130 young men. The salesmanship sessions consist of one general talk, in which he outlines the principles and ethics of salesmanship and nine in which he shows how to sell goods. Nine different salesmen appear for the nine selling sessions and the buying is either done by buyers or by Mr. Fowler. The exhibitions are as practical as they would be if sales were made.

The 10 sessions on advertising, printing, engraving and lithography cover the business-seeing side of publicity and commercial product of the printing press. He outlines, in the beginning, what advertising or publicity is, following it by presenting an idea of type and its use, illustrating the talk with type and cases, large pictures and diagrams of presses, and practically all of the machinery used in commercial printing. The advertising lectures are illustrated with actual advertisements and printed matter.

The boys are requested to follow the advertisements in the magazines and newspapers, and to cut good and bad specimens and to write advertisements and circulars. Advertising men are invited to attend the sessions and they often assist Mr. Fowler in his work.

One session is devoted to making engravings and their use, illustrated with every form of engraving. Another session covers lithography, and it is fully illustrated with lithographs and stones. A great deal of the time is given up to discussion and the answering of questions of the boys.

An innovation is the trial applications for jobs by the boys. Offices are set up in the hall of the school, and one of the boys acts as office boy. The employer's part will be taken by Mr. Fowler or a business man invited by him.

STEAMER CAMDEN FLOATED

The steamer Camden of the Eastern Steamship Company, which went aground on the East Boston flats while backing out of Simpson's dry dock yesterday, was floated today.

MIDDLESEX UNION TO MEET

ARLINGTON, Mass.—The Middlesex Union of the Layman's Missionary Movement will hold a meeting and supper in the Arlington First Baptist church Nov. 7.

EPWORTH LEAGUE CONFERENCE ENDS IN MASS MEETING

With a mass meeting of the chapters of the Boston district the three days' sessions of the New England Conference Epworth League Institute closed Sunday night in the First Methodist church, Temple street.

Miss Margaret A. Nichols, fourth vice-president of the institute, presided. The meeting began at 7:30. A devotional service was led by the Rev. Dr. Dillon Bronson, district superintendent. Addresses on the forward movement of the Epworth League were made by Lemuel H. Murlin, president of Boston University and the Rev. Dr. Franklin Hamilton, chancellor of the American University at Washington. The final services were conducted by the Rev. H. B. Haskell.

In the morning the visiting clergymen were assigned to Methodist Episcopal churches in and around Boston.

In the afternoon the Young People's open-air meeting, which was to have been held at 3:00 at the Old Elm on Boston common, was called off and those who were present at that hour were invited to attend the mass meeting at Tremont Temple.

At that same hour in the Temple Street church more than 200 held a junior league rally in the vestry. This was conducted by the Rev. C. W. Kelly of Sheldon, Vt.

MEXICO AWAITS OPENING OF THE REYES REVOLT

EL PASO, Texas—With today set as the date for the outbreak of the Reyes revolution in Mexico, according to alleged documents that have been seized, General Villasenor, inspector-general of rurales, is in Juarez arranging for the organization of three corps of rurales in the state of Chihuahua.

It is said that the Reyes outbreak is to take place somewhere in the state of Tamaulipas.

Escobosa, the rebel leader who has been making trouble in the state of Senora, arrived here from Marathon, Tex., where it is said he conferred with representatives of Gen. Bernardo Reyes. He has been under surveillance by United States and Mexican secret service men.

WELLS MEMORIAL PLANS RECEPTION

Many persons are expected to attend the opening reception of the Wells Memorial Institute tomorrow at 8 p. m. in Wells Memorial hall, 987 Washington street. Addresses will be made by Edmund Billings, president of the Paul Revere Trust Company; Frank H. McCarthy, president of the Boston Central Labor Union; Alfred E. Burton, dean of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and William C. Ewing, superintendent of the Wells Institute.

AEROPLANES MAKE FIRST APPEARANCE IN WAR ABOVE TRIPOLI

(By the United Press)

TRIPOLI—With ascents today by Aviators Piazza and Moiza of the Italian army for a reconnaissance of the Turkish position in the Tripolitan interior, the aeroplane has made its initial appearance in actual warfare. These flights followed an experimental ascent by Captain Piazza on Sunday when a reconnaisance lasting 45 minutes was made.

The mission today is considered exceedingly precarious, as in the event of an involuntary descent anywhere outside the Italian lines, it is believed the Turks would treat the aviators as spies.

LONDON—Advices from Tripoli today indicate that engagements at Benghazi between the Italians and Turks have been the most serious of the war. Though the Italians occupied the city after an all day bombardment on Oct. 19 the Turks and their Arab auxiliaries have made night attacks on the Italian forces and it is said that their losses are much heavier than officially reported.

CONSTANTINOPLE—As a result of the fire which began Saturday night in the Sultan Bayezid quarter of Stamboul and is not yet entirely subdued, it is estimated that at least 40 or 50 persons have perished. More than 1000 buildings have already been consumed.

CALL OUT NATIONAL GUARD

COWETA, Ok.—Ed Suddeth, a negro, was lynched yesterday, after he had shot and killed J. D. Beaver, city attorney, and wounded Carmen Oliver and S. Thompson, white men. The trouble started when Edward Ruse, a negro, jostled a white man named Swazer and a white girl with whom he was walking, off the sidewalk. The national guard has been placed on watch.

LADY GREGORY WOMEN'S GUEST

BROCKTON, Mass.—The Brockton College Club meets today at the home of Mrs. J. Howard Field, 17 Arlington street. Lady Augusta Gregory of Dublin, Ireland, will give selections from her own writings and a talk concerning her associations with the poet, William Butler Yeats, in the Irish literary revival.

AMUSEMENTS

New England's Greatest Show
MECHANICS BUILDING
LAST WEEK
REAL MECHANICS FAIR
Connection with
N. E. FRUIT SHOW
HORTICULTURAL HALL
Open 10 to 10. Admission 25c.
One Ticket Admits to Both Shows.

STEINERT HALL
TUESDAY AFTERNOON, OCT 24, AT 3
CHARLES
ANTHONY
PIANO RECITAL
Tickets $1.50 and $1.00, at Steinert and Symphony Halls.

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE
Next Wed., Thurs. and Fri. Evenings
ALL-STAR RUSSIAN BALLET
With Full Symphony Orchestra
IMPERIAL BALALAIKA ORCHESTRA
With Operatic Quartette
Prices $1.00 to $3.00.
Down-town Ticket Office, 177 Tremont Street.

EDUCATIONAL

Short Story Writing
A course of forty lessons in the history form, structure, and writing of the Short Story, taught by J. Berg Esenwein, Editor Lippincott's Magazine.
Over one hundred Home Study Courses under professors in Harvard, Brown, Cornell and leading colleges.
Mr. Esenwein 250-page catalog free. Write to-day.
The Home Correspondence School, Dept. 371, Springfield, Mass.

CLAYTON & CRAIG
Night and Day School, Auto, Electrical, Aviation Schools. Classes now forming. Largest electrical school in the world. Call or write for catalog.
161 SUMMER ST. SHOPS 15 HARCOURT ST.

HOTELS

The Ranelegh
Intersection of Beacon and Mountfort Streets
Under new management; a high-class family hotel, two to five-room suites, prices ranging from $30 to $150 per month. Special inducements made to families on yearly lease; cafe a la carte or American.

THE FAIRBANK HOUSE
1801 Michigan Ave., CHICAGO
Rooms, large and small; comfortable and homelike, with excellent table service.

Holland House Hotel and Restaurant
5th AVENUE and 30th STREET, NEW YORK
REASONABLE RATES CUISINE UNSURPASSED
REMODELLED and REFURNISHED
ELEGANCE and REFINEMENT BOOKLET ON APPLICATION

Silks THRESHER BROS.
The Specialty Silk Store,
40 TEMPLE PLACE,
Boston, Mass.

YOUR WEDDING INVITATIONS
carefully and promptly executed at 37-63 Franklin st. WARD'S

FASHIONS AND THE HOUSEHOLD

WITH A TRIMMING OF VELVET

Attractive frock that requires but little labor

VELVET as trimming makes an important feature of the present styles. This dress shows it used in an exceptionally smart and attractive way. The separate panels that are such favorites are treated in quite a distinctive manner, the lower edges being turned over to form revers. At the side of the skirt there are underlying panels that are all of the velvet and they combine with the bands on the blouse to be exceedingly attractive. This blouse is made in two pieces joined at the back and with a separate chemisette that is closed at the left shoulder seam. The undersleeves are attached beneath the sleeve edges.

The skirt is made in two pieces that are lapped on to the side panels and the separate panels are attached at the upper edge. The two combine to make a most attractive frock and one that involves very little labor in the making.

Small women as well as young girls will find the design an excellent one, for it can be treated in many ways and made from many materials. Stripes are exceedingly fashionable. The dress made from striped material with the underlying panels cut on the cross would be attractive in quite a different way from the one illustrated.

Poplins are among the smartest of all things this season. The dress could be made of silk and wool poplin with trimming of velvet or satin to be exceedingly handsome. The frill on the front of the blouse gives a distinctive touch, but is not necessary as it can be used or not, as liked.

For the 16-year size the blouse will require $2\frac{1}{4}$ yards of material 27 or 36, $1\frac{1}{8}$ yards 44 inches wide, $\frac{3}{4}$ yard of allover lace for chemisette and undersleeves; for the skirt will be needed $5\frac{3}{4}$ yards 27, $4\frac{3}{4}$ yards 36, 4 yards 44 with $1\frac{1}{8}$ yards of velvet for the panels and for the trimming of the entire gown.

The patterns of the blouse, No. 7092, and of the skirt, No. 7134, are cut in sizes for misses of 14, 16 and 18 years of age. They can be had at any May Manton agency or will be sent by mail. Address 132 East Twenty-third street, New York or Masonic Temple, Chicago.

RICH WOMEN WHO KEEP BUSY

Not social duties alone have their attention

THE woman of today of any property or social standing at all is usually the busiest of women. Instead of a languid awakening each morning at 9 to a cup of chocolate and the first elaborate toilet she is frequently up by 7, and from that hour until 12 or 2 the following morning is on a continuous round of appointments, meetings and social engagements.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont is a type of busy society leader who as a girl was carefully trained in anticipation of future responsibilities. Most of the younger set prominent socially are put through a severe regimen that they may later administer their affairs to the best advantage.

It would surprise many people if they could see the orderly files of letters, safety deposit boxes, and neat engagement books as well as account books kept by the debutantes. It is not unusual for a young woman to employ a lawyer to look after her affairs entirely, and she becomes as keenly interested in an investment or a collection as any business man would be, though this is a fact somewhat difficult to realize when she is seen at a luncheon or dance, pretty, gay, and seemingly without a serious thought in her charming head.

The result of this careful training and alert interest is a woman able to prove herself most capable in an executive way when the occasion calls, says the New York Times.

Mrs. E. H. Harriman as a girl received a vigorous training from her father, who saw that she became thoroughly conversant with the many details connected with the management of a large estate.

Mrs. Clarence Mackay is another woman who leads one of the busiest of lives and whose days are scheduled as systematically as are those of a railroad magnate. Added to the social demands of a popular hostess, Mrs. Mackay is one of the trustees of the Roslyn Union Free school and a member of the finance committee of Trinity church. Then there is the Equal Franchise Society, in which she is immediately interested and whose offices are in the top of the Metropolitan tower.

Mrs. Mackay, like other succesful promoters, believes that "personal presence moves the world" and is as getat-able on any question of business as is the most democratic candidate for office.

Mrs. Hetty Green, though not a society woman, has made a reputation in finance that is world wide, and is in control of vast interests. There is not an idle bone in Mrs. Green's body, and the making of money is not her only interest.

Mrs. Russell Sage is a personality as well known in the philanthropic world as Mrs. Hetty Green is in the financial. All the charities in which Mrs. Sage is personally interested are on a business basis, and nothing is wasted.

The one unmarried woman who has earned the country's gratitude for the numerous benefits conferred through her quick appreciation of a need and her sound judgment is Miss Helen Gould. Every one knows that Miss Gould is no idler. She gives her personal attention to all applicants who are worthy of help, and yet can find the time to entertain charmingly, give picnics on her beautiful estate, open homes for sailors, and in a quiet way fill an important niche in social life.

There are many idle rich women, to be sure, but also many—and these mentioned are only a few of the number—whose lives are crowded with fine accomplishment, though they may seem to work so quietly.

POPULAR DESIGNS

It is the conventionalized patterns for hand embroidery that are popular this year, whether for lingerie waists or banded trimming, says the Louisville Herald. This makes it much easier for the home dressmaker to design them.

Music—Either

Without your assistance or
Under your absolute control

The pleasure of listening to an absolutely correct rendition as indicated by the composer on the original score, or producing the music according to your own interpretation, is yours if you attach to your piano a

Tel-Electric
Piano Player

"The player that plays your piano from a distance"

The Tel-Electric is the only player in the world that can *practically* be attached to either a grand or upright piano because it does not obstruct the keyboard, and remains at all times *away* from the piano.

If you own a piano, attach a Tel-Electric—at least call and inspect it and acquaint yourself with the pleasures of which you are deprived.

Price $350. Convenient Terms
If you cannot call send for illustrated catalog.

THE TEL-ELECTRIC CO.
405 Boylston Street

HOME HELPS

Most housewives use the broom dishcloth, made of cord attached to a handle, which is vastly more convenient than the old method of immersing the arms to the elbows.

* * *

It is a good plan to keep the oven door open part of the time when not in use, says the Brockton Enterprise, so that all traces of gas or odors of food may escape.

* * *

Use the knife as little as possible. Cut tender foods such as potatoes, eggs and the like with the fork, using the knife only when the fork would be an inconvenience.

* * *

Slices of lemon topped with grated horseradish make a tasty and pleasant garnish for veal served in any form.

TOUCH OF PINK

All the famous makers have a liking for a touch of pale pink chiffon or tulle about the bodice of the black evening frock and indeed with bodices other than black, says the New York Sun. There is no denying that the soft delicate pink softens the pronounced color tone of the frock where it nears the face more subtly and quite as becomingly as the white or cream to which women have become more accustomed.

WEDDING SHOE

The custom of throwing the slipper after a newly married couple is held to have originated in the far east. It is still practised in the Orient as a sign of renunciation, says the Chicago Record-Herald. A father, for instance, who would renounce his son, will, before witnesses, take off his shoe and if near enough strike him with it, or if more distant throw it at him. The oriental shoe, being usually a soft slipper, is not thrown as a missile or weapon. This explains the throwing of the slipper as the bride leaves her father's house. It is saying to her in a playful way: "Be off with you! We renounce you and will have nothing more to do with you." There may be explained in the same way the taking of the shoe from the foot in the case of the kinsman who renounced his claim to the inheritance of Elimelech (Ruth iv., vii.), the loosing of the shoe being merely a legal formula of renunciation that drew its meaning from popular lore. The modern Arabs, instead of throwing the shoe, sometimes exclaim: "My shoe at you!" This is regarded as a token of contemptuous renunciation.

BROCADE SASH

If you are slim enough to wear a strip of heavy brocade around your waist, for a sash, you will have a most artistic and effective addition to a somber gown.—Hartford Courant.

DRESS FOR THE COLLEGE GIRL

Three charming classroom frocks

ABOVE all other things, the college girl should be provided with a good-looking and warm coat, long enough to cover her from chin to ankle, a coat that may be donned in a jiffy and that will not be the worse for a wetting with rain or snow, says the Denver Times.

The coats of reversible cloth, with trimmings of the contrasting reverse color on collar, cuffs and pockets are warm as well as smart, and they are graceful, too, with wide collars and a fastening at one side.

Under the big coat may be worn pretty, light weight frocks of cashmere, thin serge or the serviceable mohair which makes ideal school dresses because it does not crumple easily and wears like iron.

One girl starting out upon her second college year has taken three charming classroom frocks away with her. One of these frocks is made of navy blue serge and has a high-waisted skirt fitting neatly up over a bodice of the serge on which is a large sailor collar of black satin extending down the front in crossed surplice revers. Small black satin buttons in a double row go all the way down the front, at one side where the frock fastens. In the neck opening is a net chemisette cut round and worn with a string of coral beads.

Another classroom frock is of checked blue and green mohair with pipings of green taffeta. There are three bias bands on the narrow skirt, each piped at the top with the green silk. The bodice has a shaped square bertha of mohair piped with green, which opens over a shallow green taffeta yoke on which are tiny gilt buttons. Above the rounded out green yoke is a narrow yoke of tucked net with a stock collar attached. This net yoke is removable, the green silk yoke being finished with a corded piping.

The third classroom costume includes a smartly cut skirt of black and white checked mohair and several tailored blouses of heavy white wash silk and untransparent figured white madras. These are worn with comfortable turned-down collars and four-in-hand ties.

The gymnasium suit now has a middy blouse top, unbelted at the waist, exactly like the white linen blouse worn for boating in summer, except that it is made of dark blue flannel and is worn over full blue flannel gymnasium bloomers. With this costume should go a boyish basketball sweater with "turtle" neck, to be slipped on over the head after a strenuous game.

There must be, of course, one or two dainty evening frocks for occasional receptions and merrymakings of a social nature, but these frocks should be of a simple, girlish character without undue elaboration. Net or chiffon mounted over silk and festooned with tiny ribbon flowers makes a charming dress of this sort for a young girl.

Less expensive frocks may be built of messaline, trimmed in the new fashion, with shirred bands run on cords, or of white permo fabric, a silky wool and mohair mixture, trimmed with narrow white silk fringe.

PRINCESS SLIPS

The demand for princess-slips will continue as long as the styles calling for semi-diaphanous materials are in vogue, says the Dry Goods Economist. The models on display show the use of crepe de chine, messaline, marquisette, batiste and various fancy cotton stuffs. The waist portion of the slip is elaborated on lines similar to the corset cover, and the skirts also show considerable hand-embroidery with scant flounces applied at the bottom edge. Some of the new models designed to be used as dress linings have no flounces whatever, but are straight to the skirt bottom, and have a deep hem finish.

TRIED RECIPES

HAM TOAST

HEAT two cups of milk, add a heaping teaspoon of flour made smooth in a little cold milk and cook five minutes in the double boiler. Add a pinch of salt and one well beaten egg; when the egg thickens stir in one half cup of cold chopped ham, and when it is hot pour over slices of toast arranged on a platter.

FRENCH STEAK

Put one pound of tender round steak in a dripping pan in which a spoonful of butter is sizzling hot; sprinkle a little salt in the pan (do not salt the meat, as it draws out the juice and toughens it). Have prepared a dressing of bread—stale or left-over scraps—soaked until soft; squeeze out the water, season with softened butter, pepper and salt, and a tablespoonful of cream, with a little sage, if liked. Cook the steak lightly on both sides, and cover with an inch of dressing; bake in a hot oven three quarters of an hour, adding a little hot water to keep it from burning, basting several times. Finish on the oven shelf to brown. Take up on a hot platter, make a white sauce, if liked, to go with it.

ONION SAUCE

Cook four Bermuda onions until tender, drain and chop fine. Stir two level teaspoons of cornstarch in a little cold milk to dissolve, then add to one cup of hot milk and cook five minutes. Add a level tablespoon of butter, half a level teaspoon of salt, a saltspoon of pepper and the chopped onion. Cook three minutes. It is the safest way to cook in a double boiler, as this sauce burns easily.

VEGETABLES AU GRATIN

Boil separately and in salted water a head of cabbage, cut in pieces, green peas, lima beans, string beans, cucumbers and like vegetables. When done, drain them well and sprinkle over them a little sugar. Butter a baking dish and put in a layer of the cabbage; then a little grated parmesan cheese, more butter, cut in bits; then the peas and a sprinkling of cheese, and continue in this way until the dish is full, having bread crumbs and bits of butter on top. Cover closely and bake in a moderate oven for an hour. About 20 minutes before it is done, uncover the dish and allow the buttered crumbs over the top to brown nicely. Should hardly care to cook all these vegetables on purpose for the dish. The recipe might do for left-overs.

SNOW CAKE

Cream one half cup of butter, add one and one half cups of sugar, one half cup of milk, two and one half cups of flour sifted with three level teaspoons of baking powder and last the whites of six eggs beaten to a stiff froth. Flavor with one teaspoon of vanilla or with a few drops of rose. This will make one large loaf or two of moderate size.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

UNSEEN NAIAD PROTECTS

The Crowning Attribute of Lovely Woman Is Cleanliness

NAIAD
DRESS SHIELD
ODORLESS HYGIENIC

Supreme in Beauty! Quality! Cleanliness! Possesses two important and exclusive features. It does not deteriorate with age and fall to powder in the dress—can be easily and quickly sterilized by immersing in boiling water for a few seconds only. At the stores or sample pair for 25 cents. Every pair guaranteed.
The C. E. CONOVER CO., Mfrs., 101 Franklin St., N. Y.

Manufacturers of HARD and FLEXIBLE FIBRE

DIAMOND STATE FIBRE COMPANY
ELSMERE DEL. U. S. A.

For Electrical Insulation and Mechanical Purposes

Made in SHEETS, RODS, TUBES, WASHERS, DISCS and Special Shapes

Mottled Fibre. A Substitute for Rawhide.

¶ WE MAKE A SPECIALTY of Trunk Fibre in all of the standard Trunk colors. Angles and bands, plain and creased, Strap Loops, Corners for Suit Cases and Telescopes. Prices and samples on application.

Special Articles That Explain the News

LITERATURE
EDUCATION
CIVICS
MUSIC
ART

THESE, added to the news itself, give more than usual interest to the clean and wholesome pages of

Wednesday's Monitor

CERAMIC ART OF OLD GREECE

Great skill in drawing manifested

FOR perfection of quality in crude pottery, no ware has ever surpassed that of Greece, says Potters Craft. The work may be divided into two main groups. In the first the background of the decoration was supplied by the tint of the bare clay; in the second this tint afforded the color of the decoration itself, the background being covered with a black pigment. The groups are known as black on red and red on black, respectively, or as black figured and red figured wares.

The wheel was early adopted by the Grecian potters as a means of producing form, and although molds were sometimes used the wheel was, to all intents and purposes, the sole method of manufacture. Greek pottery is once fired. Birch classes it as glazed terra cotta, but the glaze is nothing more than the black pigment with which the decoration is carried out. The uncolored part of the clay is not glazed, but polished with a hard tool. The work was evidently individual. Probably some famous potters employed assistants either to make the pieces or to decorate, but it does not appear that there was any reproduction, at least during the best period. The range of the art was from about 700 to 200 B. C., the climax being reached about 500. At first primitive ideas prevailed. Geometric designs were succeeded by rhythmic friezes of beasts and birds done in black. When the human figure made its appearance, the faces were all in profile, with full fronting eye, while the prominent details of feature and drapery were scratched with a sharp point after burning.

The change of method to red on black gave much wider scope for the treatment of the human figure, rendered a fuller expression possible and enlarged the power of pictorial action. Great skill in drawing was manifested, and details of both drapery and features were expressed with great care by means of the brush.

Such was the state of the art when the decadence set in, and the work fell into the hands of plagiarists and charlatans. Meretricious coloring and gaudy ornament succeeded the refinement and restraint of the earlier days, and so the art perished.

To the inventive power of the Romans the ceramic art owes more than one novelty.

The most valued type of Roman pottery seems to have been the Aretine or Samian ware. This is a bright red in color, and possesses an extremely thin glaze. A particular clay was evidently used, but all knowledge of its source has been lost.

With the importation of Chinese porcelain by the Dutch the whole trend of pottery manufacture was changed. No longer was black a desirable color. White was seen to be much more delicate and beautiful, and henceforth the endeavor of the potter was to produce a ware which should be as nearly like porcelain as possible. The crudeness of the day kept this ideal from being realized, but various expedients were adopted and gradually better results were obtained.

Throughout the east a type of white pottery was made which though stimulated by the Chinese example, may have been a relic of the knowledge of the Egyptians. A crude clay was coated with a white preparation, possibly ground quartz, and upon this there were painted conventional designs in somber colors. A clear glaze covered the whole and imparted to the colors a beautiful quality as of pebbles under water.

New Pianos for Rent

NOT long ago it was the custom to rent only second hand pianos and those leased to theatres, lodge rooms, etc., where they were subjected to severe usage. Our policy is to rent Vose pianos or those that we can vouch for as being in good condition and sure of giving satisfaction.

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The wonderful Vose tone is a big asset to any one studying music. It is seldom, if ever excelled. The light touch and perfect action of the Vose are also famous.

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Our prices are low
Special rates for six months or more
We also keep rented instruments in tune free of charge.

VOSE & SONS PIANO CO.
160 Boylston Street Boston

STYLE STOPS WORK

(Special to the Monitor)

NORTHAMPTON, Eng.—As a consequence of the fashion for wearing tight skirts the industry of making petticoats for underwear has been practically at a standstill for many months. Waiting hopefully for a change in the mode, the employers of working girls in Northampton offered their hands the alternative of making children's pinafores at 5d. a dozen. This, however, they have declined to accept, and are being enrolled in the trade union ranks.

RAFFIA FAVORS

Raffia is certainly a convenient material with which to work; it adapts itself to such a variety of things, says an exchange. Made to represent a bunch of cornstalks and placed beside a tiny pumpkin box, it makes attractive favors for harvest time festivities.

HOT DISH MARKS

To remove hot water marks and rings made by putting hot water jugs, etc., on polished trays or tables, apply a thin paste of salad oil and table salt; leave it on the mark or ring for an hour, then polish with a dry cloth, and the mark will disappear.—Commoner.

SIZE GIVES GLOSS

A tablespoonful of painter's size added to a pail of water is said to give a gloss to oil cloth which is washed in this solution that cannot be obtained otherwise, says the Hartford Courant. It is also supposed to strengthen the wearing qualities of the material.

GOOD CLEANSERS

Rainwater and soap will remove machine oil from washable fabrics.

* * *

Stains on enameled saucepans may be removed by dissolving a half teaspoonful of chloride of lime in the saucepan of water and then boil till the stain disappears. Then boil again with pure water.

* * *

Gilt frames may be cleaned by sponging them with oil of turpentine or spirits of turpentine, only wetting the sponge enough to remove the dirt. Leave the frames to dry, but do not wipe them.

* * *

To clean real lace place the lace between folds of tissue paper, well sprinkled with calcined magnesia and put it between the leaves of a book under a weight for two or three days. Shake out the powder and the lace will be found quite clean.

* * *

To clean suede gloves put the gloves on "trees" or on your hands, and rub them with fine oatmeal, which should finally be brushed off with a nail brush.—San Diego Union.

HIGH SCHOOL CADETS NOW NUMBER MORE THAN 3700 BOYS

Approved by the headmasters of high schools which have military drill and by the military instructors, Col. George H. Benyon and Capt. Charles A. Ranlett, the official roster of the Boston High School Cadet brigade for the year 1911-12 was given out today. With a few new lieutenants to be created this roster will stand until the annual competitive drills in the spring.

This year, notwithstanding that the Roxbury high school no longer has a military equipment, the number of cadets in the brigade is more than 3700. Dr. Thomas F. Harrington has seen to it that no boy in the high schools under 90 pounds in weight is allowed to drill. About 90 boys were thus thrown out, still the brigade is larger than last year, when it was 3500 strong.

The increase in the number of high school cadets has caused Brigade Armorer Charles H. Reardon to ask for 300 more rifles for the use of the new cadets and to replace some old ones. There are 84 companies in the brigade, with 67 captains and 128 lieutentns. The highest officer in the regiments, until after the annual competitive drills in the spring, is a captain.

Each regiment has a temporary commander, known as the regimental quartermaster. At present there are three of them. The other two will be chosen later in the year. The English high school has two regiments with 15 companies each, formed in three battalions. The Boston Latin school has 12 companies; the Dorchester high school has 10 companies; the South Boston high has five companies. Both Dorchester and South Boston are in the fourth regiment. Dorchester having two battalions and South Boston one battalion. Each battalion in this regiment has five companies.

CHURCH SILVER AND GREEK MARBLE HEADS DOCENTS' SUBJECTS

Francis H. Bigelow of Cambridge as Sunday docent at the Museum of Fine Arts talked about the remarkable collection of early American church silver on exhibition in the rotunda.

The Paul Revere silver, he said, represented both the work of the father and son of the patriot. Many of the silversmiths were prominent in affairs of the day and belonged to the militia or the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company. A gold snuff box engraved with a coat of arms belonged to Gov. William Dummer, the father of the silversmith, and was made by John Hurd.

The oldest spoons, he said, were the "rat-tailed" design, with the spur to strengthen the bowl. He also pointed out two types of handles on the porringers, one the geometric and the other the keylplate pattern.

In the Greek department William H. Kennedy gave a short talk on two Greek marble heads which enrich the collection. They are early copies of "the head of a youth," by Polyclitus and of the more famous "Zeus" of Phidias. The head of Zeus is considered finer than the well-known copy in Rome.

NORWOOD NIGHT SCHOOL EXCEEDS ALL EXPECTATIONS

NORWOOD, Mass.—Most sanguine supporters of the Norwood free evening school express surprise and satisfaction at the first week's record of the school.

Established for teaching the English language, reading, writing and spelling to residents 16 years and over, and given an appropriation by the last town meeting of $1500, the results have more than reached expectations.

Most of the pupils cannot speak or write English. Of the 300 registered 103 were born in Finland, 43 in Russia, 39 in Sweden, 30 in Italy, 24 in Lithuania, nine in Austria, eight in Syria, eight in this country, seven in Greece, five in Ireland, five in Norway, five in Poland, four in Turkey, three in France, two in Sicily and one each in Armenia, Denmark, Germany, Hungary and Roumania. The ages range from 16 to over 40, but most of the pupils are from 21 to 30. The principal is Webster A. Chandler of Boston.

CHILDREN GIVEN GARDEN PRIZES

RANDOLPH, Mass.—The committee of the Ladies Library Association has awarded the prizes offered by the association to the children of the public schools for the best garden displays raised by them, as follows:

North school, Marion Larson, Robert Gove, Roy Christie, Winnifred Brennan and Joseph Duffy; Prescott school, Harry Isaacs, Barbarie Hoye and Raymond Gerigle; Tower Hill school, Ernest Hayden.

BARBERS AGREE ON LICENSE BILL

An agreement upon the terms of the barbers' license bill, which will come before the Legislature next year to be made a law, was reached at the annual convention of the Massachusetts State Association of Journeymen Barbers Unions, held at the Revere House Saturday.

BAY STATE NEWS BRIEFS

WALTHAM

The Mothers Club begins its season Wednesday afternoon with a reception to the president, Mrs. Jasper H. Yetten, at the Fales house. Mrs. Lyman O. Denison is chairman of the committee in charge.

The Young Men's Republican Club is to open its new quarters on Moody street this evening. Speakers are to be Senator George L. Barnes of Weymouth, J. Fred Lockett of Boston and Representative Nathan A. Tufts, Mayor Edward A. Walker and George P. Drury of this city.

HANSON

The work on the new strip of state highway on High street is nearing completion. When the strip is completed there will be a continuous state highway from Brockton to Bryantville in Pembroke.

The work of screening the cranberries at the big screen houses at South Hanson is keeping the plant busy. Cranberries are brought here from all the neighboring towns.

MALDEN

Edgeworth citizens are circulating a petition to have an evening school opened in the Emerson school building.

The 11 companies of boy scouts in this city are to form a boy scout council and have elected L. W. Smith, boys' work director of the local Y. M. C. A., the Rev. A. L. Howe, C. W. Bradley, Jr., and W. T. Smallman a committee to perefct the organization.

WATERTOWN

W. T. Litchfield is to speak before the members of the Philipps Club of Philipps church tomorrow evening on "The Trip of the Boston Chamber of Commerce Abroad."

The annual inspection of Isaac B. Patten post, Woman's Relief Corps, is to take place tomorrow evening.

NEWTON

The Monday Club of Newton Highlands observes the twenty-fifth anniversary of its organization today.

The senior class of the Technical high school has chosen: President John Dorrity; vice-president, William Conners; secretary, Harold Turner; treasurer, Miss Margaet Leavitt.

EAST BRIDGEWATER

The Woman's Alliance of the Unitarian Church has appointed a committee consisting of Mrs. Edward T. Morse, Mrs. Clarence Chandler and Miss Maria Nutter to arrange for a sale and entertainment to be given in G. A. R. hall on the evening of Nov. 17.

ROCKLAND

The members of the First Congregational church have been offered a contribution of $1000 toward the liquidation of the debt of $4700, if they will raise the remainder. A committee has been appointed to raise the required amount.

WEST BRIDGEWATER

The fall meeting of the Old Colony Pomona grange will be held in Grange hall in this town Wednesday. Sessions will be held both morning and afternoon. The Plymouth County Agricultural Society will also hold a corn show at the hall during the day.

ARLINGTON HEIGHTS

The Sunshine Club will meet Wednesday at the residence of Mrs. George Willis Cooke on Massachusetts avenue, East Lexington.

The Locke School Association is planning to hold a meeting in the Locke school hall the latter part of the month.

MIDDLEBORO

The Boys Own of the Y. M. C. A. gave a farewell reception to John E. Erickson at the association rooms yesterday afternoon. He leaves here tomorrow for the Lynn Y. M. C. A., where he will be connected with the association in that city.

CHELSEA

There will be an entertainment in the Cary Avenue chapel this evening in the interests of the day nursery.

In Ruth hall, Masonic building, this evening, the members of Ruth chapter, O. E. S., will hold a supper and sale.

EASTON

The selectmen are working with Roscoe W. Melendy, superintendent of moth work, in planning a campaign to exterminate gipsy and browntail moths in this town. Circulars have been sent to all taxpayers, asking for their cooperation.

BEVERLY

The Y. M. C. A. auxiliary bazaar opens in the new Y. M. C. A. building on Tuesday evening and will continue through Thursday evening, with entertainments on Wednesday and Thursday afternoons.

RANDOLPH

The Emarion Club has elected: President, Miss Blanche Farrell; vice-president, Miss Helen Burns; secretary, Miss Annie Lyons; treasurer, Miss Marguerite Dorley.

QUINCY

John D. McKay will deliver the first of a series of addresses before Clan McGregor, O. S. C., at their hall this evening. His subject will be "The Government of Canada."

ARLINGTON

The High School Alumni Association will hold its annual reunion in Franklin hall on the evening of Dec. 14.

MAPLEWOOD

Mt. Vernon lodge of Masons hold a members' night at Masonic hall Friday evening with an entertainment.

EVERETT

A grammar school field day will be held on the high school field Nov. 4.

Miss Ruth Harvey, daughter of former Alderman and Mrs. Isaac C. Harvey, has been selected to apply the match which will burn the last mortgage on the Glendale Baptist church on Nov. 1, when an observance of the event will be held at the church.

MEDFORD

The city is considering the erection of a brick addition to the police station on the Swan street side for the purpose of housing the several pieces of apparatus used by the department. Mayor Charles S. Taylor will recommend to the city government the erection of such a structure and the purchase of motor apparatus. The mayor is also considering the matter of salaries of the police officers.

MELROSE

Garfield lodge, A. O. U. W., will celebrate its thirtieth anniversary at Fraternity hall tomorrow night. The lodge has a membership of 200.

Melrose lodge of Elks has voted to hold its annual ball Jan. 2 in the city auditorium and William D. Reidy has been elected chairman of the general committee.

PLYMOUTH

The Rev. and Mrs. F. J. Scott will be given a farewell reception by members of the parish and congregation next Thursday evening.

ROCKLAND

Twelve names have been added to the waiting list of the Rockland Woman's Club. The club has a membership of 300.

QUINCY

R. Walter Hillard, Grand Warden of the Grand Commandery Knights Templars of Massachusetts and Rhode Island will make an official visit to Quincy Commandery at its conclave tonight. The Red Cross and Temple degrees will be exemplified.

WAKEFIELD

The selectmen have issued building permits to Mrs. Clara C. Feindel to remodel a house and build a new $3000 frame dwelling at 10 and 12 Franklin street; to David M. Wood for a $2500 house on Berkshire street and to Elmore C. Temple for a garage.

STONEHAM

The selectmen have issued the following building permits: L. A. Holden (with contract) to shingle and repair the armory of company H, sixth regiment; Lorenzo Hoyt, alterations in Morrills block; Joseph Butler, frame dwelling off West street; Mrs. C. A. Bessey, dwelling house on Cedar avenue; Mrs. J. Ingraham, building at 37 Main street.

READING

Enterprise Rebekah lodge, I. O. O. F., will have its annual roll call Tuesday evening and members of Woburn Rebekah lodge will be entertained.

Mrs. Olivetta S. Wells, deputy supreme governor, of Somerville, will install the new officers of What Cheer colony, U. O. P. F., as this evening's meeting.

DOVER

The Young Peoples Religious Union has organized with these officers: President, C. H. Woodbury; vice-president, C. B. Thompson; secretary and treasurer, Miss Evelyn Bean; executive committee, Leon Bean, Miss Ruth Thompson and George Munroe.

ARLINGTON

Francis Gould post 36, G. A. R., will meet in Grand Army hall next Thursday evening to plan for the annual inspection of the post, to be held Nov. 9. Past Commander Alfred H. Knowles has been detailed by the department inspector to attend the meeting of the Dorchester G. A. R. next week and to inspect the post.

STONEHAM

As a result of the efforts of the transportation committee of the new Board of Trade, the town now has 10-minute car service from Sullivan square to Spot pond from 5 to 6:20 p. m. The committee is now working to get 10-minute service throughout rush hours and also cars over the Elm street line.

EAST LEXINGTON

Mrs. George Willis Cooke will entertain the members of the Sunshine Club at her home on Massachusetts avenue Wednesday afternoon.

NEEDHAM

The New Century Club will give a charity party in Kingsbury hall on Wednesday afternoon. Mrs. Lillian H. Suren will be the hostess.

PLAYHOUSE NEWS

"The Garden of Allah" Produced

"The Garden of Allah," a dramatization by Robert Hichens and Mrs. Mary Anderson-Navarro of Mr. Hichens' novel of that name, was produced on Saturday afternoon in the Century theater at New York. Some of the newspapers yesterday said of it:

The Tribune—"If you have not read the book you may, at times, wonder what it is all about and why some things are as they are. The dramatic moments are few; the spectacular moments are incessant."

The Sun—"George Tyler and his assistants have converted 'The Garden of Allah' in its stage form into a gorgeous picture book which cannot fail to be of engrossing interest to those who already have learned to know and love the figures in this romance of the desert."

The World—"It is a huge melodrama of the stencil type which will exert its appeal less on account of its intrinsic value as drama than because of the sensitive, beautiful scenery and the bizarre, brilliant pageantry with which it is surrounded."

The Evening Telegram—"Here was a series of superb stage pictures that feasted the eye from the moment the curtain rose on the belted sands at dawn, with the camels and the horses and all the paraphernalia of the caravan passing before the rising sun, until it fell on the luxurious garden in the desert, where Larbi's flute made witching music to the accompaniment of flowing waters and sighing tropical boughs."

* * *

Pierre Veber Defends Mme. Simone's Art

Mme. Simone's acting in "The Thief" in New York received such a generally cool critical reception from the reviewers as to bring forth a unique cabled protest from Pierre Veber, the French dramatist.

M. Veber in the course of a 500-word cablegram to the New York Herald said:

"It is not often that a French actress speaks English well enough to be able to appear on the stage without exciting ridicule, and the task is still more difficult in serious drama.

"The judgment of the New York critics, whose sincerity and independence are widely known, was therefore awaited with keen interest. To our intense astonishment what they find to blame in Mme. Simone is a 'lack of emotion.'

"Mme. Simone's temperament is perhaps somewhat rebellious to tenderness and grace, but it seems to me that this actress is gifted in a very high degree with the qualities of strength, intensity and power.

"She acts with absolute truth and conviction. Not alone does she put her soul into her work, but in a measure she dominates her part.

"The World refuses to place Mme. Simone by the side of Mme. Sarah Bernhardt. There is no need to do so. Mme. Sarah Bernhardt is an actress of the romantic, unreal school; Mme. Simone is a comedienne of life as we live it today, and no comparison is possible. The same critic denies emotion to our compatriot. That again depends on what we mean by emotion.

"The Tribune critic is more severe. He says she lacks 'supreme art.' I hold that Mme. Simone's art, compounded of sincerity, exactness and intelligence, is an art altogether French and epitomizes the perfection of our teaching.

"The Times critic says that 'disappointment came in the second act—that of the confession.' At Paris this was the act which won success."

* * *

New Lights for "Blue Bird"

Lee Shubert and George Tyler will supervise the installation today of a novel rainbow system of 60,000 incandescent lights in the Shubert theater expressly for the New theater production of Maeterlinck's "Blue Bird," which will begin a three week's run Tuesday night. To rehearse these lighting and other effects, the theater will remain dark tonight.

* * *

Here and There

Howell Hansel, long a popular leading man in Boston stock company productions, has joined the Lindsay Morison stock company at the Auditorium, Lynn, and is acting the leading role in "The Virginian" this week.

Forbes Robertson has begun his American tour in Brooklyn in "The Passing of the Third Floor Back." He will act in the South, in Canada and on the Pacific coast. Next season he plans to return for a tour in "Othello," "The Merchant of Venice," "Hamlet," Shaw's "Caesar and Cleopatra," and Kipling's "The Light that Failed."

Arrangements are being made to present "The Shepherd King" in England.

William H. Crane is to become an actor manager. With Joseph Brooks, he has sub-leased for a season the Garrick theater, New York, opening Nov. 27 with his own company of players in Martha Morton's new comedy, entitled "The Senator Keeps House." Later this season, or perhaps not until next year, he will present "The Golden Calf," by the Rev. William S. Danforth, and several of his earlier successes, notably "His Wife's Father," "Brother John," "A Fool of Fortune" and "A Virginia Courtship," and will also be seen in Shakespeare's "The Merry Wives of Windsor," in which he played Sir John Falstaff with great success.

Sarah Bernhardt is working now over her forthcoming production of Victor Hugo's play, "Lucrezia Borgia."

Miss Helen Lowell is to star in a revival of "The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary," which served Miss May Robson for three seasons.

A. H. Woods has bought the American rights to "A Modern Eve," a popular new Viennese musical comedy.

Miss Eva Tanguay is now star of the musical play called "Little Miss Fixit," which until last week was acted by Nora Bayes and Jack Norworth.

* * *

Coming Boston Attractions

Oct. 30—"Pomander Walk," Plymouth; "The Three Romeos," Colonial; "The Right of Way," Castle Square.

Nov. 2—Revival of "Ben Hur," Boston.

Nov. 6—Frank McIntyre in "Snobs," Hollis; Charles Klein's new play "The Outsiders," Majestic.

RECALL OF MAYOR NOT NECESSARY SAYS GOOD GOVERNMENT

As the last word before the voters of Boston pass on the proposition of recalling Mayor Fitzgerald at the state election, the Good Government Association has issued a long document from its headquarters declaring that the necessary emergency for recalling the mayor does not exist at this time, though it declares the association does not want to create the impression that the administration is indorsed by it.

When shown the statement of the association Mayor Fitzgerald said: "The Good Government Association is now regarded as a joke. Mr. Bottomley must earn the liberal salary paid him, so, therefore, at stated intervals says something."

The Good Government Association statement is in part as follows:

At the next state election a new feature of the Boston charter will be tried for the first time. We shall see the working of the recall. Each voter will read at the end of his ballot the question: "Shall there be an election for mayor at the next municipal election?" and opposite to this he must mark either Yes or No. If a majority of the registered voters vote in the affirmative, then an election for mayor will be held next January. At that election the name of the present incumbent goes on the ballot without any nomination papers by the citizens. The mayor chosen at such an election holds office for four years, subject likewise to a similar recall at the end of his second year.

There are two striking provisions about this form of recall which show at once the part it as intended to play in the working of the charter. In the first place, it is not a majority of the votes cast, but a majority of the registered voters who must favor a new election. As the registration will be over 110,000, at least 55,000 must actually vote for the recall. Such a vote is not possible unless the electorate is stirred over the administration of affairs and its feeling seeks an outlet in this change.

In the second place the result of the election following the recall, in whichever way it is decided, gives the new mayor a four years term. In other words, the recall provision of the charter proceeds in the assumption that affairs have reached such a pass that a new deal is necessary. An emergency has arisen. It is not enough that things are bad. They must be worse confounded, so much so that the last weapon must be employed.

Unless it is an emergency, it is not enough that things may be bad. They may be so, and yet the recall be unnecessary. In politics, as in life, the ordinary aches and pains must be borne.

The question, therefore, that every voter at the state election must put to himself is: Has John F. Fitzgerald created such an emergency in the affairs of Boston that he should be recalled? To answer this question it is necessary to come to some decision about the present administration.

Perhaps the two things above all others by which a mayor may be judged are his attitude on the finances of the city and his appointments; in other words, his methods of raising money and his methods of spending it. In the first administration of Mayor Fitzgerald the pernicious system of borrowing for current expenses reached its height. Everything was pushed off on to the future by the use of loans.

When we say, therefore, that in our opinion the emergency for the recall contemplated by the charter does not now exist we must not be understood as approving the present administration. Its motives have not changed. It has done good things under compulsion and would do equally bad things where not restrained.

We can make no progress in the development of our civic spirit while it remains. Matters may not advance, but they will at least mark time until the next election, when the administration as a whole and the acts of its full term will come up for judgment. We urge every voter, however, to record his judgment on the administration by voting on the recall

As we have pointed out in the past, there were sometimes two loans for a repetition of the same improvement on the same street at the same time. So that the present generation got a double enjoyment at the expense of those coming after.

The new and improved city council, which was created by the charter amendments, put a check on this system, and it is fair to say that under the present administration there has been an improvement in this respect. The mayor started out with proposals for loans. The council insisted, in most instances, that these be charged into expenditures from the appropriations, so that finally the mayor himself has seen the expediency of abandoning the old-time methods.

A majority of the council, Attridge, Ballantyne, Collins, Kenny and McDonald, have stood steadily for the better financial methods, and they have been able to curb the financial eccentricities of the other four. There therefore exists no emergency for the recall, so far as the finances are concerned, although dependence has to be placed in the council for continuing this opposition.

In the matter of appointments the charter provided the now historic check of the civil service commission. It was certainly well for the city that this check was provided, although perhaps not well for the members of the commission, since the rejected appointees succeeded in preventing the reappointment of the chairman, Charles Warren, and hope to remove still another, Elmer Curtiss, if Governor Foss is reelected.

According to a report of the finance commission rendered a year ago, 23 appointments to paid positions out of 37 had been rejected up to that time by the civil service commission, and of 22 new appointments to paid positions as heads of important departments, 15 appear to have been made as rewards for political support, and of these 15 12 were not approved.

Since then the record has been somewhat better, and in several instances, including Rourke, the superintendent of the streets, and Daly, the fire commissioner, the mayor has made distinctly good appointments.

Again, another check provided by the charter stood between the city and an inefficient order of things, and so long as the commission retains its present membership this protection will doubtless be continued. It is so with many acts of the administration. The active intervention of the checks of the charter, the passive underlying realization that such checks existed, have both operated to restrain political impulse.

THE BOSTON HERALD
Said Editorially:

That Shawmut avenue woman who, on discovering a suspicious looking man in her house, first chatted with him and then called the police by telephone, did the prompt thinking of which the police would like to see more evidence. The police stations have facilities for sending a policeman or a squad of them to any place at short notice. A telephone call is all that is needed to set the force in motion. Many housewives forget at times that the telephone is about the best kind of watchdog they can have.

Herald Oct. 10.

In emergencies, when police or firemen may be wanted, the telephone is the quickest and most trustworthy messenger.

No timid woman should be left alone when, under the new rates, residence telephone service can be had as cheaply as 6 cents a day. Even if no danger threatens, its mere presence is a comfort.

Call the Rate Department, Fort Hill 7600 (free from any Metropolitan District Telephone) and a Contract Agent will give particulars.

NEW ENGLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

MRS. MAUD W. PARK TELLS PROGRESS OF WOMANKIND

That the social status of woman is improving in every country in the world, even in the Orient, is the statement of Mrs. Maud Wood Park, who told of observations she had made on a recent trip around the world in an address at the regular Sunday meeting in Ford hall.

Mrs. Park thought it ridiculous that in the United States, where the boast is of a government "by and for the people," women should have to beg for representation in public affairs from cracker boxes in the public streets most of the states.

Volunteer violin selections by Carmen A. Fabrizio, accompanied on the piano by Alfred di Pesa, met with warm appreciation.

FIRE DESTROYS MILTON STABLE

More than 100 horses perished when fire destroyed the stables of the John Winslow Company, contractors, at Milton on Sunday night. As there was no hydrant on the Milton side of the Neponset river fire engines from Boston pumped water through hose laid across the Granite bridge. This gave little force and handicapped the firemen. The loss is over $40,000.

AT RAILROAD TERMINALS

Hugh Steele, track supervisor of the Boston Terminal Company, is installing heavy manganese steel rails and frogs on tracks used by Boston & Albany steel equipment, in South station yard and train shed.

The Mexican Central Railway private car Zamoro, occupied by Chairman Henry Clay Pierce and party, passed through Boston today en route from Beverly Farms, Mass., to New York city via the New Haven road's Shore line.

For the New England Fox Hunt Club, n route to Belchertown, Mass., today, the Boston & Maine road's Massachusetts Central line furnished special service from North station at 1:40 p. m.

George A. Tower, a New Haven road veteran Boston and Plymouth passenger conductor, is speding a 30 days' vacation motoring through New Hampshire and Vermont.

The Maine Central railway private car No. 1000, occupied by Vice-President and General Manager Morris McDonald and party, passed through Boston today en route from Portland, Me., to New York city via Springfield.

The private Pullman cars Olympia and Blenheim, occupied by Harry Lauder and company, were attached to the New Haven road's Newport express en route to Fall River from South station at 8:50 o'clock this morning.

Frank Marsh, superintendent of buildings for the Boston Terminal Company, has a force of men renewing the South staion express track platforms and baggage elevator lifts.

FINDINGS FAIL TO SUIT RAILWAY MEN OF ENGLAND

LONDON—The report of the railway commission in Great Britain has caused meetings of protest among railway men, and it is declared that the findings will not be accepted.

A resolution was adopted at a gathering in Sheffield refusing to accept the commission's findings and asking that the executives of the various unions immediately convene a national conference to frame better conditions for employment and to submit the plan forthwith to the railway companies for adoption.

Directory of Leading Hotels

BERMUDA
Hamilton—Victoria Lodge.

CALIFORNIA
Los Angeles—Hotel Lankershim.
San Francisco—Hotel St. Francis.

IDAHO
Boise—The Owyhee.

ILLINOIS
Chicago—Grand Pacific Hotel.

LOUISIANA
New Orleans—The St. Charles.

MAINE
Portland—Hotel Falmouth.

MICHIGAN
Grand Rapids—The Herkimer Hotel.

NEW YORK
New York—Hotel Imperial.

MASSACHUSETTS
Boston—Hotel Lenox.
Springfield—Clinton Hall.
Springfield—Cooley's Hotel.
Worcester—Warren Hotel.

PENNSYLVANIA
Philadelphia—Aldine Hotel.

TEXAS
San Antonio—The Gunter.

VIRGINIA
Fortress Monroe—Hotel Chamberlin.

WASHINGTON
Spokane—Hotel Victoria.

WISCONSIN
Milwaukee—Hotel Maryland.

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AUTOMOBILE PAINT "shops of quality" are few; this is one C. N. CURRIER, 130 Brookside ave., Jamaica Plain.

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WHAT EDITORS ARE SAYING

CURRENT topics are dealt with in the selected editorial comments presented today.

NEW YORK MAIL—It is no longer safe to say that "China never changes." The China that confronts us today is already a changed China. It is a China of a myriad newspapers and of a strangely active public opinion. Railroads are building. The pigtails are coming off. Ideas have crept in. If the Chinese really wish to be free let us bid them godspeed in the attempt.

PROVIDENCE JOURNAL—The Asquith government is engaged in the greatest physical valuation scheme ever projected, nothing short of ascertaining "officially" the "site" value of every square foot of land in the United Kingdom. This is in pursuance of the letter and intent of the last finance bill, a measure famed more particularly as precipitating the downfall of the lords, but in some other respects historical. When the internal revenue office settled down to the enormous task it found that the number of hereditaments amounts to 11,000,000 or so. To study all these for the purpose of declaring their valuation is requiring the services of a great army of functionaries. The burden on the treasury correspondingly threatens to make the British taxpayer wince.

CHICAGO RECORD-HERALD — Again the United States geological survey calls attention to the failure to develop the great deposits of peat in the country as a substitute for coal and wood in furnaces and stoves and under boilers. For years it has been a matter of common knowledge that in many parts of the country immense peat deposits await proper treatment to transform them into fuel. In some sections more or less important ventures have been made in the way of development. In very few cases, however, have these ventures been carried to satisfactory success. In some parts of the old world noticeable progress has been made in reducing the peat development business to a commercial basis. Our people are fairly well informed concerning the facts. They know what has been done abroad and appreciate what might be done at home. Still acres upon acres of peat of practically unknown depth and value, especially in eastern and northern sections, await the plans of the promoters and the work of the practical developers.

WORCESTER TELEGRAM—A western Australia inventor is reported as having made a spark arrester for locomotives that will prevent the spilling of a cinder on the way, regardless of how fierce the fire may be in the engine. It is spoken of as being a self-cleaner, to revolve by the force of draft, and to cost only a small amount. It is a combination of two fans with gauze vanes to revolve in opposite directions, controlled by gearing, and is adjusted by the easy process of putting it over the top of the funnel. It is claimed in Australia that when a locomotive carries one of these spark arresters it is as clean in its operation as an electric motor, and that there need be no further bother about engines setting fires along the lines of railroads. There are many other spark arresters, but there are still plenty of sparks and fires and cinders hurtling through the air.

SAN FRANCISCO EXAMINER—In a short time now the oldest locomotive in the Americas will be put out of commission. It has spent an uneventful existence traveling over 13 miles of road between Carillon and Grenville, on the east side of the Ottawa river, not far from Quebec. It has run back and forth during the tourist season on the only broad-gauged road on the continent. Now that the property has been purchased by the Canadian Northern, it is hoped that a part of the track and the engine that was new when the gold rush to California was young may be preserved in a museum.

PITTSBURGH SUN—Sugar is to be a storm center, around which a tariff turmoil will rage at the coming session of Congress. . . . The bulk of the raw sugar coming to refiners in this country is from abroad, and the tariff they pay on it causes the mto add 2 cents a pound to the price they put on their product refined from this imported raw. The advocates of the sugar tariff contend that it is justified as an encouragement for the cultivation of cane in Louisiana and the sugar beet in Utah. The sugar trust has $20,000,000 of beet sugar capital. It is stated that beet sugar can be produced at less than 3 cents a pound. It is sold at more than double that price. Another extortion is cited in the case of sugar manufactured from Hawaiian cane. Although the Hawaiian raw goods come in without paying duty, the refiner holds his price up to the usual tariff-inflated figure.

ST. LOUIS GLOBE DEMOCRAT—When, day after day, 40,000 people turn out to witness a championship contest of baseball, and pay $75,000 for the privilege, the incident denotes a keenness of interest that has been growing constantly and is still in the ascending scale. In this final series of the year the study is necessarily one of fine points of the game, with victory inclining to small graduations of superiority where all is superior. A perfect game of ball would be one in which no runs could be made by either side, just as a flawless game at chess must inevitably be a draw. But a small advantage may lead to victory, or a slight defect or weak spot result in defeat. Under such circumstances a great audience must be made up of experts or it would not get hold of the essentials in the situation. As the education of an American in ball begins about as soon as he can hold one, and is followed up with a lively sense of enjoyment throughout the period of youth, the power of analyzing the game is developed to a high degree.

WHAT THE SHEARS SAY

RICH MAN'S LOOK

Wig—Why do you think he is rich? He looks as though he hadn't a cent in the world.

Wagg—Only a rich man can afford to look as though he hadn't a cent in the world.—Philadelphia Record.

OFF HIS BEAT

Knicker—Is the great detective's wife in the country?

Bocker—Yes, and he can't find any of his clothes in the bureau.—New York Sun.

SIZE COUNTS FOR SOMETHING

"Those ocean liners are splendid affairs."

"Yes," answered the woman who had been to a summer resort, "it's a splendid idea to build boats so large that nobody can rock them."—Washington Star.

WASHED IN THE RAW

"How did you enjoy your visit to your grandfather in the country, Rob?"

"Oh, it was fine, 'cept I had to wash my face and hands in raw water at the pump. I like it cooked best, like we have it at home."—Judge.

FLIGHT OF FANCY

"We have nothing for a frontispiece this month."

"Run a blank page with a fly speck near the top and label it the latest aeroplane."—Chicago Journal.

SHE COULD TELL

"You don't know what a 'thesaurus' is, Johnny" ejaculated Mrs. Lapsiling, reproachfully. "Your Uncle Horace has had one for years. He showed it to me once. It's a dictionary of cinnamon."—Chicago Tribune.

SIGN WAS ALL RIGHT

Recently in a Seattle shop appeared the sign, "We give $15 for 1909 Lincoln pennies." No less a person was attracted by this than Judge Watson. He walked up to the counter and laying down a penny triumphantly asked for $15. The clerk took the penny, examined it closely, asked if it were genuine, and after several minutes sighed and said he guessed it was good.

"Certainly it is," answered the judge. "Where is my $15."

"Where," said the clerk, "are the other 1908's"—Life.

HIS DEDUCTION

At a dull "author's reading" in a London house the hostess mercifully allowed her husband to slip from the room at the end of an hour.

In the anteroom he was indulging himself in a prodigious yawn, when he saw a footman fast asleep at his post near the door.

He stepped softly over to the man and awakened him.

"James," he said sternly, but with a twinkle in his eye, "I'm afraid you've been listening at the keyhole."—Spokane Chronicle.

THEY HAD TO SHOW HER

Little Elizabeth and her mother, says Lippincotts, were having luncheon together, and the mother, who always tried to impress facts upon her young daughter, said:

"These little sardines, Elizabeth, are sometimes eaten by the larger fish."

Elizabeth gazed at the sardines in wonder and then asked:

"But mother, how do the large fish get the cans open?"—New Orleans Picayune.

OFTEN HAPPENS THAT WAY

"Florida in the late winter and early spring is a delightful place to visit," said John Jacob Astor at tea beneath a palm at Palm Beach.

"But," said Mr. Astor, "some people think that in any Florida town for $1.50 a day they will get the luxury that we find here or in St. Augustine or in Miami.

"I know a man who, arriving at a kind of 'busted-boom' resort in the hammock land of Orange county, said to the hotel clerk, with a sarcastic smile:

"'It's wonderful what havoc time makes.'

"'Yes' said the clerk, politely.

"'Yes. I was thinking,' explained my friend, 'what a magnificent building this hotel was in the circular I saw before leaving New York yesterday—and, alas! look at it now.'"—New York Tribune.

CLASS OF IMMIGRANTS COMING HERE HIGHER DECLARES INSPECTOR

LAREDO, Tex.—The report of W. S. Staver, chief immigrant inspector, says in part:

"From a general study of the immigration question, as it presents itself on the Mexican border, it is found that the aggregate number of arrivals at the several border stations are materially increasing from year to year, and that the class of foreigners who now seek to enter the United States are of a better class than that which migrated to this country as recently as four years ago. Many of the middle classes of European countries and Mexico are now migrating to the United States, where but a few years ago only the poorer and laboring classes were imbued with the idea of migrating westward and northward to a country where they might better their conditions and obtain a competence for themselves and families.

"At many of the leading European ports of embarkation the 'Mexican route,' on account of its low steamship rates, has for the past few years been widely advertised, thus resulting in an increased amount of immigration by way of the southern border ports. Directing European passenger traffic by way of Mexico is the only impetus immigration through border parts receives, except that which naturally comes from Mexico direct."

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IN THE REALMS OF MUSIC

Miss Mary Garden was assisted at her concert in Symphony hall Sunday night by Paul Morenzo, tenor; Herbert Sachs-Hirsch, pianist, and Andre Benoist, accompanist. The program was: Tenor aria, "Cielo e mar," from "La Gioconda," Ponchielli; aria from "Louise," Charpentier; prelude No. 16, B-flat minor, Berceuse, D-flat major, etude in C minor, Chopin; aria from "Tosca," Puccini; Songs for tenor—Morgen, Richard Strauss; "Si tu etais un lac insondable," S. Stojowski; "Mattinata," Leoncavallo. Songs for soprano—Hawk song from "Natoma," Victor Herbert; ariette Nos. 1 and 2, Debussy; "Chanson Printaniere," Hue. Hungarian Rhapsody No. 8, Liszt. Aria from "Thais," Massenet.

Mr. Morenzo sang Henschel's song of "Dawn" instead of Strauss' "Morgen."

Miss Garden walking across the whiteness of Symphony hall stage in a flashing brilliant gown of emerald green velvet, her blonde head as gold as the border of the proscenium arch, was such a picture as the sedateness of the place has probably never witnessed before. One thought of the regal gravity of Mme. Melba, the winning charm of Mme. Sembrich, the dignity of Mme. Nordica, the girlish grace of Miss Farrar—here was something totally different from any one of them. Miss Garden's stage impersonations are no doubt what make her great rather than her excellent vocal powers; Melisande or the Juggler, Louise or Thais, she is what she is singing, and it seems impossible to fancy her for the time being as anything else. But she is something else, of course, and one waited the concert appearance to see what. But though it was Thais who came and went across the stage, so graciously responsive to the mad plaudits of the packed hall, just as it was Thais who stood there singing that she must know she will be beautiful forever, still one hesitates, knowing the marvelous art of woman, to say that this character is nearest Miss Garden's own human nature. Shall we not rather say that her consummate insight into the hearts of humanity showed her that Thais was the woman who most would please and hold the audience? And so she was Thais.

And we remember how Thais changed at last and ceased to care that her mirror told her that she was beautiful; how Thais began to seek to be "beautiful within." One feels the splendid gifts in this noted woman of our day and waits to see her too turn them yet to higher account than picturing the emotional stresses of a Tosca, a Louise, a Carmen, even the pathos of a Melisande, so that a big popular audience loses its head over her and finds it all run to their applauding palms.

Those who had just heard the "Louise" aria sung as Mme. Gluck sang it were sorry to hear it thickened and muddied and wrenched all to pieces. There was drama here, but the music of Mme. Gluck was better than the intensities of Miss Garden. In the "Tosca" prayer the singer appeared to be scolding—with frown and emphatic shakes of the head supposedly bowed in prayer. The Debussy airs were sung exquisitely in many respects. The phrasing, especially the ending of the phrases, is often perfect. Above all one acclaims the marvelous enunciation which made every last syllable of her English singing clear and enables unaccustomed ears to follow her French and Italian. In her use of these two languages one might say that she was more intelligible to Americans than singers native to the tongue are. Whether this be praise or blame one need not decide. Miss Garden sang at last the "If I love you beware of me" aria from Carmen, wonderfully. Her "Annie Laurie" was a marvel of diction and simple appeal.

Her support was applauded with what is the height of enthusiasm for Symphony hall as a rule and were both compelled to respond to encores.

We have said that Miss Garden was Thais; was she pedhaps Natoma, after all, with the bright green feathers standing out around her head? For in Natoma, primitive woman, is every other woman implicit.

Miss Garden sang in Boston to listeners who wished to know what the grand opera audiences of the country have done in the way of training up a performer to express the national art impulses. A vast amount of American energy has been expended in developing this lyric interpreter and they were keen to ascertain how well that energy has been spent. It is important to the maintenance of the national art equilibrium that the great opera sopranos present themselves before the concert public in the course of the musical season; such a procedure teaches the singers just how much of the popular art ideal they are absorbing into their work and it puts the general public in sympathy with what the musical organizers of the day are attempting to do.

Miss Garden made a triumph in Symphony hall; she captured a city. That is a considerable thing to do. But regard what she accomplished a week ago, when she followed the Boston Opera House orchestra to Maine. Under the leadership of William R. Chapman, organizer of the autumn music festivals in Bangor and Portland, she captured in two days an entire state; she made the people of Maine aware of the interpretive movement in music which lately has been working out in two or three music centers of the country; made them aware of it and included them in it. And so she broadened the national art territory and strengthened the claim of America to a position among the musical nations of the world.

Thalberg, going out of one of Chopin's recitals, where the composer had charmed his circle with the delicate traceries and breathless pianissimos of his playing, began to talk to Hiller in a very loud voice. Hiller, astonished, asked why he spoke so loud. Thalberg answered: Oh, I don't know. I suppose because I feel as if I must do something loud after hearing all those pianissimos."

And in this connection it is interesting to remember that it was Thalberg whom Liszt routed from his usurped throne in the hearts of the Paris public. For Saturday was the day of the Liszt centenary, and it was on Saturday that Boston—or as much of it as could be crammed into Jordan hall, filling even the stage, crowded to hear De Pachmann play. So Liszt, the thunderous, drew and held his adoring public.

De Pachmann's program was: Rondo Capriccioso, Op. 14, F. Mendelssohn-Bartholdy; Pastorale, G major, arranged by L. Godowsky, Corelli; Etude de Concert No. 7, D major, A. Henselt; Concert-Allegro, A major, arranged by L. Godowsky, Domenico Scarlatti; Nocturne, No. 15, No. 1, F major; Prelude, Op. 18, No. 24, D minor; Mazurka, dedicated to Emile Gaillard; Etude, Op. 10, No. 1, C major; Etude, Op. 10, No. 12, C minor; Third ballade, Op. 47, A flat, Chopin; La Fileuse, Raff-Henselt; Perpetuum mobile, Weber-Pachmann; Paraphrase de concert "Rigoletto," Verdi-Liszt.

His program held a motto, "It is youth that has golden wings." This expresses De Pachmann. When he spoke, or glanced, or played an elfish trick with the keys, ripples of mirth went all around the hall. But one shrank from the laughter. That was not what the player was trying to evoke. One saw that De Pachmann is not a poseur—not a searcher of popular sensibilities or risibilities. He is a child. He has never grown up. He plays his wonderful music with the unconscious spontaneity of a child, and child-like wants the world to sympathize with him. He knows what his critics say, and before the Chopin ballade he paused to remark that though the piece was marked "appassionato" this does not necessarily mean "forte fortissimo." He said: "I can do three f's if I choose, but this piece should never have more than one f." So he played it and made another work—a lovely deep poem—of this hackneyed concert piece—a songful ballad, not a tragic drama. This is something to the good—a new work by Chopin—is it not? The theme that comes in with the octaves was the skip of a tricksy sprite, and the player looked his own pleasure in the delicacy here where most players place brilliant declamation.

The prelude in D minor is another work which is always heard as something broad and grand; De Pachmann is content to make it a thing of consummate beauty. The C minor etude, called La Revolution and played for that, was without tragedy, and was pure Chopin, of reverie and dream. Of course De Pachmann stands nearer the generation of Chopin, and no doubt clings to the traditions of the composer's own interpretations. Modern players find that Chopin's lack of virile energy in his own playing is no proof that this quality may not have existed in his composition; and so they play the music as they find it. De Pachmann finds it something so different that we can only be grateful for his poetry and come away from his concert feeling as if we had looked upon the happy peaceful pleasures of the golden age of youth.

For this pianist does not seem to lift one to the pure, perhaps austere, heights of the piano's ideality. The greatness of which piano music may be the medium, that which made Liszt call it the Olympic instrument, does not appear when De Pachmann plays. But the sheer beauty of things, the sweetness of the early world, before men grew up to and above the storm and stress, this is inimitably perfect in him. For this we give thanks in a world where there are so many pianists who know nothing but ivory and wire and noise; we rejoice in the tender, purling charm of "La Fileuse" as we rejoice in the brook and in the June breeze. He makes even the monotonous "Perpetuum mobile" as lovely as the repetitions of the leafy trees. Everything he touches reminds us of nature where every prospect pleases.

The Verdi-Liszt number, even, was imbued with his own qualities and passages were lovely that are sometimes bombast. At the end there was the merry hint of stagedom, and tawdry theatricism was exposed at a turn of the wrist by a master to whom music must be something lovely and sincere.

Andre Caplet, conductor of the French operas of the Boston opera company, and Leo Devaux, his stage manager, have arrived in Boston, and will start work at once on the rehearsals of the French repertory. With them has come also Miss Lucette de Lievin.

"The French operas this season," says Mr. Caplet, "are to play an important part, and I have spent all the time since I left Boston in studying with artists, arranging plans, consulting with composers, and I expect that we will have performances worthy of the renown of the Boston Opera House."

Mr. Caplet says that Mr. Maeterlinck assured him recently that he was coming to America this season. Paris Figaro, according to a New York Sun despatch, quotes a letter from Maeterlinck in which he says he does not intend to visit America, and that his wife, Mme. Georgette Leblanc, will go in December without him.

CENTENARY OF FRANZ LISZT

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—Sunday was the hundredth anniversary of the birth of Franz Liszt, who was born at Raiding, in Hungary, on Oct. 22, 1811. His father, Adam Liszt, was an official in the imperial service, and it was from him that Franz Liszt received his first piano lessons at the age of 6. As a child he showed extraordinary facility for the piano, his memory, ear and sight reading being quite wonderful, and his fingers naturally very strong and supple. At the age of 9 he made his first appearance in public, when he played at a concert at Oedenburg Ries' E flat major concerto and an improvisation of his own. So impressed were some Hungarian noblemen by his performance on this occasion that they guaranteed between them a sum of money to enable him to continue his studies for six years. For this purpose he went to Vienna, where he was put under Czerny for the pianoforte and under Salieri and Randhartinger for composition.

In 1823 he was sent to Paris, where it was hoped he would be admitted to the Conservatoire. Owing, however, to a regulation excluding any one who was not a Frenchman and which Cherubini refused to waive, this was impossible, and he continued his studies under Reicha and Paer. In the year 1825 his first serious attempt at composition, an opera in one act entitled "Don Sanche," was produced at the Academie Royale and well received, and in the years 1824, 1825, 1827 he visited England, playing at London, Manchester and elsewhere. The score of this work was believed to be destroyed in the fire at the opera in 1873, but in 1904 M. Jean Chautavoine discovered it in the handwriting of the copyist. During his residence in Paris he became friends with many of the leaders of French literature, Victor Hugo, Lamartine, George Sand. Nevertheless, Liszt can hardly be said to have been a serious thinker on any subject but music.

The concert which Liszt gave during the latter part of his stay in Paris created for him such a reputation as a pianist that he was persuaded, though apparently somewhat against his will, to adopt the career of a virtuoso proper. From 1839 to 1847 he traveled almost incessantly from one country to another, being received everywhere with enormous enthusiasm. In 1849 he settled at Weimar, where he lived for 12 years and became conductor of the Court theater in this town. Liszt appears to have accepted this post with the deliberate intention of helping the rising musical generation by performing works of promise which might not otherwise have been heard at that time. Among these were performed "Lohengrin," "Tannhaeuser," and the "Flying Dutchman" of Wagner, "Benvenuto Cellini" by Berlioz, Schumann's "Genoveva," and music to Byron's "Manfred." It seemed for a time as if this small town was again going to become the artistic center of Germany as it was in the time of Goethe and Schiller. During this period he took innumerable pupils, among whom may be mentioned Hans von Buelow, and he also labored unceasingly for Wagner and Berlioz. He had an unfailing eye for genius but drew upon himself the antagonism of all conservative Germany. At a time when musicians saw little or nothing in Wagner, Liszt recognized in him the creator of a new era in music.

About the year 1859 he left his official position in Weimar, after which he lived at intervals at Rome, Pest and Weimar.

The compositions of what might be called Liszt's mature period may be classed under four headings:

First, works for the piano with or without orchestral accompaniment, of which perhaps the two concertos and the 15 Hungarian rhapsodies are the most important. Second, the orchestral section, in which may be included the "Faust" and "Dante" symphonies and the 12 symphonic poems. Third, sacred compositions. Fourth, songs.

Whatever may be thought of Liszt as a composer, it is impossible not to admire the generosity of his character, for no amount of ingratitude prevented him from displaying the human kindness so characteristic of his nature.

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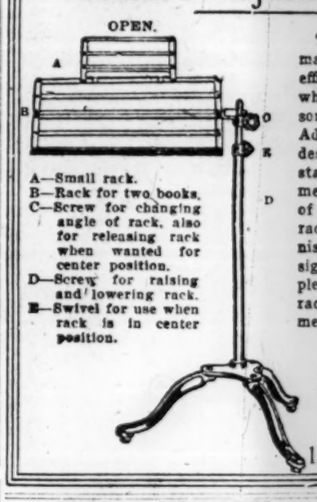

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There has long been a demand for an inexpensive and efficient reading stand for use when studying the weekly lesson. This want the Student's Adjustable Reading Stand is designed to meet. It is substantially constructed of light metal (cast iron feet, upright of steel tubing and sheet steel rack) and finished in burnished copper. Its design is graceful and pleasing. Feet and rack folded for shipment.

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NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Metropolitan Park Commission.—Notice is hereby given that proposals for furnishing tow boats to be used in breaking ice in the channels of the Charles River Basin will be received at the office of the Metropolitan Park Commission, 14 Beacon St., Boston, Mass., until 12 o'clock M. of Monday, November 6, 1911, at which time and place the bids will be publicly opened and read. The boats shall be not less than 70 feet long, 18 feet beam, and shall have engines of not less than 250 horsepower. The price shall be quoted at a rate per hour, for not less than 8 hours' work on any one order, and the time shall be computed from the time the boat arrives at the entrance to the Charles River Dam lock until it leaves this lock to return to its wharf, with deductions for any delays from causes beyond the control of the Commission. During the time of employment the boats will be under the direction and subject to the orders of the Engineer of the Commission, or other duly authorized agents. The bidder will also be required to furnish evidence that he is able to substitute other boats of equal capacity in case of accident, either to the boat or machinery while in use, in case the machinery or boat breaks down, no compensation will be made for the time that the boat is unable to work. Boat must be sent to the work within 4 hours' notice of the time it is required by the Engineer of the Commission or other duly authorized agents. In the employment of mechanics and laborers, on the work to be done under this contract, preference shall be given to citizens of the Commonwealth, and, if they cannot be had in sufficient numbers, then to citizens of the United States. (Chapter 311 of the Acts of 1904.) Neither the Contractor nor his agents or employees shall, either directly or indirectly, require as a condition of the employment of any person that the employee shall lodge, board or trade at any particular place or with a particular person, but every employee shall lodge, board or trade where and with whom he elects. (Revised Laws, chapter 106, section 13.) No laborer, workman or mechanic working within this Commonwealth in the employ of the contractor, sub-contractor or other person doing or contracting to do the whole or a part of the work contemplated by the contractor shall be requested or required to work more than eight hours in any one calendar day. (Chapter 494 of the Acts of 1911.) The Commission reserves the right to reject any and all proposals or to accept the proposal deemed best for the Commonwealth. WILLIAM B. DE LAS CASAS, EDWIN U. CURTIS, DAVID N. SKILLINGS, ELLERTON P. WHITNEY, EVERETT C. BENTON, Metropolitan Park Commission; JOHN R. RABLIN, Engineer.

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

¶ Leave your Free Want Ads. with the following newsdealers. They will send them to this office.

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Stefano Badesa, 34 Atlantic ave.
Barney Brown, 368 Cambridge st.
A. F. Bolt, 675 Shawmut ave.
G. A. Harvey, 475 Columbus ave.
F. Kendrick, 772 Tremont st.
Arthur C. Lane, 59 Charles st.
Jennie Marzynski, 104 Eliot st.
Chas. A. Ochs & Co., 1781 Washington.
P. E. Richardson, 538 Tremont st.
Minard & Thompson, 797 Harrison ave
EAST BOSTON.
H. L. Buswell, 1042 Saratoga st.
A. Cawthorne, 312 Meridian st.
Richard McDonnell, 80 Meridian st.
Miss J. Annie Taylor, 279 Meridian st.
SOUTH BOSTON.
Howard Frisbee, 104 Dorchester st.
T. A. Kenney, 70 West Broadway.
S. D. James, 365 West Broadway.
ALLSTON.
J. W. Dunn, 30 Franklin st.
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ANDOVER.
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AYER.
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BRIGHTON.
E. F. Perry, 338 Washington st.
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BROCKTON.
George C. Holmes, 58 Main st.
E. M. Thompson, 17 Center st.
CAMBRIDGE.
Amee Bros., Harvard square.
F. L. Buenke, 563 Massachusetts ave.
CANTON.
George B. Loud.
CHELSEA.
Jas. Blandford, 128 Winnisimmet st.
Smith Brothers, 196 Broadway.
William Corson, 2 Washington ave.
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Danvers News Agency.
EAST CAMBRIDGE.
D. B. Shaughnessy, 278 Cambridge st.
NORTH CAMBRIDGE.
James W. Hunnewell, 2074 Mass. ave.
CHARLESTOWN.
S. A. Wilcox, 7 Main st.
DORCHESTER.
B. H. Hunt, 1466 Dorchester ave.
Charles A. O'Donnell, 205 Bowdoin st.
EVERETT.
M. B. French, 434 Broadway.
J. H. MacDonald, Glendale square.
FALL RIVER.
J. W. Mills, newsdealer, 41 So. Main.
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FOREST HILLS.
C. G. Ochs, 8 Hyde Park ave.
GLOUCESTER.
Frank M. Shurtleff, 114 Main st.
HAVERHILL.
William E. How, 27 Washington sq.
HUDSON.
Charles G. Fairbanks Co., 23 Main st.
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Barrett & Cannon, 114 South st.
P. F. Dresser, 731 Center st.
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G. C. Prince & Son, 108 Merrimac st.
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B. N. Breed, 33 Market square.
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W. C. Morse, 94 Washington st.
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MEDFORD HILLSIDE.
Frank B. Gilman, 334 Boston ave.
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READING.
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ROXBURY.
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Benjamin DeYoung, 374 Blue Hill ave.
A. P. Williams, 99 Warren st.
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W. E. Robbins, Egleston square.
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A. F. Goldsmith & Co., 4 Barton sq.
SOMERVILLE.
G. T. Bailey, 245 Pearl st., Winter Hill.
H. W. Leach, 365 Somerville ave.
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J. F. Eber.
SPRINGFIELD.
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STONEHAM.
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G. F. Briggs, 273 Wash. st., Newton.
W. F. Woodman, 1241 Center st., Newton Center.
C. H. Stacey, P. O. bldg., W. Newton.
A. V. Harrington, Coles block, 395 Center st., Newton.
T. A. Geist, 421 Washington st., Newtonville.
Charles H. Stacy, West Newton.
WALTHAM.
E. S. Ball, 609 Main st.
W. N. Towne, 229 Moody st.
WAVERLEY.
W. J. Kewer, 18 Church st.
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BRIDGEPORT.
Bridgeport News Company, 248-250 Middle st.
NEW HAVEN.
The Connecticut News Company, 204-206 State st.

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BANGOR—O. C. Bean.
BATH—L. B. Swett & Co.
LEWISTON.
N. D. Estes, 80 Lisbon st.
PORTLAND.
J. W. Peterson, 177 Middle st.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
CONCORD.
W. C. Gibson, 106 North Main st.
Eugene Sullivan & Co., 1 No. Main st.
MANCHESTER.
L. T. Mead (City News Company), 12 Hanover st.
NASHUA—Spaulding & Trow.
PORTSMOUTH.
Portsmouth News Agency, 21 Congress st.

RHODE ISLAND.
WESTERLY—A. N. Nash.

VERMONT.
NEWPORT.
C. F. Bigelow, Bigelow's Pharmacy.
ST. JOHNSBURY.
Randall & Whitcomb, 27 Main st.

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—MALE

ACTIVE YOUNG MAN, willing to work and make himself useful in our shipping room as nailer. JOHN R. AINSLEY & CO., Harrison ave., cor. Beach st., Boston. 26

AN OFFICE issuing high-grade publications has good opening for young man of salesmanlike ability, who will start at the bottom as a solicitor of advertising and work up into permanent position of responsibility. THE RIVERDALE PRESS, Brookline, Mass. 25

AN STABLEMAN wanted, $10.50 week. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

A. R. PRINTER AND CYLINDER FEEDER in Newton, $15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

BOY—Wanted, a good, capable boy who wants to learn all we know about our business. Apply by letter only. ALBERT E. HALE CO., 3 P. O. sq., Springfield, Mass. 23

BOY wanted to help about country place. Call at 120 Tremont st., room 313, at 12:45 noon. J. R. BROWN. 28

BOY—Wanted at once, office and errand boy. EVERETT PIANO CO., Albany and Wareham sts., Boston. 27

BOY—Wanted, a bright boy who resides with his parents (14-16) to learn the wholesale paint business; good recommendation required. ASAHEL WHEELER CO., 58 High st., Boston. 23

BUSHELMAN wanted, first class; ladies' and gents'; permanent. SAMUEL BROOKS, Palmer, Mass. 27

CARPET LAYER wanted, experienced, at once. Apply superintendent's office, HENRY SIEGEL CO., Boston. 26

CARRIAGE PAINTER, FINISHER AND STRIPER, in Norwood, $15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

CHAIRMAKERS wanted at once; a few men who understand running 2-spindle upright shapers; those familiar with chair work such as shaping seats, posts, rockers, etc.; must understand taking care of their own machines and knives; steady employment and good wages to men that are workers; can have piecework or day work. WHITE RIVER CHAIR CO., Brattleboro, Vt. 24

COATMAKERS wanted immediately; 10 good; for sacks, raglans, ulsters and steamer coats; best prices paid; work year round; come prepared for work; fare paid. SABINE, 1200-1202 Main st., Bridgeport, Conn. 24

CUTTERS and glaziers wanted; permanent place to first-class workman. SPENCE BELL & CO., 90 Canal st., Boston. 23

ELECTRICIAN wanted. Apply to W. W. ROWE, 30 Cornhill, Boston. 24

ERECTING MAN wanted to assemble pumps; first-class men with experience in similar work; apply in person if possible. DEANE STEAM PUMP CO., Holyoke, Mass. 24

FARM BOY wanted in Georgetown; $12 month, board and room (American-Irish). STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARM BOY, American or Irish preferred, in Georgetown, $12 month, room and board. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston, or send for application blank, enclosing stamp. 21

FARMER wanted; by Nov. 1, reliable, experienced married man for general work on milk and vegetable farm. Apply to B. P. WINCH, Grove st., Framingham, Mass. 24

FARMER wanted in Ashland; $15-$20 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARMER wanted in Braggville; $12-$18 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARMER wanted in Hingham; $10 mo., board and room; 2 cows. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARMER wanted in Winchester; $15-$25 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARM HAND and milker wanted in Milton; $20 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARM HAND and milker wanted in Wellesley; $18-$20 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARM HAND and milker wanted in Sharon; $12 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARM HAND wanted in Wenham; $20 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARM HAND wanted in Roxbury; $9 week and room; 1 cow. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARM HAND wanted in Swampscott; $20 month, board and room; cow. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARM HAND wanted, gardening; $30-$40 month, cottage unfurnished; 3 cows. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FARM HAND wanted in Lincoln; $18 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FISH SKINNERS in East Boston, $7.50 to $10. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FOUNDRY CHIPPERS in Cambridge, 20-25c hour. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

FOX LATHE HANDS wanted. FORE RIVER SHIPBUILDING CO., Quincy, Mass. 25

GENERAL MAN—Steady, reliable man wanted for chores and outside work upon a farm. S. L. MARDEN, New Boston, N. H. 24

GLASS CUTTERS wanted, roughers and smoothers; must be good workmen. Apply to JOHN J. SHEA & SONS, 87 and 89 Main st., Cambridge, Mass. 24

GRINDER and finisher, first class, on shoe knives and small edge tools, who understands cross grinding on wet stone. ROBERT MURPHY & SONS, Ayer, Mass. Phone 86-3. 24

GROCERY PACKER, BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 21

GROCERY AND PROVISION CLERK wanted; Protestant. W. O. BLAISDELL, 612 Main st., Winchester, Mass. 26

HAND LASTERS on men's McKay shoes. STOVER & BEAN CO., Thorndike st., Lowell, Mass. 24

HAND PULLER wanted on McKay work, boys' and youth's fine shoes. N. B. THAYER & CO., East Rochester, N. H. 23

HARNESS MAKER wanted, general workman; apply by letter only. H. W. FISKE, 1274 Washington st., Boston. 27

JOB COMPOSITOR—A steady position for good, reliable man. REMINGTON WARD, Newport, R. I. 24

JOB PRESS FEEDER in Roxbury, $8-9. STATE FREE EMP OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

JOB PRESS FEEDER in city, $6-9. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

KITCHEN MAN wanted in city; $5 week and board. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

LABORERS wanted in Hyde Park; $1.75-$2 day. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

LADY'S NECKWEAR CUTTER, $12-15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

LICENSED GASFITTER wanted in city, $15-$18. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

LUMPER wanted in city, $6. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

MACMINIST, horizontal boring machine in Holyoke. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

MACHINIST wanted; good man for horizontal boring machine. Apply at once, preferably in person, DEANE STEAM PUMP CO., Holyoke, Mass. 23

MAN wanted to work on farm; must be good milker; apply by letter only. ENOCH MILLS, Collinsville, 116 Varnum rd., Dracut, Mass. 23

MAN of experience wanted at once in furnishing and athletic goods house; must have ability as shipper and general salesman. Apply CHARLES H. DUDLEY, Hanover, N. H. 26

MAN wanted to drive express team; one who knows city; $12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

MAN AND WIFE wanted for Fitzwilliam, N. H.; $35 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

MAN AND WIFE wanted to go to Martha's Vineyard; $50 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

MEAT CUTTER wanted, experienced; state wages wanted and reference from former employer. Apply by letter only to D. F. REARDON, 234 Essex st., Lynn, Mass. 26

MEN HELPERS on ladies' coats wanted, young, experienced. Apply to LOUIS AMOROSO, 367 Boylston st., Boston. 25

METAL SPINNERS (young men apprentices), $6-$12. Call STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (service free to all), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

MOTORMEN AND CONDUCTORS, 22 1-2c hour. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

PATTERN WEAVERS wanted for blanket work, fancy worsteds. HUNTINGTON MFG. CO., Huntington, Mass. 23

PLATFORM MEN wanted in Norwood; 20c an hour; heavy work. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

PLUMBER wanted in city, $4.40 day. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

Plumber wanted in Foxboro, $15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

PLUMBER wanted in city; some steamfitting; $12-$15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

PLUMBER wanted in Mattapan. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

PLUMBER wanted in city, $18. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

PLUMBER in Roxbury, $15-18. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

PLUMBERS and helpers, experienced, wanted at once. P. J. SULLIVAN, 1644 Washington st., Boston. 26

ROUGH CARPENTER in Canton, $12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

ROUGH PAINTER, city, $9. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

ROUGH PAINTER in Roxbury, $9-12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

SHINGLE ROOF REPAIRERS in Malden, $18-24. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

SHIP CARPENTERS AND JOINERS wanted in Quincy. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

SHIPFITTER AND SHIPSMITHS in Portsmouth, N. H. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

SHOE PATTERN MAKERS, experienced, wanted at once; good positions for good men. THOMAS G. PLANT Co., cor. Center and Bickford sts., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 23

SIGN PAINTER, $18-24. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

SLATER with tools, in Malden, $18-24. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

SOLDIERS wanted at once for steady work. THE CASTLE LAMP COMPANY, Amesbury, Mass. 26

STABLE MAN (all-round) wanted; wages $10 week; Protestant. W. O. BLAISDELL, 672 Main st., Winchester, Mass. 26

STEAMFITTER (first-class) wanted, $24. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

STOUT, ABLE-BODIED MAN, who knows how to use a saw in cutting and making boxes. JOHN R. AINSLEY & CO., Harrison ave., cor. Beach st., Boston. 26

TAILOR in Braintree, $12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

TAILOR in Jamaica Plain, $12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

TAILOR wanted; good pants and vestmaker. Apply by letter to WILLIAM METCALFE, 439 Broadway, Lawrence, Mass. 25

TAILORS, PRESSMAN AND REPAIRER, $12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

TAILOR, SEWER AND PRESSER, in Roxbury, $12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

TAILORS wanted; first class; no others need apply. F. W. CHAMOW, 359 Boylston st., Boston. 26

TAILORS wanted; 2 first-class coatmakers; steady work for the right men. Apply or address D. A. GOLDBERG, 367 Main st., Fitchburg, Mass. 23

TAILORS—CONRAD & CO. require the services of experienced tailors on women's coats; only those having had employment in first-class shops need apply before 9:30 a. m., to MR. McGRATH, 27-29 Winter st., Boston. 24

TEAMSTER, furniture; $15. BRECK'S BUREAU, 55 Franklin st., Boston. 21

TEAMSTER wanted; $25 month, board and room; in Bedford, Mass. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

UNION HORSESHOER AND BLACKSMITH, in Jamaica Plain. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

UNION PLUMBER wanted in Cliftondale. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

WASH GLASSES, in hotel in city; $18 month and board. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

WATCH and clock repairer wanted at once; bench workman of good experience. G. H. PIKE, 60 Harvard st., Brookline, Mass. 25

WATCHMAKER wanted; must have lathe and tools; none but Protestant need apply. FRED B. PEARSON, 21 Traverse st., Boston. 24

WHEELWRIGHT in Norwood, $12-15. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

WOOD LATHERS wanted in Somerville. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

YOUNG GASFITTER, in Roxbury, $9-12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

YOUNG MAN wanted (20-24) as stockman in wholesale shoe house; heavy work; need stout, husky man. AL. ROSENBUSH, 146 Lincoln st., Boston. 26

YOUNG PLUMBER wanted in city, 20c hour. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

YOUNG TAILOR in Dorchester, $12-14. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

ALL-ROUND TAILORESS wanted at once as helper on coats and to do repair work. SANDQUIST, Tailor, 98 No. Main st., Concord, N. H. 25

AMERICAN WOMAN (middle-aged) wanted to assist with housework and care of year-old baby, in small steam heated apartment; light work and good home, with small wages. Apply to MRS. F. M. BECKETT, 105 Remington Gables, Cambridge, Mass. Tel. C. 3947-W. 28

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

ASSISTANT—Woman wanted for general housework; 3 in family; nice room, hot water heat, separate bath; Sunday and Thursday afternoons off; wages $5; washing small; a pleasant home for competent woman. MRS. C. A. QUIMBY, 60 Hillside ave., Arlington Heights, Mass. 26

ASSISTANT wanted; a comfortable home offered to middle-aged woman to help in kitchen and at table; room, board, small remuneration. REV. THOMAS MUNDAY, 8 N. Bennett st., Boston. 23

ASSISTANT—Wanted at once, a Protestant young woman experienced on custom corsets. SYER, 149 Tremont st., Boston. 26

ASSISTANT—Middle-aged or elderly woman wanted for general housework; one lady; no washing or family; good home; small pay; call after 7 p. m. MRS. FESSNER, 207 W. Newton st., Boston. 26

ATTENDANT-HOUSEKEEPER — Wanted, a woman kind, capable, neat and energetic to serve as an attendant and assist in home duties. S. W. JENKINS, Ashland, Mass. 26

BINDERY GIRL wanted, experienced; folding and inserting; $7.50. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

BOOK COMPOSITOR wanted in city, $8-$12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in double entry; one having worked in a printing or allied business preferred. DAVIS & BOND, 530 Atlantic ave., Boston. 23

BOOK-KEEPER wanted, experienced lady, able to take charge; give experience, reference and salary expected. Apply by letter only, THE WRITERPRESS COMPANY, Box 3, Shelton, Conn. 25

BOX MAKER wanted in Boston, $3. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

BUNDLE GIRL, in Boston; $3.50-$4. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

CHAMBER WORK and sewing, young French, German or Italian woman wanted, who could go home nights. Apply mornings before 10 or evenings. MRS. M. HIGGINS, 270 Commonwealth ave., suite 16, Boston. 25

COLLATING & INSERTING (bindery in city), $4-$6. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

COMPANION—Young Protestant girl wanted as helper and companion in family of 2; one who could appreciate the advantages of a good home with small pay. MRS. T. H. GRIFFIN, 11 Bellevue ave., North Cambridge, Mass. 28

COMPOSITOR wanted in Roxbury, $8-$12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

COMPOSITOR wanted in city; $10-$12. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

COOK wanted; Protestant; white; no washing. Apply after 2 o'clock. MRS. MORSE, 1 Saunalt ave., corner of Beacon st., Brookline, Mass. 24

COOK AND SECOND MAID wanted to work together (Protestant), with good references; $6 and $5 week. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

COOKS wanted in private families. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

COOK wanted in Brookline; $6 week, board and room; cafe. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

COOK wanted in Newton Center; $7 wk., room and board; private family (8). STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

COOK wanted in Waltham; $8 week, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

CUSTOM SHIRTMAKER wanted. Apply at HOWE & HOWE, 71 Bromfield st., Boston. 27

DEMONSTRATORS wanted for department stores in New England cities, not Boston; salary and commission. F. E. HILL, 48 Winter st., Boston. 26

DISHWASHER wanted in Cambridge; $14 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

DRAPERY SEWER, in Arlington; 25c hour. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 24

ERRAND GIRL, in Boston; $2.50. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

EXP. PAPER BOX MAKER, in Randolph; piecework. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

100 FACTORY GIRLS, in Boston and suburbs; $3-$8. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

FEED PRESS GIRL wanted in Boston, $4. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

FINISHER ON WAISTS in city; $5-$6. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

FOLDING AND INSERTING in city; $6-$8. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

GENERAL MAIDS wanted; good wages; reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

GIRL wanted to pack chimneys, in Somerville; $4-$5. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

GIRL wanted to wrap kisses, in Boston; $3-$5. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

GIRLS wanted for art mfg. department, in South Framingham. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 23

GIRLS wanted, exp.; for light work on card index manufacturing. Apply to MR. BLATCHFORD, THE GALE-SAWYER CO., 37 Wormwood st., Boston. 23

HAND COLORING on magic lantern slides; 3-5c a piece; can do at home; experienced. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

HELPER in refined family of 2 adults; companionable and capable, and appreciate a home; references required. Tel. 1055-5, Somerville. MRS. ARTHUR M. WHITTEN, 153 Powder House blvd., West Somerville, Mass. 25

HELP'S HALL GIRL wanted in Dorchester; $16 month, room and board. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

HOUSEKEEPER wanted immediately; 4 adults in family; house conveniently arranged; $4 a week; Beverly. KATHRYN PATTERSON MADER, 45 Cabot st., Beverly, Mass. 23

HOUSEWORK GIRL, South Framingham, $5-6. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

HOUSEWORK GIRL, $5-$7 wk., bd. and room (private family, 2. Protestants). STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

HOUSEWORK GIRL, $3 week, board and room, in city, private family. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

HOUSEWORK GIRL, $4.50 week, r. and b., in Roxbury, private family. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 23

HOUSEWORK GIRL, $3 week, board and room, in Roxbury, private family (6). STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 23

HOUSEWORK GIRL, $5-6 week, board and room, in Beachmont (private family). STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

JOB BOOK SEWER wanted in Revere, $7. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

KITCHEN WOMAN wanted in city; $2-$2.50 week, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

KITCHEN GIRL wanted in boarding house in Charlestown, $3.50 week, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

BOSTON AND N. E.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

LAUNDRESS wanted in institution in Pondville; $4 week, board and room (Protestant). STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

MAID, young, Protestant, white girl, for general housework in family of four; $6 if competent. MRS. R. M. HENDERSON, 85 Johnson ave., Winthrop Centre, Mass. 27

MAID—Colored, young or middle-aged, woman wanted for general work; good home more than high wages. MRS. E. YOUNG, Wedgemere ave., Winchester, Mass. 27

MAID, capable girl, wanted for general work, cooking morning and downstairs work in family of 6. Tel. Jam. 1373-1. H. W. NEWHALL, 74 Stratford st., West Roxbury, Mass. 28

MAID—General housework girl, small family, work easy; references required. MRS. ARTHUR W. SPENCER, 111 Stedman st. (near Coolidge Corner), Brookline, Mass. 26

MAIDS wanted for general work in private families; good wages. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

MAILING AND ADDRESSING, in Boston; $6. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

MANAGER wanted; educated, cultured woman wanted to act as manager for well-known public reader. DOROTHY DIXON, 44 Charles st., Pittsfield, Mass. 25

MILLINERY MAKER wanted; experienced, quick and good hand only should apply; salary $7-10 week. MRS. IDA SMITH, 136 Center st., Brockton, Mass. 24

NURSERYMAID. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

PAMPHLET FOLDERS, experienced, wanted, also girls to learn bindery work, at THE WOODBURY PRESS, 27 Beach st., Boston. 23

PRESSER ON WAISTS (machine), in Boston. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

PRESSER wanted in Boston; piece work. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

SALESWOMAN wanted to sell dolls. Apply MRS. STAUB, room 517, 25 Winter st., Boston. 25

SCRUB WOMAN, city hotel, $16 month, board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

SCRUB WOMAN, city hotel, $14-15 month, room and board. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

SEAMSTRESS wanted in Hull; $10 mo., board and room. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

SHAKER in Boston; $4 inexp. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

SINGER wanted in East Cambridge. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

SKIRTMAKER wanted; first class; no others need apply. F. W. CHAMOW, 359 Boylston st., Boston. 26

SMALL GIRLS cutting off bags, in Boston; $4. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

SORTER in So. Boston; $1.25 day, 4 days; no exp. nec. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

STENOGRAPHER wanted in city; $4-$5; must play piano. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees chargde), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

STITCHERS, in Boston; $5. STATE FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

STITCHERS, in Boston; $5. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

STOCK GIRL wanted in Boston department store, $4. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

TAILORESS wanted in city, $9. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

TAILORESS, in Roslindale; $6. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

TAILORESS, in Braintree; $7-10. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

WAIST DRAPER and finishers; come ready to work. F. V. MARR, 93 Mass. ave., room 318, Boston. 25

WAIST FINISHERS wanted, experienced. C. V. HAZELWOOD, 176 Huntington ave., Boston. 23

WAIST FINISHERS wanted, experienced; also errand girl. MRS. O'BRIEN, 384 Boylston st., Boston, Allen-Hall bldg., 5th floor. 27

WOMAN wanted of executive ability with thorough experience in all branches of periodical work for forelady of small bindery. THE ARAKELYAN PRESS, 368 Congress st., Boston. 25

WOOLEN WEAVERS wanted in North Billerica; fine cashmere; piece work. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. 25

WORKING COMPANION wanted in good home; family of 2; must be neat and cheerful; $2. MRS. E. R. JUMP, 350 Waltham st., West Newton, Mass. 23

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER wanted for institution cottage; one who can cook; state wages wanted. DR. E. H. WISWALL, Grove st., Wellesley, Mass. 23

YOUNG GIRL to assist in general housework in small flat; go home nights. MRS. PAPAZIAN, 698 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. 28

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ACCOUNTANT — Capable, experienced accountant desires position; d. e. or safeguard systems; good references. L. W. HODGES, Foxboro, Mass. 25

AGENT (insurance company) (28), single, residence Roxbury; $15. Mention No. 6183. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 26

AMERICAN BOY (17) desires position in real estate office; fair hand; honest, reliable; grammar school graduate; good references. STEWART FREDERICK COOPER, 54 Prospect st., Cambridge, Mass. 27

AMERICAN BOY (16), smart, active, nice appearing, desires position where he has opportunity for advancement; good references. ATWOOD TOWLE, 145 Cross st., Somerville, Mass. 24

AMERICAN BOY (18), sm

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

HOUSEMAN—Young and of good character, will work for home and moderate pay; reference. E. J. HAYWARD, 69 Chestnut st., Everett. Mass. 26

JANITOR wishes position; can run furnace or boiler; used to all kinds of work. WM. H. PROCTOR, 3 Chardon st., Boston. 24

JANITOR (43), married, temperate, familiar with steam, desires position; willing to work to advance employer's interests. J. F. BURNS, 10 Taber st., Roxbury, Mass. 25

JANITOR (36), single, residence Worcester; fair wages, good experience; mention 6127. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

JOB PRESSMAN (21), single, residence Waltham, $15; good experience; mention 6107. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

LAUNDRYMAN or washman wishes position; hotel and institution experience; wife experienced fancy ironer; go anywhere. ANDREW SPENCE, care Balod, 13 Oakdale st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 24

LAUNDRYMAN or laundry washman (26), married, residence Jamaica Plain; $40 month, board and room; good experience. Mention No. 6186. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 26

LUMBER YARD FOREMAN, sawyer (36), widower, residence Dorchester; $18-$21; good experience. Mention No. 6168. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 26

MACHINIST, steamfitting or auto repairing (42), married, residence Cambridge, good experience; mention 6132. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

MAN (35), experienced salesman and in hotel business, now employed, wishes position away from Boston. H. A. LUNSFORD, Room 313, 120 Tremont st., Boston, Mass. 28

MAN AND WIFE, caretakers for private family; best of references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. av., Cambridge, Mass.; tel. 2994-W. 28

MAN AND WIFE, cook and butler, desire position; best of references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. av., Cambridge, Mass.; tel. 2994-W. 28

MANAGER of advertising distributors, experienced, temperate and good worker, wants position. CHARLES BOYLE, 25 Laban st., Providence, R. I. 23

MANAGER—Position wanted by capable man as working manager of ice cream and confectionery store; best of references. VICKLOS VEARHOS, 81 Roxbury st., suite 5, Roxbury, Mass. 24

MEAT CUTTER, grocery clerk (29), married, residence Brockton, $15, good experience; mention 6153. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

MEAT CUTTER (40), married, residence Middleton, $17-22, good experience; mention 6143. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN, experienced, desires position; would do temporary drafting; willing to take outside sales position. GEORGE S. TURNBULL, 45 Sargent st., Winthrop, Mass. 23

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, graduate of German technology, 8 years' shop experience, wants position. HUSS, 5 Doris st., Dorchester. 25

MIDDLE-AGED MAN would like situation where he could make himself generally useful; good reference. JAMES L. DALTON, 17 Common st., Boston. 26

MILL CARPENTER (40), married, residence Maine; $2.50-$3 day; 10 years' experience. Mention No. 6157. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 26

MOLDER (32), married, residence Vermont; $3-$4 day; good experience. Mention No. 6184. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 26

NIGHT WATCHMAN (29), married, residence Wollaston; good experience, $12; mention 6152. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

OFFICE CLEANING — Middle-aged; residence Dorchester; good experience. Mention No. 6176. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 25

OFFICE MANAGEMENT (or factory) desired, where simplicity of system is required; forms, records, blanks and cards originated to show cost and stock; advg. copy and designing; follow-up campaigns originated. Tel. Win. 412-M. FLAVILLE G. KYLE, 83 Waldemar ave., Winthrop, Mass. 25

PAINTER and paper hanger, first class, wishes employment. WALTER J. HOPE, 8 Bismarck st., North Cambridge, Mass. 25

PAINTER AND PAPERHANGER (45), married, residence Gloucester, good experience; mention 6147. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

PHARMACIST, registered in Rhode Island, over 12 years' experience, wishes position, or will accept place as drug clerk. HENRY S. O'BRIEN, 93 Bagley st., Central Falls, R. I. 23

PRINTER on folding box works (23), single, residence Weymouth; $10; good experience. Mention No. 6172. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 26

PROFESSIONAL MAN wants work mornings; has had considerable experience in meeting men; executive ability; references, EDWIN BARNES, 129 Hollis ave., Braintree, Mass. 26

PUMP ERECTING AND REPAIRING (30), married, residence Somerville, $20; good experience; mention 6129. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

SALESMAN—Young man wants position, experienced, covering New England states; staple line preferred; references exchanged. FRANK A. McKERCHER, 44 Gershom ave., Lowell, Mass. 23

SALESMAN (retail hardware), age 40, married, residence Dorchester; $15, good experience; mention 6121. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

SALESMAN—Position wanted by young man as salesman or private secretary; first-class general office man; sold automobiles 5 years; references. M. B. WELCH, 45 Stanhope st., Boston. 27

SALESMAN (furniture) buyer or manager (45), single, residence Cambridge; fair salary, 25 years' experience, good references; mention 6131. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

SALESMAN (47), married, residence W. Lynn, $15; experienced; mention 6142. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

SALESMAN of broad experience desires position, small salary and commission, with progressive house where energy will be appreciated. W. M. HARTSHORNE, 18 Dwight st., Boston. 28

SALESMAN—Position wanted as retail salesman in clothing or furnishing goods; experienced in both lines as salesman on road and retail department. GEORGE A. LEWIS, 30 St. Stephen st., Boston. 26

SAWYER wants position in portable sawmill; first-class work guaranteed. W. H. HATHAWAY, 8 May st., Spencer, Mass. 26

SECRETARY—Situation desired as private secretary in or near Boston; 17 years' experience as assistant cashier of bank; references given. CECIL L. DAWSON, Berkeley Springs, W. Va. 26

SHIPPER—Has had 20 years' experience handling help, and can take care full charge of packing, shipping of order dept. CLARENCE H. DEAN, 26 Lowden av., West Somerville, Mass. 28

SHIPPING CLERK (32), married, residence Boston; fair wages; good experience. Mention No. 6166. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 26

STUDENT desires room and board in exchange for light work of any kind; experienced; best references. E. L. FERNALD, 54 St. Botolph st., Boston. 24

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

SHOE CLERK (wholesale or retail), age 29, single, residence Chelsea, $12-15; mention 6106. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel Ox. 2960. 26

SPANISH-SPEAKING YOUNG MAN, with some college education and experience in business, wants to get a position with a reputable firm; references given. C. R. OLLER, 442 Broadway, Cambridge, Mass. 24

SPECIALTY SALESMAN, Protestant, married, would like to become connected with a reliable concern; salary and commission. JAMES E. DOYLE, 220 South Fairview st., Roslindale, Mass. 27

STATIONARY ENGINEER (62), married, residence Woburn; good experience. Mention No. 6179. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 26

STEAM FITTER'S HELPER — Young man (22) wishes position as steamfitter's helper, in establishment where opportunity is open to learn trade. W. L. HURST, 39 Wordsworth st., East Boston. 27

STENOGRAPHER (20), single; residence Charlestown; $12; good experience. Mention No. 6164. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 25

STOCK BROKER'S CLERK (48), single, residence Malden, $900 per annum; 25 years' experience in banking and brokerage; mention 6105. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 26

STUDENT—Young man desires position in family to exchange services in general work for board and room. AUSTIN DAVIS, 105 Shurtleff st., Chelsea, Mass. 26

STUDENT (22) desires employment after school hours. Address Chas. W. BROWN, Mass. Normal Art, Boston. 26

STUDENT (Japanese), desires work on Saturdays; will clean rugs, windows or do any line of domestic work in private house or restaurant; hard worker. J. S. AHRN, 35 Mt. Vernon st., Boston. 26

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR—Private (23), single; residence Jamaica Plain; $10-$12; good experience. Mention No. 6148. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 25

TRAVELING SALESMAN—Experienced young man (27) wishes to represent eastern manufacturing concern with headquarters at Denver, Col. S. GLASER, 73 Ruthven st., Boston. 24

TWO YOUNG COLORED MEN of good character and of neat appearance desire employment of any kind, and will go anywhere; references furnished. BERNARD STREETT, 15 Windsor st., Boston. 27

WAITER—Young colored man wishes position in club, hotel, city or country; strictly temperate. WALTER SMITH, 3 Warwick st., Roxbury, Mass. 24

WINDOW TRIMMER (38), married, residence Roxbury; $16-$18; good experience. Mention No. 6187. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 26

YOUNG MAN (28) desires position where advancement is the reward of merit. Address H. G. BRACKETT, The Auburn, 172 Liberty st., Lynn, Mass. 23

YOUNG MAN, capable, colored, wishes position as porter or elevator man; well recommended. CAVASKER DAVIS, 4 Hawthorne st., Everett, Mass. 24

YOUNG MAN, just from England, desires domestic work by hour, day or week; carpet cleaning well done. WM. MALCOLM, 207 West Newton st., Boston. 25

YOUNG MAN, 26 years, strictly temperate, 5 years with amusement company, would like position where hard work and honesty would be appreciated; $12-$15. VICTOR BAKER, 180 Bellingham ave., Beachmont, Mass. 23

YOUNG MAN would like care of furnaces for the winter; has been two winters in the work; can give good references. ISAAC PERCY BAXTER, 626 Tremont st., Boston. 26

YOUNG MAN desires employment any kind paying fair wages. HARRY N. MAYERS, 257 Dover st., Boston. 26

YOUNG MAN, fair penman, good at figures, wants any kind of work. HENRY DAVIS, 34 Hammond st., suite 4, Boston. 27

YOUNG MAN (21) desires position of trust; no bad habits; best of references. HAROLD A. PERRY, 42 Dearborn st., Medford Hillside, Mass. 27

YOUNG MAN (20), Protestant, high school graduate, desires position with opportunity of advancement; wholesale business preferred. RALPH W. DOE, 1218 Massachusetts ave., Cambridge, Mass. 27

YOUNG MAN, colored, recently from Washington, reliable, trustworthy, wishes employment of any kind. JAMES WILLIAMS, 47 Norway st., Boston. Suite 3. 27

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, 21 years old, desires position to learn business and be advanced according to his ability. HAROLD D. ROSS, Grove Hall P. O., Roxbury, Mass. 27

YOUNG MAN of good reputation wants employment as watchman, janitor; will care for apartment houses; handy with tools. A. N. EISNOR, 12 Brook st., Roslindale, Mass. 28

YOUNG MAN (21) wants position where he can learn the bricklaying trade; with building contractor preferred. DAVID DUNCAN, 488 Main st., Charlestown, Mass. 28

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ACCOMMODATORS by hour or day; will go anywhere. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

A CULTIVATED, WELL EDUCATED WOMAN desires position of responsibility in refined family; vicinity of Los Angeles, Cal.; musical; references exchanged. CARRIE G. BARR, 54 Pinckney st., Boston. 23

AMERICAN WOMAN wants light housework in small family of adults; no laundry work; good, plain cook; references. MISS LILLIAN ESTES, 453 Shawmut ave., Boston. 28

APPRENTICE—Young lady (18), would like position as an apprentice in some millinery department. MISS EDITH KNIGHT, 9 Houston st., West Roxbury, Mass. 25

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—An American high school graduate wishes position as assistant bookkeeper, with or without typewriting; salary $7 or $8; city preferred. MISS ALICE M. REED, 181 Tudor st., South Boston. 23

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER and typewritist, age 23, single, residence Malden, $9-$10. Mention 6102. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 25

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER with 6 years' experience, knowledge of shorthand and typewriting, desires position; can give best of references. MABEL C. WATERS, 11 Sanborn ave., Somerville, Mass. 24

ASSISTANT MATRON (39), single, residence Haverhill, $25 month, board and room; good experience and references; mention 6122. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 25

ASSISTANT—Position wanted by an experienced young married woman as chambermaid or linen room helper in a hotel. MRS. BEATRICE SCOTT, 637 Tremont st., Boston, Mass. 25

ATTENDANT desires position, private or institutional; housekeeper; understands hotel buying; can give best of references. MRS. MARION WHIPPLE, box 308 Laconia, N. H. 21

ATTENDANT-COMPANION, experienced, care elderly people; would travel; good packer; refined, conscientious, and reliable; best references. N. R. GORHAM, 96 St. Botolph st., Boston. Tel. B. B. 3978-J. 23

ATTENDANT-HOUSEKEEPER — Wanted, situation as housekeeper or companion for 2 elderly people; reference; Lynn preferred. MRS. IDA M. CARTER, 25 Walnut st., Lynn, Mass. 23

ATTENDANT wishes position with elderly lady, or the care of a child; experienced. ETHEL L. MORGAN, Slocum cottage, Pond st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. Tel. Jam. 670-3. 24

BOOKKEEPER (25) wants situation; references; 5 years with last employer. C. E. LAURIAT, 385 Washington st., Boston, or phone 2000 Fort Hill. 28

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT—Maine woman would like position as attendant; willing to assist about house, or would like institution work; experienced in either. MRS. C. F. SARGENT, 76 Union st., Everett, Mass. 24

ATTENDANT, institution, age 38, married, residence Dorchester, $5 week. Mention 6115. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 25

ATTENDANT (41), single, residence Lynn, good experience, $7; mention 6130. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 25

ATTENDANT—Young woman wants position as day attendant; experienced and can furnish good references; telephone Tremont 2023M. MRS. FULLER, 158 West Canton st., Boston. 25

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, age 20, single, residence Boston, $10-12. Mention 6110. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 25

BOOKKEEPER (d. e.) and stenographer (American), executive ability, accurate and responsible; best of city references. ABBIE J. CAME, 109 Gainsboro st., suite 4, Boston. 24

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER; 10 years' experience; thoroughly competent to take entire charge, draw trial balances; rapid, accurate, refined, trustworthy; salary $15. MISS EDNA CRAWFORD, 40 W. Newton st., Boston. 24

BOOKKEEPER, clerical or ledger (34); single, residence Winter Hill, $12; 9 years' experience, good references; mention 6120. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 25

CASHIER—Position wanted as cashier and assistant bookkeeper; 8 years' experience; best references. MISS ALICE W. PETERSON, 106 Putnam st., East Boston. 23

CASHIER and general office work, age 24, single, residence E. Boston, $8-9. Mention 6100. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 25

CHAMBER or lady's maid; capable, neat and willing; good references; city or country. Apply to MISS McCREHAN, employment office, 126 Mass. ave., cor. Boylston st., Boston. 27

CLEANERS by day, hour or week; reliable; reference. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

CLEANSER—Woman who can cleanse and press clothing wishes employment; best references. MISS ANNIE PAGE, 18 Howard st., Cambridge, Mass. 23

CLERICAL—Young woman having had several years' experience at general office work desires similar position. ROSAMOND M. EMPLACE, 56 West Newton st., Boston. 23

CLERICAL—Young lady of 18, experienced in general office work, has knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting. REBECCA KAPLAN, 10 Rose st., Boston. 24

CLERICAL—Young lady, high school graduate, would like position as assistant bookkeeper, or office work; experienced in handling money; references. MISS CLARA O. WEBBER, Box 480, Holbrook, Mass. 25

COLORED GIRL, going to school, would like morning or afternoon work at cleaning office or general work. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

COMPANION, or take charge of household, by lady of refinement and culture, in private family. MRS. G. M. COWLISHAW, 111 Winthrop rd., Brookline, Mass. 24

COMPANION—Elderly lady, with highest references, desires a home in refined family as useful companion; no salary. MRS. BULKLEY, High st., Milford, Conn. 27

COMPANION'S POSITION wanted by one qualified to do public entertaining, or give vocal instruction; references given. Address MISS NELLIE J. SMITH, 402 Bedford st., Whitman, Mass. 24

COMPANION—Educated, capable Maine woman wants to go south for winter; companion, housekeeper, one or two persons; low wages, best references. HELEN BRAINERD, China, Me. 25

COMPANION—Young English lady desires position as companion to a lady; mornings or daily. Address A. DUNCAN, 76 Hammond st., Cambridge, Mass. 27

COMPANION — Middle-aged woman would like position as housekeeper and companion for elderly lady; near Boston. MISS EFFIE BROOKS, 129 Montvale ave., Woburn, Mass. 26

COMPANION—Young American girl wishes position in small adult family or as companion. Address HATTIE E. HEYWARD, 1 Olive st., Meriden, Conn. 24

COMPANION—Refined American woman (30) wishes position of trust, housekeeper, companion; competent attendant; travel with child or adult. MISS FLORA FREMONT, 7 Douglas st., Portland, Me. West End Station. 26

COMPANION, housekeeper or seamstress desires position; capable and reliable American woman; good references. MISS A. J. CUTTING, South Merrimack, N. H. 23

COMPANION—Refined American, useful in many branches, desires position as companion to elderly lady or young girl; no objection to travel. MISS MARTIN, 21 Fifth st., New Bedford, Mass. 24

COMPANION, elderly lady, prefer to travel, good exp. Mention 6101. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 25

COMPOSITOR—Situation wanted as compositor, assistant editor or something in that line of work, by a young woman who is inclined to do writing. VICTORIA D. M. S. CALDWELL, 100 Kent st., Brookline, Mass. 26

COOK (colored) wishes position in private family, or will go out accommodating by the day. MARTHA J. COLEMAN, 148 Northampton st., Boston. 28

COOK—Situation wanted by neat, capable woman (Nova Scotian); good references. Apply to MISS McCREHAN, employment office, 126 Mass. ave., cor. Boylston st., Boston. 27

COOK and second maid; capable, experienced girls, with best of references; together or will separate. Apply to MISS McCREHAN, employment office, 126 Mass. ave., cor. Boylston st., Boston. 27

COOK—Capable Swedish girl desires position at cooking; best of references furnished. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2994-W. 26

COOK (colored) desires position, or as housekeeper; will go any distance. ALICE HARRIS, 377 Northampton st., Boston. 26

COOK—Middle-aged Protestant woman wants position as cook in institution or private family; good reference. MRS. E. W. SMITH, 11 Acorn st., Cambridge, Mass. 26

COOK—Capable colored girl desires position; best of references furnished. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. av., Cambridge, Mass.; tel. 2994-W. 28

COOK, reliable, all-round, desires position; take full charge; $50-60 per month. MRS. HARRIET KALA, 68 Howard st., Cambridge, Mass. City reference. 28

CROCHET WORK—Woman, experienced in all kinds of crochet work, wishes employment. MRS. HATTIE KEARNEY, 408 Thornton st., Newport, R. I. 26

DAY WORK—By very capable, neat (white), Protestant; city or country; good references. Please apply by letter only. MISS MADDEN, 37 East Newton st., Boston. 25

DAY WORK wanted by capable white Protestant German woman; in town or out; good reference. Apply by letter only. MISS YETTA KRAMER, 501 Shawmut av., Boston. Care Mr. Forward. 26

DAY WORK wanted by young Protestant woman; cooking, sewing, sweeping; references. MRS. WILKIE, 5 Newman pl., Roxbury, Mass. 27

DRESSMAKER, Protestant, wishes employment by day in families; children or adults; very painstaking; good references. Apply MISS STEVENS' DIRECTORY, 120 Boylston st., Boston. Tel. 1936 Oxford. 27

DRESSMAKER — Experienced, refined young lady wants position with dressmaker as plain sewing girl or assist in office work where other girl is kept. MISS C. G. MacKENZIE, West Derby, Vt. 26

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ERRAND GIRL (after school hours), or clerical work (15), residence Roxbury, $3-3.50; mention 6123. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 25

FIRST-CLASS STENOGRAPHER desires position; Boston or vicinity; 7 years with last firm; best references. Address MISS LILLIAN, 48 Munroe st., Roxbury, Mass. 24

FRENCH or nursery governess, Parisian young lady, highly educated, wishes position in family; experienced and refined. M. A. TASCHEREAU, Y. W. C. A., 68 Warrenton st., Boston. 27

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Capable girl desires position; references furnished. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. av., Cambridge, Mass.; tel. 2994-W. 28

GENERAL WORK, washing, ironing or cleaning, wanted by capable woman. MRS. J. CONWAY, 74 Reed st., Boston. 27

GENERAL WORK — Colored woman wants general work by the day. M. M. THOMPSON, 23 Madison st., Boston, Roxbury. 23

GENERAL WORK; colored woman wants morning or day work. MRS. MAGGIE SHEPPARD, 19 East Lenox st., Boston. 23

GENERAL WORK—Washing and cleaning wanted, 3 days weekly, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday. MRS. HOAR, 10 Field st., Boston. 24

GENERAL WORK wanted by the day by young woman. AMANDA FINNEMORE, 132 Warren st., Roxbury, Mass. 28

GENERAL WORK, washing, ironing, cleaning wanted by the day or hour, in or out of town. MRS. MARY KING, 4 Garfield pl., off 2002 Washington st., Roxbury, Mass. 28

GOVERNESS—French Protestant diplomee, experienced, best of references, desires situation. Address Mlle. D. LARRIEU, 406 Ruggles st. Phone Roxbury 1603-W. 24

GOVERNESS, American, speaks French, German, fond of children, reliable; refined home with cultured people preferred to high salary; references exchanged. MISS NELLIE VOSE, 927 Elm st., Woonsocket, R. I. 26

HIGH SCHOOL GIRL would like position afternoons and Saturdays as mother's helper; best references. MARY TOWNER, 133 Belmont st., Everett, Mass. 23

HOUSEKEEPER wishes position with elderly lady or gentleman; very capable. MRS. JOSEPHINE MERRILL, R. F. D. 32, North Brookfield, Mass. 27

HOUSEKEEPER'S position wanted by experienced woman about 55 years of age; good cook, neat, strictly temperate; no laundry; fair wages; no children preferred. MRS. IDA HOUSTON, 14 Highland ave., Everett, Mass. 24

HOUSEKEEPER'S POSITION wanted by American woman; adult family or business people away days; neat and trustworthy. C. E. HOLMES, 57 West st., Brockton, Mass. 24

HOUSEKEEPER—Woman of refinement and education desires position as managing housekeeper in small family. Address by mail FLORENCE G. DOANE, 21 Burroughs st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 25

HOUSEKEEPER—A middle-aged lady would like position as housekeeper in small family of adults. MRS. LILLIAN PRINCE, 125 F. st., South Boston. 24

HOUSEKEEPER—Refined American lady desires position for business people or as attendant; not afraid of work; home comforts considered more than high wages. Call or address MRS. CLARA CUSHING, suite 1, 2209 Dorchester av., Dorchester, Mass. 25

HOUSEKEEPER-COMPANION—Middle-aged lady of refinement wishes position as housekeeper where one servant is hired, or as companion to elderly persons. MRS. M. A. CLOUGH, 107 Bloomfield st., Dorchester, Mass. 26

HOUSEKEEPER — Middle-aged woman of education and refinement wants position as working housekeeper in small family or as companion, or could instruct small children and do mending. MRS. H. FOSTER, 153 Harvard ave., Allston, Mass. 26

HOUSEKEEPER-ATTENDANT wishes position; 5 years in last place. JOSEPHINE A. DICKINSON, 41 Tower st., Forest Hills, Boston. 27

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted by a middle-aged American woman as working housekeeper in small family. MISS LOUISE GARDMAN, 492 Lebanon st., Melrose, Mass. 26

HOUSEKEEPER'S position wanted by an American; thoroughly capable of taking charge; Boston suburbs preferred. MRS. E. J. ARCHER, 68 Pinckney st., Boston, Mass. 26

HOUSEKEEPER wishes position with adults who are away days or any position of trust; best of references. ELLA MUNN, 31 Doris st., Dorchester, Mass. 27

HOUSEKEEPER'S position wanted by middle-aged American woman for elderly couple. MRS. HAYES, 5 Winthrop st., Boston. 28

HOUSEKEEPER or companion—Would like to help one of exceptional qualifications to secure position; interview if desired. REBECCA F. REED, 167 Billings st., Atlantic, Massachusetts. 28

INSURANCE CLERK, experienced, desires position with reliable firm; would accept responsible position any line of business; can furnish best of references. MISS ANNA F. MANNING, 120 Pembroke st., Boston. 28

INTERPRETER (38), married, residence Boston, excellent experience and references, $40 week; mention 6144. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 25

LADY would like position in refined family to make herself generally useful; country preferred; unexceptional references given. MISS E. DEAN, 28 Albion st., Somerville, Mass. 28

LADY wants position of trust and responsibility in a cultured home; about 15 years' experience in public school teaching; Boston or vicinity. MISS A. YOUNG, 20 Cedar st., Woburn, Mass. 26

LAUNDRESS — First-class (colored) laundress would like laundry to take home or care of apartments. MISS EMMA JACKSON, 14 Kendall st., Roxbury, Mass. 25

LAUNDRESSES by hour or day; will go anywhere; good, reliable workers. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, room 23, 13 Boylston st., Cambridge, Mass. 27

LAUNDRESS—Employment wanted by a first-class laundress in private family; city wages $7. MISS DOLLENA MACDONALD, 153 W. Brookline st., Boston. 25

LAUNDRESS—Experienced laundress desires employment at home; clothes dried in sun. MRS. GEORGE TILLMAN, 50 W. Lenox st., Boston. Phone 3084-M Rox. 23

LAUNDRESS desires employment at home; best references. MRS. M. A. MITCHELL, 18 Davenport st., Boston. 24

LAUNDRESS (colored) would like washing and ironing to take home; family wash especially. GWENDOLYN CARTY, 57 Dundee st., suite 1, Boston. 24

LAUNDRESS, colored, first class, wants place in private family or institution; will go out by the day. MARGARET A. CAINES, 148 Northampton st., Boston. 28

LAUNDRESS—Capable girl desires position as laundress in private family; best references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. ave., Cambridge, Mass. Tel. 2994-W. 24

LAUNDRESS, Nova Scotia woman, desires employment at home; fancy washing preferred; reasonable prices. KATIE MacDONALD, 36 Appleton st., Boston, Mass. 27

LAUNDRESS — Colored woman wishes employment at home. MRS. SUSIE R. TYLER, 929 Harrison ave., Boston. 28

LAUNDRESS, first class, plain or fancy, wishes employment. MRS. J. M. BARNES, 47 Norway, Boston. Suite 3. 27

LAUNDRESS, experienced, wishes to do laundry at home. MRS. S. McCALLEN, 35 Pond st., Hyde Park, Mass. 26

MAID, neat colored girl, would like position as waitress or for morning work. CORA ROWMAN, 19 Holyoke st., Boston. 24

MAID (colored) wants general work in small family; $5 weekly. V. WEEKES, 1 McLellan st., Boston. 25

MAID—Neat colored girl would like day's work, chamberwork, or as maid in professional office or cleaning apartments. MISS LEILA HOWE, 646 Shawmut ave., Boston. 25

BOSTON AND N. E.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

MAID—Neat colored girl wants morning's work in apartments. CORINNE LEWIS, 216 Northampton st., Boston. 23

MAID, colored, would like day's work or laundry to take home. MABEL GIBSON, 19 East Lenox st., Boston. 23

MAIDS—Two Protestant girls would like situations as general housework girls; well recommended. Apply by letter only. MARY HASKINS, 5 Winter st., Everett, Mass. 26

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER—An elderly lady of experience desires position where she can oversee household and help with work; home with children preferred. MRS. ELLEN WADHAM, 151 Appleton st., Boston. 23

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER wishes position, hotel or private home; will take place as working housekeeper in small family; can do sewing or be generally useful; excellent references. MRS. E. R. DRAPER, 40 Berkeley st., Boston. 23

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER, middle-aged woman, Protestant, with daughter 13 years old, desires position; would consider good home with small wages. MRS. KATE BROWN, North Reading, Mass. Tel. 7-9 N. Reading. 26

SEAMSTRESS, high class, wishes employment. MRS. H. W. IRELAND, 54 Rock View, Jamaica Plain, Mass. 24

NURSERY MAID, experienced and capable in the care of young children; good references. Apply to MISS McCREHAN, 126 Mass. ave., cor. Boylston st., or 2 White st., Hall, Cambridge. 27

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Position wanted by young woman; several years' experience dental office; references. Apply to MISS STEVENS' DIRECTORY, 120 Boylston st., Boston. Tel. 1936 Oxford. 27

OFFICE WORK (18), single, residence Boston, $6.50; good experience; mention 6125. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 25

OFFICE ASSISTANTS of every kind, experienced and references. HARVARD SQ. EMP. BUREAU, 13 Boylston st., room 23, Cambridge, Mass. 27

PIANIST, age 25, single, residence Chelsea, $6. Mention 6114. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 25

PIANIST wants position to play in department store all or part of day. HARRIET WILLIAMS, 40 Laurist ave., Dorchester, Mass. 26

PROOFREADER, also thoroughly experienced in composition of any kind in newspaper work, accurate and rapid, prefer work in small city to a large one; excellent experience and references; middle aged; residence Maine; single; $12-15; mention 6140. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston; tel. Ox. 2960. 25

PROOFREADER or copyholder, age 24, single, residence So. Framingham, $8.50-12. Mention 6103. STATE FREE EMP. OFFICE (no fees charged), 8 Kneeland st., Boston. Tel. Oxford 2960. 25

RELIABLE WOMAN wants work by the day or hour; references. SARAH DILL, 122 Morrison ave., West Somerville, Mass., or tel. B. B. 4933-M. 24

SALESWOMAN—Young lady, educated, refined, reliable, good writer, some knowledge of typewriting, desires position in office, or as saleswoman in specialty store. MISS LILLIAN CARROLL, 23 St. Stephen st., suite 4, Boston. Tel. B. B. 3916-R. 23

SALESWOMAN, thoroughly experienced, desires outside position. MISS JULIA THOMPSON, 11 Haviland st., suite 3, Boston. Tel. 2006-W B. B. 26

SEAMSTRESS—Capable, hand or machine, wishes work by the day; private or with dressmaker. E. CAUSNETT, 31 Sterling st., Boston, top bell. 24

SEAMSTRESS would like sewing by the day or chamberwork. Call or write MISS J. NEWELL, 612 Shawmut ave., Boston. 24

SEAMSTRESS—First-class, experienced in all lines of sewing, wishes work by the day in families or with dressmaker. MRS. A. B. SNOW, 30 Batavia st., suite 7, Boston. 25

SEAMSTRESS WORK wanted by the day; best references. MRS. P. LEWIS, 18 Swan pl., Arlington, Mass. 26

SEAMSTRESS, experienced, underwear and children's dresses, wishes position. ETHEL MERRILL, 32 Sheridan st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 27

SEAMSTRESS, experienced, would like work with a dressmaker; best of reference. MATTIE M. CRUSENBERY, 23 Dundee st., suite 3, Boston. 27

SEAMSTRESS wishes position in family; understands all parts of dresses; not fine sewing. ANNIE L. SIMPSON, 19 Church st., Gloucester, Mass. 26

SECOND MAID (colored) desires position. OLIVIA CHAPMAN, 300 Northampton st., Boston. 23

SECOND OR CHAMBER WORK wanted by a capable girl; best of references. MERCANTILE EMP. AGENCY, 579 Mass. av., Cambridge, Mass.; tel. 2994-W. 28

STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARY — Lady desires position; Boston or vicinity; has had wide experience in office and literary work, management of personal business affairs and handling correspondence. Address MISS LILLIAN, 48 Munroe st., Roxbury, Mass. 28

STENOGRAPHER — Thoroughly experienced and capable, accustomed to handling correspondence without dictation, and familiar with general office detail, desires position; salary $12 to $15; best references. MADGE I. DAVENPORT, West Brattleboro, Vt. 28

STENOGRAPHER—Eight years' experience, desires secretarial position; capable of handling correspondence and managing personal affairs. Address by mail FLORENCE G. DOANE, 21 Burroughs st., Jamaica Plain, Mass. 25

STENOGRAPHER, competent, having executive ability, thorough experience in business and literary work; salary desired to start, $12. MISS MINNIE COLES, 94 Allen st., Boston. 23

STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' experience, wishes position; preferably in law work; can furnish good references. E. LULA RICH, South Duxbury, Mass. 24

STENOGRAPHER, American, Protestant, wishes position; legal, banking and other experience; $15; references. Apply MISS STEVENS' DIRECTORY, 120 Boylston st., Boston. Tel. 1936 Oxford. 27

STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER desires position in New England immediately; good references furnished. Address ELSIE CAROL BOYNTON, 17 Cottage st., Rutland, Vt. 24

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper desires position; good exper

WITH OUR ADVERTISERS

The big folk have been having their openings for weeks past. Now the wee people are having their turn. Smith's Baby Shop is holding an opening reception today in its new quarters at 270 Boylston street. The place is so attractive and dainty there is nobody who will not enjoy seeing it, even though there are no babies at home on whom to lavish any of the pretty things. For the little new baby are the daintiest robes that can be thought of. They are made of the finest batiste, and are plain as becomes a babe, yet the necks and sleeves and hem are scalloped with delicate hand embroidery and tiny rosebuds embroidered by hand are scattered here and there, while an edge of lace gives a soft finish. The whole is of cobwebby fineness giving no more hint of being elaborate than a cobweb itself. Little first shoes are of embroidered satin, with some of pique. Gay little kimono robes of soft padded silk are for the babies in long dresses. For the tots of 3 and 4 are cunning beaver hats in the prevailing close style trimmed with wreaths of velvet foliage and flowers and lace and ribbon rosettes.

Lovely as they are these pretty things are further enhanced by their setting of white woodwork, pink walls and white enameled furniture. Opening off from it is a room furnished similarly but done in blue. It is devoted to the display of German toys—toys which are too fascinating to resist. Dolls of all nationalities are there, beautiful dolls, and dolls big enough to satisfy the wildest ambition of the little girl who is sure she can carry it, and made of such material it is warranted not to break when it drops. Then there are rivals to the Teddy bear, rivals much more attractive than they ever could be. They are cats, and dogs, and lions of silk plush in the natural colors. They have movable legs and tails and are beautiful enough to make even a grown-up want to stop and stroke them.

—ooo—

If women gave more attention than they do to their veils they would present always a more trig and smart appearance on the street. A veil is to the costume like a frame to a picture. It brings out and finishes it. When properly selected and adjusted it gives a trimness that is undeniable. Miss Fisk of the Red Glove Shop is showing an assortment of them in the finest qualities of pleasing design and a delight to wear. They serve to keep the hat in place on a windy day, the coiffure trim and tidy and protect the face from the ravages of dust and dirt attendant on a day's shopping. There are too many women who never think of wearing veils. Once become accustomed to them their comfort will not soon be abandoned.

—ooo—

Chandler & Co. are making an offer of afternoon, dinner and decollete dresses at unusual prices for such goods. They are of velvet, chiffon, silk and satin, charmeuse, embroidered nets, beaded tunics, etc., in the most beautiful shades and attractive models. There are comparatively only a few of them, for they represent a purchase from a single manufacturer.

Today will be shown in the store a number of the long, reversible coats adaptable for evening wear. It is difficult to get these coats in the high class materials and proper colorings so that this presentation is of special interest. The long coats are so comfortable and practicable they have become almost indispensable. These better grades are so made they can be used for both day and evening wear.

—ooo—

The large drooping hat, so picturesque for dress occasions and the small, trim one for shopping and the street car, are to be seen side by side in the millinery department of the Jordan Marsh Company, where a special display is being made of ready-to-wear and trimmed hats. One of the former which is a copy of a Virot model, has a top of black chiffon over white silk and velvet facing. The brim is draped with black lace caught on one side with a large pompon of black maline. Black and white, which is always in favor, is being used this season more than usual. It is seen again in a picture hat in which the brim is made of white edge-lace over white ottoman silk with black velvet facing and brim. It is trimmed with a band of ermine finished with an ermine bow on one side.

An unusual model is of bronze velvet faced with old gold satin and a shower effect of bronze colored ostrich.

—ooo—

Never in years has there been such a demand for raincoats as there has this season. People who are averse to them, who never have worn them and always would manage to get along without them somehow, have been driven to it. It has been a choice between such a garment and staying indoors or spoiling one's clothes. When it comes to such a point it is no longer a question. The modern woman will go in the rain and will not spoil her clothes. Therefore the offer made at Butler's, 90 Tremont street, of slip-on raincoats which it guarantees will appeal to nearly all who have not already supplied their needs. They are in women's and misses' sizes in black, tans and grays.

—ooo—

The demand for velvets this fall has been so much greater than the supply there is no danger of their being common. The possessor of such a gown or suit has a thing to be prized because of its rarity as well as its beauty. L. P. Hollander & Co. is fortunate in having foreseen the trend of affairs and laid in a full supply of the handsomest qualities and colors. In addition to the usual velvets are the chiffon and glace chiffon, satin backs, brocades and uncrushable velveteens. They have been marked down for a special sale opening this morning.

—ooo—

An opportunity to get a fine corset for next-to-nothing, as it were, is afforded by the Pierce Haynes Corset Company of Temple place. It has bought an odd lot of corsets ranging up to the high-priced ones which are being sold off at an average of one third of their value. Both front-laced and back-laced are included among the several well known makes.

—ooo—

Scott & Company (Limited) of Washington street is making a specialty of handsome full dress suits for men. They are made in the company's own workrooms, cut according to the latest fashion, and lined throughout with silk.

—ooo—

When the John H. Pray & Sons Company says a thing, its record in the past guarantees the assumption that it is so. Therefore when it states it is offering genuine Wilton rugs at wholesale cost and less, as it does just now, it is worth the while of those who are in need of such a floor covering to examine the patterns and colors.

—ooo—

A thing for children in which their elders are particularly interested just now is the violins in one half and three fourth sizes that are being shown by the Oliver Ditson Company of Boston and Charles H. Ditson & Co. of New York. Now that the children are starting in with their lessons or resuming them after the summer vacation it is well to see that they have the best instruments that can be provided for them. It is a common fallacy that anything will do to start with. Any thing might if it were just a question of technique. But it is not. It is tone quality and the thought behind, and the best results cannot be obtained with a faulty instrument. Naturally, it is not expected to put a treasure in the hands of anybody until he has learned how to use it, but that which is begun with should be carefully seen to.

At these two establishments can be found violins for children, for beginners, for amateurs, professionals, soloists and artists and all that goes with them, violin wood, strings, tools, books and cows, violas, cellos and basses.

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS

Today's Army Orders

Col. William H. Coffin, coast artillery, to Walter Reed General hospital.

Promotion of Roderick L. Carmichael from captain to major coast artillery announced.

Following officers of medical corps to Ft. Slocum: First Lieuts. Harley J. Hallett and Charles E. McBrayer.

First Lieut. Frederick T. Koyle, medical reserve corps, from transport Kilpatrick to Ft. H. G. Wright.

Capt. Frederick B. Hennessey, third field artillery, two months' leave of absence.

Navy Orders

Commander A. Rust, detached temporary duty bureau of ordnance, navy department, Washington, D. C., to duty command the Baltimore, and additional duty as captain of the yard, navy yard, Charleston, S. C.

Lieut. Commander W. P. Scott, to duty the Massachusetts as executive officer.

Lieut. Commander E. P. Jessop, detached duty the Massachusetts, to duty connection fitting out the Arkansas and duty on board as senior engineer officer when commissioned.

Lieut. Commander W. B. Tardy, detached duty connection fitting out the Arkansas, to duty navy yard, New York, N. Y.

Lieut (junior grade) R. A. Theobald, commissioned a lieutenant (junior grade) in the navy from Sept. 13, 1911.

Ensign R. A. Spruance, detached duty the Connecticut, to duty the Cincinnati.

Ensign F. R. Smith, Jr., detached duty the Panther, to duty the Cincinnati.

Ensign C. McCauley, detached duty the Ohio, to duty the Cincinnati.

Ensign C. W. Magruder, detached duty the Nebraska, to duty the Hannibal.

Ensign R. H. Davis, Ensign L. E. Lindsay, Ensign A. H. Dresel, Ensign A. McGlasson, Ensign C. A. Lucas, Ensign F. S. Carter, Ensign A. Barney and Ensign S. S. Kennedy, commissioned ensigns in the navy from June 5, 1911.

Chief Machinist F. P. Mugan, detached duty navy yard, Boston, Mass., to duty the New Jersey.

Machinist W. Collins, to duty navy yard, Boston, Mass.

Revenue Cutter Orders

Third Lieut. C. H. Dench, granted 43 days' leave, commencing Oct. 20.

Capt. S. M. Landrey, directed to report to the captain commandant, revenue cutter service, for special temporary duty.

Capt. of Engineers Willits Pedrick, detached from duty as fleet engineer, Bering sea patrol fleet, and assigned to duty as fleet engineer, northern division, Pacific coast, with headquarters at Port Townsend, Wash.

Second Lieut. F. A. Nichols, ordered to the Onondaga.

Second Lieut. H. R. Searles, detached from the Pamlico on Nov. 1 and ordered to the Manning.

Second Lieut. W. T. Stromberg, detached from the Apache and ordered to the Windom.

First Lieut. C. W. Cairnes, detached from duty as assistant inspector, life saving service, on Nov. 1 and ordered to the command of the Windom.

Capt. J. M. Moore, constituted a subboard to conduct the examination for promotion of First Lieut. W. E. W. Hall at the depot, revenue cutter service, South Baltimore, Md., on Oct. 25.

First Lieut. W. E. W. Hall, ordered to report to Capt. J. M. Moore at the depot, revenue cutter service, for examination for promotion.

First Lieut. of Engineers Hermann Kotzschmar, Jr., directed to proceed to Wellsville, N. Y., and Kent, Ohio, on official business.

Cadet J. B. Barrett, resignation accepted.

Movements of Naval Vessels

Sailed—The Panther from navy yard, New York, for Tompkinsville; the Wheeling from Puerto Barrios for Puerto Cortez; the Monaghan from navy yard, New York, for Newport; the Buffalo from Mare island for Mare island light, the Iroquois from Mare island for San Diego, the Vicksburg from Acapulco for San Diego, the Barry from Shanghai for Nanking, the Decatur from Shanghai from Nanking.

The New Orleans from Shanghai for Nanking, the Albany from Manila for Shanghai.

Arrived—The Wilkes at Charleston, the Eagle at Key West, the Panther at Tompkinsville, the Wheeling at Puerto Cortez, the New Hampshire at Rockland, Me; the Prairie at Hampton Roads, the Monaghan at Newport, the Buffalo at Mare island light, the Vicksburg at Acapulco, the California at San Diego, the New Orleans at Shanghai, the Wilmington at Canton.

Navy Notes

WASHINGTON—There is renewed talk of advocating the construction of a battleship cruiser for the navy at the next session of Congress. Tentative plans for this type of vessel include a speed of at least 25 knots and 10 14-inch guns. The new British cruiser battleships are taken as a model.

That the gun torpedo invented by Commander Davis, U. S. N., penetrated the side of a caisson, representing the side of a battleship and exploded after going through was officially given out at the navy department Saturday. Technical details of this test, conducted near Hampton Roads on Oct. 19, are withheld, but enough is made public to show that the weapon may prove of great value to thhe navy.

The navy department in its statement Saturday said:

"The shell pierced the bottom of the caisson and passed entirely through it, apparently exploding in the water just beyond the caisson on the opposite side. It was ascertained by means of divers that the entrance hole was at the calculated distance below the surface of the water and was approximately nine inches in horizontal width and about 14 inches in vertical height. The torpedo was disrupted by the impact against the caisson and a portion of it was recovered, having been found jammed in the hole made by the entering shell."

American naval heroes were honored Saturday by the selection of their names to be borne by the new torpedo boat destroyers Nos. 43 to 50, inclusive. The officers thus honored were:

Stephen Cassin, who won distinction in the war with Tripoli, commanded the Ticonderoga in the battle of lake Champlain, and was a terror to West Indian pirates.

John Downes, distinguished for gallantry in the Tripolitan war and later in breaking the power of the Malay chiefs.

Silas Duncan, a hero of the battle of Lake Champlain, who carried, in the face of the enemy's fire, orders in a small boat.

Andrew Boyd Cummings, who was executive officer of the Richmond with Admiral Farragut.

George Beall Balch, who was commended for special gallantry in the civil war and saved General Terry from capture.

John Cushing Aylwin, sailing master of the old Constitution, who was in the maneuvering against the Guerriere, and in the battle against the Java.

Alexander Parker Foxhall, one of the founders of the naval academy, and who greatly promoted the success of Admiral Foote's operations in the Mississippi.

Andrew E. K. Benham, who prevented the Brazilian rebel fleet from interfering with American shipping in 1893, and saw service against the Chinese pirates and in the battle of Port Royal.

Commander Philip Andrews, who has been appointed chief of the bureau of navigation to succeed Rear Admiral Reginald F. Nicholson next January, will be second on the precedence list of the bureau chiefs at the navy department. T. J. Cowie, paymaster general, got his commission in March, 1875.

Commander Andrews will be 46 years old next March. His date of entry is June, 1882; that of Charles F. Stokes, surgeon-general, February, 1883; Rear Admiral Nathan C. Twining, chief of the bureau of ordnance, Ma., 1885; Richard M. Watt, chief constructor, may, 1887; Richard C. Hollyday, civil engineer, chief of the bureau of yards and docks, March, 1888, and H. I. Cone, engineer in chief, May, 1890.

NEWPORT, R. I.—Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske hoisted his pennant for the first time Saturday at the peak of the armored cruiser Washington. He was recently promoted and ordered to command the fifth division of the Atlantic fleet, which is made up of cruisers, the flagship of which is the Washington.

Rear Admiral Fiske was received aboard by Capt. Richard M. Hughes.

CAPT. J. P. PARKER RESTORED TO HIS NAVY COMMAND

WASHINGTON—Capt. J. P. Parker, U. S. N., commanding the battleship Nebraska, will not lose his ship as a result of charges growing out of the grounding of his ship off Provincetown, Mass., last July.

He was tried by court martial at Boston. The court recommended clemency, and Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, commander-in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, has restored Captain Parker to his command.

NEW YORK ELKS TO DEDICATE HOME

NEW YORK—With members present from all parts of the United States, New York lodge, No. 1, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks will dedicate its new $1,500,000 home on West Forty-third street, near Broadway, next Saturday. New York lodge, the first in the order, was founded in 1867.

Among those who will take part in the ceremonies will be Governor Dix, Mayor Gaynor, Gov. John K. Tener of Pennsylvania, August Herrmann of Cincinnati, Harry Sanderson of New York and Jerome B. Fisher of Jamestown, N. Y.

Joseph T. Fanning, past grand exalted ruler, of Indianapolis, will conduct the exercises, as the representative of Grand Exalted Ruler Col. John P. Sullivan of New Orleans.

For a free advertisement write your "wants" on separate piece of paper and attach it to blank at top of page 2.

Classified Advertisements

The advertisements upon this page are inserted free and persons interested must exercise discretion in all correspondence concerning the same.

SPACE IS NOT GIVEN ON THIS PAGE TO ADVERTISEMENTS FOR PERSONS WANTED TO HANDLE GOODS ON COMMISSION OR TO ADVERTISEMENTS SOLICITING BUSINESS PATRONAGE

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

STEAM FITTER'S HELPER wishes position of any kind. WM. L. O'BRIEN, 466 N. Franklin st., Philadelphia, Pa. 27

STENOGRAPHER, young man, desires position with reputable concern who can offer prospects of advancement; thoroughly experienced and familiar with all details of office routine; also capable of handling correspondence without dictation. Address J. K. ANDERSON, 557 West 124th, N. Y. city. 25

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER (nearly 18) desires position in Newark, N. J., or vicinity; accurate, painstaking; neat appearance. OLIVE HILBERT, 87 Quincy ave., Arlington, N. J. 28

SPANISH YOUNG MAN (25), highly educated, speaks English and Spanish correctly, with business and office experience and knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting, desires position as correspondent, interpreter, office assistant or at anything with mercantile house; best references. Apply by letter only. HOSTILIO N. ROSKOWITZ, 181 W. 76th st., New York city. 27

TEXTILES—Young man (22) of ability and originality as designer; assistant superintendent of woolen mill; 3 years' experience on cassimeres, blankets, robes, shawls, beavers, steamer rugs, cloakings and Indian goods; references furnished. Address CHARLES H. MACTAGUE, 770 S. Broad st., Philadelphia, Pa. 23

YOUNG MAN (22), married, training graduate, both selling and clerical experience, and with unquestionable reference, desires position with advancement; please reply by letter only. A. GREENBAUM, 249 W. Dauphin st., Philadelphia, Pa. 23

YOUNG MAN (30) now in theatrical business, wishes position as road salesman; will go anywhere. H. D. FAIRALL, 252 W. 38th st., New York. 28

YOUNG MARRIED MAN wants work of any kind where faithful service is required; has been for past 5 years in bakery store room with large concern. JAMES DOYLE, 265 W. 129th st., New York city. 24

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT desires position; best references; will travel or go to any part of U. S. ANNA M. BURKE, Home for the Aged, Clarkson st., Flatbush, Brooklyn, N. Y. 25

ATTENDANT, experienced child's attendant, wishes position; good references. FRANCES CAROW, 2 North Clarke pl., Orange, N. J. 26

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, discounts, 4 years as confidential assistant to well-known architect, who will vouch for me. GRACE HOOVER, 825 Jersey ave., Elizabeth, N. J. Tel. 673-R. 27

CHAPERONE—For Egypt, Sicily, Riviera, etc., experienced; years abroad; recent references; wishes employment. Address MRS. HARRISON, 1237 Pacific st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 23

COLLEGE WOMAN, 5 years school teacher, 2 years business correspondent New York magazine, dictating, typing, adaptable, wishes position in these lines or editorially. MISS M. WALTER, 102 W. 63d st., care Jackson, New York city. 27

COMPANION—Elderly German woman desires position; Philadelphia preferred. MRS. C. KABITSCHKE, 3924 Lancaster ave., Philadelphia. 20

COMPANION—Gentlewoman desires position as housekeeper or companion; best of references. MRS. FRANCES STANWOOD, care Mrs. J. W. Till, 56 Eaton pl., East Orange, N. J. 24

COMPANION—A cheerful, refined lady, middle-aged, would like position in family of 2 adults, as companion, part time, in exchange for pleasant home. ANNA E. SMITH, Station L, Flatbush ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. 24

DRESSMAKER, 18 years' experience, desires employment; satisfaction and fit guaranteed. MRS. SARAH DOWNING, 3324 Wallace st., Philadelphia, Pa. 26

DRESSMAKER, first class, 7 years' experience cutting, fitting, remodeling, desires employment by the day. MRS. E. GARDNER, 16 W. 31st st., New York. 28

DRESSMAKER, experienced; good fitter, wishes employment. ELLA A. PORTER, 5 W. 129th st., New York, N. Y. 28

GENERAL WORK wanted by day or week. JULIA PERRY, 6 West 135th st., New York city. 26

GOVERNESS—German girl wants position as governess; can speak English a little. Apply by letter only. T. L. BATHEN, 711 Washington st., Hoboken, N. J. 23

HAIRDRESSER AND MANICURIST, experienced, desires position; formerly employed at Boston hotel. Address MISS MINNIE T. MAHER, 430 West 122d st., New York. 23

HOUSEKEEPER—Middle-aged woman of refinement and capability desires position in refined family; preferably home with children; references given and required. MISS S. A. CRAWFORD, lock box 647, South Brownsville, Pa. 23

HOUSEKEEPER desires employment opening or closing houses, luggage, servants, or would cater for families; can give highest references. MISS E. M. LOCKWOOD, 135 W. 79th st., New York. 24

LADY desires employment, reading, writing or mending. MISS C. M. LEIB, 1810 N. 16th st., Philadelphia, Pa. 27

LAUNDRESS wishes employment; open air drying; satisfaction guaranteed. MRS. H. E. SPENCER, 81 W. 132d st., New York city. 23

LAUNDRESS wishes employment at home or will go out by the day. C. L. MARTIN, 242 W. 63d st., New York. 28

MAID—Neat colored girl wishes position; can cook; small family, apartment preferred. LUCY PARHAM, 469 Lenox av., New York, N. Y. 25

MATRON—Woman (30), unquestionable references, executive ability, companionable, experience as matron, desires suitable position anywhere. MISS GRISWOLD, 613 N. 8th st., Philadelphia. 28

MILLINER, capable, desires position in wholesale or retail house as copyist or trimmer; highest references. MRS. LILLIAN WILSON, 32 South Oxford st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 23

NURSERY GOVERNESS, North German, experienced, wants situation with small children; takes full charge; is good sewer. MISS KNABE, 2752 N. 11th st., Philadelphia, Pa. 26

SEAMSTRESS — Experienced neat hand sewer, good operator wishes employment. MISS R. MYERS, 625 West 113th st., New York city, N. Y. 27

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced correspondent, editorial ability, capable manager, mature age, wishes position; would leave city. MISS M. WILSON, 249 West 22d st., New York. 21

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, would like position; good references; please write particulars; salary reasonable. GERTIE I. FOX, 195 Adelphi st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 23

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, Smith Premier; eight years' experience; conscientious, rapid and accurate; desires position, best of references. LOUISE SHEARMAN, 1004 Bedford av., Brooklyn, N. Y. 25

STENOGRAPHER, experienced young woman, wishes to take charge of an office or act as private secretary in New York or Brooklyn. A. B. CROSS, 788 President st., Brooklyn, N. Y. 27

STENOGRAPHER, 1 year's experience, good business education; best references. MISS EMMA PFAFF, 1553 Vyse ave., New York city. 28

SWISS GIRL, refined, wishes position as nursery governess or companion to elderly lady; strong and able to travel. MISS HIRSIG, 744 Beck st., Bronx, New York city. Tel. Melrose 2697. 26

TEACHER — Professional teacher of French and German seeks morning position; private or in school; highest references. Address MISS E. de COURCEY, 1383 Third ave., care Baeldicker, New York city. 25

TUTOR—College girl wishes employment as tutor in elementary and college preparatory studies; Philadelphia suburbs. ALICE SELIG, 1511 W. 16th st., Philadelphia. 24

TUTOR, college graduate, native of Germany, wishes employment as tutor. EMILIE SCHNEIDER, 523 W. 123d st., New York. 23

EASTERN STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

TYPEWRITER AND TELEPHONE OPERATOR, Wall st. and real estate experience, desires position; $15 weekly. ROSE O'SULLIVAN, 600 W. 142d st., New York. 23

YOUNG WOMAN desires to give house service in exchange for board; New York city. ELLA JAMES, 4048 Walnut st., Philadelphia, Pa. 27

YOUNG WOMAN, formerly attendant, desirous of giving up profession, wishes family position. MISS MARGARET STEELE, 44 W. 10th st., New York city. 23

CENTRAL STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

BOY wanted, about 16; active, capable worker; promotion prompt if worthy. EMBOSSED LETTER CO., 2561 Milwaukee ave., Chicago. 27

MAN AND WIFE wanted to do small amount of work around house and yard, in exchange for comfortable room over Bunsed stable. MRS. AMELIA O. DALLER, 5651 Belmont ave., College Hill, Cincinnati, O. 28

SALESMAN, understanding special refrigerator work for hotels, institutions, markets, etc. VIKING REFRIGERATOR & MFG. CO., Kansas City, Kan. 27

TAILOR and seamstress wanted, experienced, for our alteration department; only those thoroughly experienced in the alteration of ladies' dresses, suits and cloaks need apply. G. C. WILLIS, 15 Main st., Champaign, Ill. 25

TYPISTS (2) wanted, experienced in addressing and circularizing; quick and accurate. 651 South 5th ave., THE FIDELITY TAILORS, Chicago. 28

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

COOK AND SECOND GIRL (white), experienced, good wages, small family. MRS. F. D. GOODHUE, 3876 Dakota ave., Avondale, Cincinnati, O. 24

DEMONSTRATORS—We have an opening for a few high class women demonstrators in New York and Chicago. Apply by letter only, giving age, reference and salary expected, to the AUTOMATIC NEEDLETHREADER CO., Great Northern bldg., Chicago, or L. O. NAYLOR, 600 W. 157th st., New York. 27

MAID wanted, neat, reliable, Protestant, for general housework; must love children; good home for worthy person. MRS. ROBERT C. McNAMARA, 6440 Monroe ave., Chicago. 25

MAIDS wanted; capable girl to assist with children and do second work; also one for cooking and down stairs work, after Oct. 24. MRS. EDWARD SCHMIDT, 3106 North Meridian st., Indianapolis, Ind. 25

MAID—Middle-aged woman wanted for general housework in family of 2; one satisfied to be alone, reading or studying in spare moments. MRS. WILLIAM RAY, 4225 Hamilton ave., North Side, Cincinnati, O. 28

SEAMSTRESS and tailor wanted, experienced, for our alteration department; only those thoroughly experienced in the alteration of ladies' dresses, suits and cloaks need apply. G. C. WILLIS, 15 Main st., Champaign, Ill. 25

WAIST FINISHERS and fine hand sewers wanted. VAUGHAN, 6 Michigan blvd., South Chicago. 28

WOMAN to call and do family washing one day a week. MRS. CHAS. A. BRAND, 2107 Waveland ave., Chicago. Tel. Graceland 8307. 28

WOMAN wanted to do laundry work and clean apartment. MRS. A. B. WARNER, 1329 Yale pl., Minneapolis, Minn. 28

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER, competent, Protestant, about 30 years old, wanted to care for 23-room rooming house, "The Adams." M. RUHSTADT, 652 Adams st., Gary, Ind. 24

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER — Wanted, experienced woman for a family of 3 adults in a small conveniently arranged cottage; permanent position. MRS. GEO. E. SIMMONS, 7012 Bond ave., Chicago. 27

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

ADVERTISING MANAGER for Chicago house, 3 years' experience with agency and as manager, university training, wishes position; salary $50 per week. L. L. PORTER, 4323 Hazel ave., Chicago. 23

ALL-AROUND ARTIST and designer wants steady position with good firm; good on lettering, pen and ink, color, cartooning, and serious drawings. Address JOHN KOCH, 1537 W. 63rd st., Chicago. 24

AUTOMATIC TELEPHONE and switchboard man, expert, 8 years' experience on 3 and 2-wire systems, wishes position. RALPH WRONKER, 4811 Champlain ave., Chicago. 27

BAKER—Situation wanted by baker; second hand on cakes and bread. B. WARREN, 1107 Rightwood ave., Chicago. 24

BOY (nearly 17), going to school, would like to run errands or any kind of work after school hours and Saturday. ERLAND LEXBORG, 518 Hamilton st., Evanston, Ill. 24

CLERICAL situation wanted by young man (18) for stock or office work. F. G. FISHER, 5519 Monroe ave., Chicago. 26

CLERICAL position wanted; bright, neat-appearing young man, age 20, in office. W. BENARDER, 1633 N. Whipple st., Chicago. Phone Belmont 3549. 28

COLLECTOR—American young man (21), living with parents, wants position; best references. EDWARD DEXTER, JR., 654 Garfield ave., Chicago. 24

FOREMAN desires position in Chicago in printing department; capable of taking complete charge; good references; can estimate. W. J. MEYER, 1731 N. Whipple st., Chicago. Phone Belmont 429. 24

GENERAL CLEANING or janitor—By experienced colored man, as janitor of apartment house or work by the day; careful cleaning of fine woodwork, floors, etc.; references furnished. LUCAS CLARKSTON, 4949 Dearborn st., Chicago. 25

GENERAL WORK wanted by young, capable married man at any kind of work. HARRY OAK, 16-18 W. Indiana st., Chicago. 28

SALES CORRESPONDENT or part of time on road; filing device line; 5 years' office experience, sales department; age 25. C. O. HOLMBERG, 35 Parsons st., Detroit, Mich. 27

SALESMAN, 4 years' experience, on road in leathers and belting, mill and factory supplies, shoes and finding store supplies; established trade in 10 states; age 32; reference, GEO. TYE, 1347 Myrtle ave., Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O. 24

SALESMAN—Reliable young man, 12 yrs.' business exp. various lines, stock clerk, salesman, etc.; excellent refs.; any line accepted; small commencing salary. CLAUS H. JENSEN, 1007 Ainslie st., Chicago. 27

SALESMAN—Position wanted as traveling salesman with a clothing manufacturing concern or concern manufacturing men's wear. JACK KOHNSTAM, 857 E. Rockdale st., Cincinnati, O. 28

STENOGRAPHER—Capable young man (21), 5 years' railroad and commercial experience, Underwood typewriter, wants position; please apply by letter. B. H. EDWARDS, 8 Eastbourne ter., Cincinnati, O. 24

TRAVELING SALESMAN wishes position, salary or commission to sell machinery, tools, hardware or allied lines to middle West, North and South trade; many years' successful experience. S. A. MITCHEL, 1846 Summit st., Columbus, O. 24

YOUNG MAN (24), with 3 years' city and road experience, wants representative position with reliable house. W. C. ECKHARDT, 1248 N. Hayne ave., Chicago. 23

YOUNG MAN, worker, executive ability, desires position as assistant to sales manager; can show results; mail order department; Wisconsin preferred. G. A. ARTHUR, 186 17th st., flat 1, Milwaukee, Wis. 24

YOUNG MAN desires work a few hours daily as investigator or representative for reliable concern. J. WEBER, 14 Madison ave., Detroit, Mich. 24

YOUNG MAN (20) wishes employment for a few hours in the evening. JAMES HUBELIK, 7231 Jackson ave., Chicago. 28

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

ATTENDANT, seven years' experience, wishes employment; would leave city. MRS. W. B. POWERS, 2919 Washington blvd., Chicago. 21

ATTENDANT—Young lady, experienced, would like to take charge of children or act as attendant to lady. MISS J. O. OLSEN, 4222 Berkeley ave., Chicago. Tel. Kenwood 3247. 26

CLERICAL—Copyist, office work, reception clerk or companion; will leave city; best references. MRS. N. ROBERTS, 2138 Sedgwick st., Chicago. 25

COMPANION—Position wanted as traveling companion to a middle-aged lady, by a young lady of good family; first-class references furnished. ERSILLA VANDERSLICE, Garrettsville, O. 25

DAY WORK wanted; good laundress; Mon., Wed., Thur. E. KRATT, 21 Curtis st., Chicago. 28

DRESSMAKER, experienced, wishes employment by day or week in all North Shore towns; best of references. MISS I. J. McCAIN, 828 Sherman ave., Evanston, Ill. 28

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER, and to take charge of office; neat appearing; best references by past and present firms. G. M. BERG, 3018 Butler st., Chicago. 24

GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT, 10 years' experience, wishes position; nominal salary. MARY MARENT, 6649 Stewart ave., Chicago, Ill. 26

HOUSEKEEPER—Elderly lady, good cook, wishes position as housekeeper; people employed preferred; references. MRS. GERMAINE, 1649 Irving Park boulevard, Chicago, Ill. 25

HOUSEKEEPERS—Middle-aged woman wishes position as housekeeper for family of adults. MRS. A. SMITH, 307 Baird ave., Chicago. 28

LAUNDRESS, COOK (colored) wants position; will do general work or office cleaning. MRS. CHARLES VOSBURGH, 1818 South Dearborn st., Chicago. 25

MAID—Young Swedish girl wishes position in a small American family as second girl or general housework; Evanston, Ill., preferred. JUDITH LEEBORG, 518 Hamilton st., Evanston, Ill. 24

MANICURIST, experienced also in shampooing, wishes employment. R. A. LATHAM, 4523 Clifton ave., Chicago. 24

POSITION wanted in muslin underwear factory; have 10 years' experience in taking charge of workroom, instructing, giving out work and inspecting. MRS. CLARA GOOSEN, 429 Sigel st., Chicago. Ill. 26

SALESLADY wants position; 11 years' experience; speaks English and German; best of references. MISS E. MESSENGER, Brownsville, Minn., P. O. Box 23. 28

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady, neat and reliable, desires position; salary $12. ELITH LINDEN, 8901 Normal ave., Chicago. 28

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience; can give A1 references; accurate. FLORENCE MEYER, 6710 State st., Chicago. 28

STENOGRAPHER—Bright, capable stenographer with 2 years' experience desires position in loop district; best references. MISS LUCILLE FISK, 4069 Kenmore ave., Chicago. Phone Graceland 1368. 24

STENOGRAPHER—Takes dictation; owns Underwood machine. G. W. HENDERSON, 931 Barr st., Cincinnati, O. 23

STENOGRAPHER, young lady, with knowledge of book-keeping, desires position; 1½ yrs.' experience; salary $10-$12. AGNES SELANDER, 4717 McLean ave., Chicago, Ill. 25

STENOGRAPHER — Business college graduate wishes position; loop district preferred. FLOSSIE HARBERT, 146 W. 70th st., Chicago. 25

TUTOR—Young woman with normal school training wishes employment for several hours a day; tutoring preferred. HAZEL J. BEDER, 6629 Wentworth ave., Chicago. 28

WAIST CUTTER AND FITTER—Competent woman, experienced with high class trade; references. ADA F. MOORE, 6242 Kimbark ave., Chicago. 24

CENTRAL STATES

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

YOUNG WOMAN wants position of responsibility; ability and experience in handling large sums of money, bookkeeping and superior salesmanship. MISS ETHEL A. MORRIS, 40 Holbrook ave., Detroit, Mich. 23

YOUNG WOMAN of good family who has scholarship in College of Expression, would like to live in home where her services as stenographer would pay her living expenses; references exchanged. MARY GLENN, room 58, 99 Randolph st., Chicago.

SOUTHERN STATES

HELP WANTED—MALE

CHEESE MAKER wanted who has had commercial experience in making Neufchatel and Philadelphia or square cream cheese; either male or female. WALTER L. COX, Westminster Drive, Ansley Park, Atlanta, Ga. 26

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

ASSISTANT wanted; good, reliable woman as general help in small hotel at Hobgood Station; must know how to cook. MRS. E. P. HYMAN, Hobgood, N. C. 27

CHEESE MAKER wanted who has had commercial experience in making Neufchatel and Philadelphia or square cream cheese; either male or female. WALTER L. COX, Westminster Drive, Ansley Park, Atlanta, Ga. 26

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

BOOKKEEPER — Experienced; wants work in grocery store; reliable; references; would begin on small salary. South, Houston, Tex., preferred. WM. DORCHESTER, Port Lavaca, Tex. 25

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC wants situation; best of references from prominent Atlanta (Ga.) people. G. ROGERS, 30 Warren st., Kirkwood (Atlanta), Ga. 26

SECRETARY—Situation desired as private secretary in or near Boston; 17 years' experience as assistant cashier of bank; references given. CECIL L. DAWSON, Berkeley Springs, W. Va. 26

SUPERINTENDENT—Wanted, a position as superintendent of construction work; understand plans and blue print; can handle any kind of job, and know how to look after men. Address ROBERT EMBRY, 235 Brown-Randolph bldg., Atlanta, Ga., Box 157, care Journal. 28

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

COMPANION—Refined lady desires position as companion for elderly lady, in Baltimore city; references. MISS LILLIAN CARLISLE, 215 Cole ave., Raspeburg, Md. 24

COMPANION—Position wanted by refined young lady as companion with some knowledge of housekeeping and sewing, in Maryland or Virginia preferred; best references. M. P. WILSON, Traceys Lauding, Md. 25

COMPANION or housekeeper; position wanted in small family in Cincinnati or suburbs by settled woman; best reference. MRS. C. WILSON, 33 W. 11th st., Covington, Ky. 27

COMPANION - ATTENDANT, Southern woman of refinement, wishes position; travel and experience; references. MRS. MARY BAKER, 1625 15th st., apt. 3, Washington, D. C. 27

COMPANION, well educated, refined and cultured, desires position with lady or with 1 or 2 children. MISS CLARA O. RILEY, care Hilflyer-Deutsch-Jarrett Co., San Antonio, Tex. 28

SEAMSTRESS desires employment; references. MARY H. COURSEY, R. F. D. 2, Lewes, Sussex county, Del. 28

STENOGRAPHER—Experienced, capable of handling correspondence without dictation; neat, accurate copyist, familiar with all standard machines, and using touch method, desires position; salary $12 to $15; references given. MARY VINCENT GEORGE, 504 A st., S. E., Washington, D. C. 25

PACIFIC COAST

HELP WANTED—MALE

FOREMAN wanted; general foreman for plant manufacturing a line of knife switches, switchboards, panel boards, steel cabinets and electrical specialties; must be thoroughly familiar with up-to-date methods of manufacture in this line, having a knowledge of tool making and designing, and be a good organizer and executive; salary $175 per month; no transportation expenses allowed; applicant must state age, give brief outline of experience and enclose copies of references with application; do not answer unless certain you can properly fill the position. Address J. J. AGUTTER, box 406, Seattle, Wash. 23

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

HEAD GARDENER wants position; reliable, temperate man, understands the cultivation of flowers, plants, etc.; first-class references. B. BUSSEMAKER, 1919 Clement st., San Francisco. 25

PRACTICAL ORCHARDIST (40) seeks employment; successful experience, large scale, irrigated and non-irrigated; highly referenced; go anywhere after Nov. 1. D. L. WOODRUFF, 853 N. 7th st., Grants Pass, Ore. 23

STENOGRAPHER—Position wanted as stenographer and general office assistant; 11 years' experience in railroad, oil and lumber business. C. F. RENFRO, 369 First st., San Francisco, Cal. 26

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE

A CULTIVATED, WELL EDUCATED WOMAN desires position of responsibility in refined family; vicinity of Los Angeles, Cal.; musical; references exchanged. CARRIE G. BARR, 54 Pluckney st., Boston. 23

HOUSEKEEPER, with daughter age 10 years, desires

Real Estate Market ◎ T Wharf Activities ◎ Sailings

NEWS OF THE REALTY MARKET

SOUTH AND WEST END DEALS

The Boston Penny Savings Bank has deeded through Thomas M. Smith to H. Bertram Finer the estate, known as 105 East Dedham street near Albany street, South End. There is a five-story brick building erected on 2346 square feet of land. The total assessed value is $15,500 and $2300 of this amount covers the land value.

Abraham Wolf has purchased from Joseph Weinberg a four-story brick house at 23 Wall street, near Cotting street, West End, together with 1350 square feet of land. The total tax is upon a valuation of $11,200 with $4400 of the amount on the ground.

Sadie R. Cohen has placed a deed on record conveying an estate on Grove street near Phillips street, West End, consisting of a 3½-story brick house on 940 square feet of land. Total assessed value is $3900 of which the lot carries $1900. Harry Gustaf conveyed title.

RIVERSIDE POULTRY FARM SOLD

The Chapin Farm Agency has sold for the owner, L. E. Beaudry, his poultry farm on Pine street, bordering the Taunton river, in the town of Raynham, comprising 60 acres of land, a dwelling containing 10 rooms, a barn and a poultry plant comprising 18 poultry houses and 51 brooder houses. The estate was sold to Mrs. Fannie E. Eckhardt of Farmington, Me., who has already taken possession and will continue the poultry business. The price paid is not made public. The entire outfit of the farm comprising 1000 head of poultry, cattle, horse, vehicles, machinery and tools were included in the sale to Mrs. Eckhardt.

SOUTH END SALE

Henry W. Savage reports the sale made by his office for James A. Bragdon of the four-story brick dwelling house and 1260 square feet of land at 173 Warren avenue, South End. The total assessment is $8200, there being $3200 on the land. Julius Dangel bought for investment.

DORCHESTER SALE

A deal has just been consummated in Dorchester whereby the four new apartment houses at 43 to 49 Temple street have passed into the possession of Annie McCollum. The houses have not been assessed, but the sale price is understood to be $30,000. There is 14,820 square feet of land, taxed upon $2100.

MALDEN TRANSACTION

One of the largest realty transactions in this city this year is the sale of the business block 112-120 Pleasant street to E. D. Kaulback of this city. The property is assessed for $61,800 and was sold by Mrs. Addie L. Browne of Marlboro, who was formerly Malden's largest real estate owner. This sale closes out her real estate holdings in Malden.

REAL ESTATE SUMMARY

The files of the Real Estate Exchange show the following entries of record at the Suffolk Registry of Deeds for the week ending Oct. 21, 1911:

Date	Transfers	Mtgs.	Amt. of mtgs.
Oct. 16	53	28	$167,000
Oct. 17	80	39	164,210
Oct. 18	78	32	62,645
Oct. 19	71	33	76,500
Oct. 20	66	35	171,200
Oct. 21	78	40	236,925
Week's total 1911	435	207	$857,480
Week's total 1910	491	246	$1,042,892
Week's total 1909	448	248	$896,142

SUFFOLK REGISTRY TRANSFERS

The following list of property comprises the latest recorded transfers taken from the official report of the Real Estate Exchange:

BOSTON (City Proper)

Everett Kirsten to Frank H. Monahan, Willard st.; w.; $1.

Frank H. Monahan to Everett Kirsten, same; w.; $1.

Boston Penny Sav. Bk. to Thomas M. Smith, E. Dedham st.; q.; $1.

Thomas M. Smith to H. Bertram Finer, same; q.; $1.

Goldie Swartz to Thomas M. Smith, Tremont st.; q.; $1.

Thomas M. Smith to Jacob Swartz, same; q.; $1.

Thomas Rushton to Henry L. Burnham, Mass. ave. and Shawmut ave.; q.; $1.

Henry L. Burnham to Alice F. Rushton, same; rel.; $1.

Harry Gustat to Sadie R. Cohen, Grove st.; w.; $1.

Elizabeth J. Fitzgerald et al. to Benjamin C. Tower, Bay State rd. and Charles river; q.; $1.

James R. Bragdon to Julius Dangel, Warren ave.; q.; $1.

Julia V. Sullivan to City & Suburban Real Estate Trust, Hancock pl., 4 lots; q.; $1.

Same to same, Audubon rd., 4 lots; q.; $1.

John H. Jones to Bertha H. Crowder, Northampton st.; w.; $1.

Bertha H. Crowder to Harriet F. Jones, same; q.; $1.

Joseph Weinberg to Abraham Wolf, Wall st. and Ranson ct.; q.; $1.

SOUTH BOSTON

Idella A. Hodgkins to Kazimir Zulon, Bowen st.; q.; $1.

EAST BOSTON

Joseph M. Tower to Felix A. Marcella, Liverpool st.; q.; $1.

Samuel Lishner to Sarah Copans, Bennington st.; q.; $1.

Helen P. Haggerty to Francesca P. Silva, Neptune rd.; q.; $1.

ROXBURY

Dora Flun to Harris Leshefsky, Hemenway st.; q.; $1.

DORCHESTER

Frederick J. Rockwell to Eva M. Kelley, Melville ave.; w.; $1.

Same to Linda F. Keith, Goodale st., 2 lots; w.; $1.

Same to same, same; w.; $1.

Julia V. Sullivan to City & Suburban Real Estate Trust, Talbot ave., Whitfield st. and Aspinwall rd.; q.; $1.

WEST ROXBURY

Willard P. Whittemore, tr., to Patrick O'Leary, Fisk rd., Florence st., Bixley rd., 8 lots; d.; $1.

Oscar A. Keefe to Rose R. Harrington, Fairview st.; w.; $1.

Rose R. Harrington to Oscar A. Keefe, same; w.; $1.

Securities Real Estate Trust to Joseph Horgan, George st.; d.; $1.

WEST ROXBURY

Samuel Goldberg et al. to Abraham Goldberg, Lena park, 2 lots; q.; $1.

Hermann Schmidt to Veronica E. Schmidt, Johnson st.; q.; $1.

Forest Hill Land Trust to Agnes C. Thompson, Rodman st.; d.; $1.

BRIGHTON

Brighton 5s. Sav. Bk., mtgee., to Daniel W. Hyde, Winship st.; d.; $1085.

CHARLESTOWN

Thompson S. Sampson to Warren Instin, for Savs., Moulton st.; rel.; $1.

Warren Instn. for Sav., mtgee., to Thompson S. Sampson, same; d.; $2800.

CHELSEA

Joseph Goldman to Aleck Woogmaster et al., Elm st.; w.; $1.

Rosa Theise to Benjamin Theise, W. Third, Arlington and Ash sts., 2 lots; q.; $1.

Julia V. Sullivan to City & Suburban Real Estate Trust, Broadway, Division and Cross sts.; q.; $1.

BUILDING NOTICES

Permits to construct, alter or repair buildings were posed in the office of the building commissioner of the city of Boston today as printed below. Location, owner, architect and nature of the work are named in the order here given:

Beach st., 37, ward 7; W. Stanley Tripp, Jno. C. Spofford; brick mercantile.

Wordsworth st., 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, ward 1; J. Pienstien, S. S. Levy; wood dwellings.

Hewlett st., 95, ward 23; Francis Keefe, Nicholas J. Murphy; wood dwelling.

Etna st., 2, 4, 6, ward 25; James C. Keith, James Lewis Ellis; alter stables.

Horace st., 57, ward 1; Ella De Gust; alter dwelling.

Pleasant st., 269, ward 7; Frederick C. Bowditch; alter dwelling.

Chestnut st., 4, ward 5; Geo. F. Mullett; alter dwelling.

Bowdoin st., 162, ward 20; Nellie M. Miller; alter dwelling.

Page st., 4, ward 20; S. J. Siegel; alter dwelling.

Parsons st., 36, ward 25; Freelon Morris; alter dwelling.

SHIPPING NEWS

Coming from Jamaican ports, the United Fruit Company's steamer, Admiral Dewey, Captain O'Neill, arrived today with 19,575 bunches of bananas, 406 bags of cocoanuts, 124 boxes of grape fruit, 279 boxes of oranges and 500 barrels of oranges. Among the saloon passengers were Andrew J. Burnett, Mrs. Helen G. Burnett, Fred W. Jones, Mrs. Jones, Miss Lillian Hitchens, Miss Louise Duffield, Miss Adella Thomas, Miss Louisa Cyrus, Miss Louise Myrick, Miss Verda Parchment, Miss Elsie Rudolph and Vernon Rudolph of Boston. The Dewey will sail on her return trip to the tropics Wednesday.

The United Fruit Company's steamer Esparta, Captain Carvin, arrived today from Port Limon. She brought 32,500 bunches of bananas and 20 boxes of grape fruit. The raising of grapefruit in Costa Rica is in its early stage, and judging from the quality of the few shipments received from there the demand for this particular fruit will be very heavy.

Arriving today from Calcutta and Colombo, the German steamer Kybfels berthed at Cunard pier, East Boston, to discharge 4000 tons of Indian merchandise. She also had on board 3500 tons of general cargo for New York. Officers report witnessing the new comet just before daybreak, each day, for the last few days.

Only 13 fishing vessels arrived at T wharf today, a comparatively small number for a Monday. The arrivals and their fares were: Schooner Gladys and Nellie 31,000 pounds, Stranger 14,000, Evelyn M. Thompson 20,500, Tecumseh 9800, Fannie Belle Atwood 39,000, Susan and Mary 44,000, Galatea 10,000, Manomet 11,000, Thomas Brundage 7000, Priscilla 5000, Pinta 5000, str Crest 62,000, and the str Spray, which arrived too late to be reported.

On board the schooner Susan and Mary, when that vessel tied up a T wharf today, were 2000 pounds of halibut in addition to the fare of 44,000 pounds of groundfish. It was the only fare of that fish brought to the pier today.

With the opening of a fresh week dealers' prices at T wharf took a slight advance over those of Saturday. Steak cod sold per hundredweight for $7.50, market cod $4.75, haddock, $4.75, pollock $3.75, large hake $2.25, medium hake $2 and cusk $3.25.

NEW YORK ARRIVALS

NEW YORK—Strs City of Everett, Philadelphia; Isabella, San Juan, P R; Minneapolis, London; Main, Bremen; Corozal, San Juan, P R; Allianca, Coamo, San Juan and Ponce; Madeirense, Port Antonio; Vaderland, Antwerp and Dover; Chatham, Baltimore; Roma, Mediterranean ports via Providence; Aurora, Quebec via Sydney; Prinz Sigismund, Kingston and Colon; Arimatea, Mediterranean; Crown of Grenada, Demerara and St. Thomas; City of St. Louis, Savannah; El Sol, Galveston; Proteus, New Orleans; Marie di Giorgio, Jamaican ports.

PORT OF BOSTON

Arrived

Str Kybfels (Ger.), Fretwurst, Calcutta and Colombo.

Str Admiral Dewey, O'Neill, Port Antonio, Jam.

Str Esparta (Br.), Garvin, Port Limon.

Str Huiana (Br.), Carey, Demerara, Barbadoes, St Lucia, Martinique, Dominica, Guadeloupe, Antigua, St Kitts, St Croix and St Thomas, via New York.

Str Halifax (Br), Ellis, Charlottetown, P E I, Hawkesbury, C B, and Halifax, N S.

Str Melrose, Frostad, Baltimore.

Str Tuscan, Page, Philadelphia.

Tug Mercury, Wall, New York, towg bg R. & R. L. Co. No. 1 for Searsport.

Tug Monocacy, Camp, Philadelphia, towg bgs Paxinos for Beverly, Cleona and Brookside.

Tug Lykens, Bengtsson, Philadelphia, towg bgs Merriam for Danversport, Paxtang for Portland and Langhorne.

St Herman Winter, Colberth, New York.

Sr James S. Whitney, Crowell, New York.

Sailed

Tgs Cheektowaga, Perth Amboy, towg bgs Marine, Buffet and Black Bird; Paoli, South Amboy, towg bgs Starfford, Shamokin and Radnor; schs Lewiston, Jacksonville, Wm. H. Yerkes, Port Tampa and Baltimore; Geo. W. Wells and Geo. P. Hudson, Norfolk; John Twohy, Philadelphia and Porto Rico, latter not before; Grace A. Martin, Philadelphia; Agnes Manning, Philadelphia and Jacksonville; tg Confidence, towg bg Boylston for Sandwich; strs Howard, Baltimore via Newport News; Herman Winter, New York.

MOVEMENTS OF VESSELS

MAITLAND, N S, Oct 7—Arrd, schr Jessie Ashley, Boston.

SAVANNAH, Oct 20—Arrd, str City of Memphis, Boston.

FLUSHING, Oct 19—Psd, str Manitou, Antwerp for Boston.

SAVED FOUR IN HARBOR

QUINCY, Mass.—Four men were rescued by George Parmenter of 67 Madison street, East Weymouth, Sunday evening after they had clung for more than an hour to the mast of their capsized yacht between Sheep and Peddocks islands. The men saved were David J. Curney, Henry Thibodeau, his brother Alvin and Thomas Hayes.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC SAILINGS

This schedule is compiled from advance lists, and is subject to change without notice.

Transatlantic Sailings

EASTBOUND

Sailings from New York

*Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, for Bremen	Oct. 24
*Ryndam, for Rotterdam	Oct. 24
*Campania, for Liverpool	Oct. 25
*La Provence, for Havre	Oct. 26
*Friedrich der Grosse, for Bremen	Oct. 26
Campanello, for Rotterdam	Oct. 26
*United States, for Copenhagen	Oct. 26
*Pannonia, for Gibraltar-Napl s	Oct. 26
*Celtic, for Liverpool	Oct. 26
Niagara, for Havre	Oct. 28
Rochambeau, for Havre	Oct. 28
Patricia, for Hamburg	Oct. 28
*Martha Washington, for Gibraltar-Naples	Oct. 28
*Vaderland, for Dover-Antwerp	Oct. 28
*Minneapolis, for London	Oct. 28
*Philadelphia, for Southampton	Oct. 28
California, for Glasgow	Oct. 28
*Majestic, for Southampton	Oct. 28
*Roma, for Naples	Oct. 28
*Cretic, for Naples-Genoa	Oct. 28
*Kaiser Wilhelm II., for Bremen	Oct. 31
*Potsdam, for Rotterdam	Oct. 31

Sailings from Boston

Michigan, for Liverpool	Oct. 23
Louisiana, for Copenhagen	Oct. 25
Anglian, for London	Oct. 27
Parisian, for Glasgow	Oct. 27
Devonian, for Liverpool	Oct. 28
Caledonian, for Manchester	Oct. 28
Ivernia, for Liverpool	Oct. 31
Cymric, for Liverpool	Oct. 31

Sailings from Philadelphia

Menominee, for Antwerp	Oct. 27
*Haverford, for Liverpool	Oct. 28

Sailings from Montreal

Montcalm, for Bristol	Oct. 28
Montfort, for London	Oct. 29

WESTBOUND

Sailings from Liverpool

Arabic, for Boston	Oct. 24
Merion, for Philadelphia	Oct. 25
Cedric, for New York	Oct. 26
Lake Manitoba, for Montreal	Oct. 26
Lusitania, for New York	Oct. 28
Laurentic, for Montreal	Oct. 28

Sailings from London

Mesaba, for New York	Oct. 26
Mount Royal, for Montreal	Oct. 26

Sailings from Southampton

President Grant, for New York	Oct. 23
Kronprinz Wilhelm, for New York	Oct. 25
Oceanic, for New York	Oct. 25
St. Paul, for New York	Oct. 28
President Lincoln, for New York	Oct. 30
Ausonia, for Montreal	Oct. 31

Sailings from Glasgow

Numidian, for Boston	Oct. 27
Columbia, for New York	Oct. 28

Sailings from Hamburg

President Grant, for New York	Oct. 22
Graf Waldersee, for Philadelphia	Oct. 27
President Lincoln, for New York	Oct. 29

Sailings from Bremen

Kronprinbz Wilhelm, for N. Y.	Oct. 24
Barbarossa, for New York	Oct. 29
Kronprinzessin Cecilie, for N. Y.	Oct. 31

Sailings from Havre

Chicago, for New York	Oct. 28
La Lorraine, for New York	Oct. 29

Sailings from Antwerp

Montreal for Montreal	Oct. 25
Kroonland, for New York	Oct. 28

Sailings from Rotterdam

Noordam, for New York	Oct. 28

Sailings from Genoa

Canopic, for Boston	Oct. 21
Koenig Albert, for New York	Oct. 26

Transpacific Sailings

WESTBOUND

Sailings from San Francisco

*Chiyo Maru, for Hongkong	Oct. 25
Wilhelmina, for Honolulu	Oct. 25
*Strathardle, for Sydney	Oct. 27

Sailings from Seattle

*Inaba Maru, for Hongkong	Oct. 24
*Empress of Japan, for Hongkong	Oct. 25
*Mexico Maru, for Hongkong	Oct. 28

Sailings from Tacoma

Mexico Maru, for Hongkong	Oct. 28
Bellerophon, for Hongkong	Oct. 30

Sailings for Vancouver

Empress of Japan, for Hongkong	Oct. 25

EASTBOUND

Sailings from Hongkong

Korea, for San Francisco	Oct. 28

Sailings from Yokohama

Monteagle, for Vancouver	Oct. 24
Tenyo Maru, for San Francisco	Oct. 24
Tamba Maru, for Seattle	Oct. 25
Canada Maru, for Tacoma	Oct. 31
Persia, for San Francisco	Oct. 31

Sailings from Honolulu

Sierra, for San Francisco	Oct. 25
America Maru, for San Francisco	Oct. 27

Sailings from Sydney

Marama, for Vancouva	Oct. 23

Sailings from Manila

Antilochus, for Tacoma	Oct. 27

*Carries U. S. mail.

FOREIGN MAIL DEPARTURES FOR WEEK ENDING OCT. 28

Mails for	Via:		Mails close at Boston P. O.	Supple. Mail closes
Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies, specially addressed for Azores, via Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen	Ks. Wm. der Gr.	Mon.,	23....9 p.m.	10 p.m.
Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies, specially addressed for Azores, via Queenstown, Fishguard and Liverpool	Campania	Tues.,	24....9 p.m.	10 p.m.
Jamaica, via Port Antonio	Admiral Dewey	Wed.,	26....4 p.m.	——
Jamaica, via Philadelphia and Port Antonio	Adm. Farragut	Wed.,	25....9 p.m.	——
Germany, letter mail only, two cents per ounce, via Bremen	Frd. der Grosse	Wed.	25....9 p.m.	10 p.m.
Europe, Egypt, West Asia, East Indies and South Brazil, specially addressed for Great Britain, Ireland, Africa (except Egypt), and Azores, via Havre	La Provence	Wed.	25....9 p.m.	10 p.m.
Great Britain, Ireland and Africa (except Egypt), specially addressed for other destinations, via Queenstown and Liverpool	Celtic	Wed.,	25....9 p.m.	11 p.m.
Jamaica and Costa Rica, via Port Antonio and Port Limon	Esparta	Thur.,	26....8 a.m.	——
Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies, specially addressed for Azores, via Plymouth and Cherbourg	Philadelphia	Fri.,	27....9 p.m.	10 p.m.
Azores Islands, via Ponta Delgada	M. Washington	Fri.,	27....9 p.m.	11 p.m.
Specially addressed for Azores Islands, via Ponta Delgada	Roma	Fri.,	27....9 p.m.	11 p.m.
Specially addressed for Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies, via Plymouth and Cherbourg	Majestic	Fri.,	27....9 p.m.	11 p.m.

Letters for Germany paid at the rate of two cents per ounce will be forwarded only on direct steamer from New York to Hamburg or Bremen.

Registered mails for Europe, Africa, West Asia and East Indies close Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday at 8:30 p. m.; for other countries mail closes one hour earlier than time shown above.

Newfoundland, except parcels post via North Sydney, N. S., thence by steamer, closes daily, except Saturday, at 5:30 p. m., also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 a. m.

St. Pierre and Miquelon, via North Sydney, N. S., thence by steamer, closes at 5:30 p. m., Oct. 29 and Nov. 12 and 26, and at 7 a. m. Oct. 30 and Nov. 13 and 27.

Parcels post for Newfoundland forwarded only on direct steamer from New York and Philadelphia to St. Johns.

Parcels post for Labrador can only be forwarded on direct steamers from New York and Philadelphia to St. Johns, between July 1 and Oct. 1.

Mails for Cuba, rail to Florida, thence by steamer, close daily except Wednesday 12 m., 4 and 9 p. m.

Mails for Cuba close at this office every Wednesday at 9 p. m. forwarded on direct steamers sailing from New York every Thursday.

All steamers take specially addressed correspondence.

Parcels post mails for Jamaica and Costa Rica close one half hour earlier than the closing time shown above.

Parcels post mails for Great Britain and Ireland close Friday at 5 p. m. Germany 5 p. m. Monday and Wednesday. Italy 5 p. m. Friday. Norway, Sweden and Denmark 5 p. m. Wednesday. Newfoundland 4 p. m. Thursday and 5 p. m. Friday.

TRANS-PACIFIC MAILS FORWARDED OVERLAND DAILY

Mails for:	Conveyed by	Via—	Mails close at Boston P. O.
China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines	Mexico Maru	Vancouver	Oct. 27..6 p.m.
Hawaii, Samoa, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, except West Australia, which is forwarded via Europe	Zealandia	Seattle	Oct. 23..6 p.m.
China, Japan and Korea	Bellerophon	Seattle	Oct. 27..6 p.m.
Hawaii	Sierra	San Fran.	Oct. 30..6 p.m.
China, Japan and Korea	Sado Maru	Seattle	Oct. 30..6 p.m.
Guam and the Philippines	A U. S. Transp.	San Fran.	Nov. 1..6 p.m.
Hawaii, China, Japan, Korea and the Philippines	Mongolia	San Fran.	Nov. 2..6 p.m.
Hawaii	Lurline	San Fran.	Nov. 3..6 p.m.

Supplementary mails to insure forwarding must be dropped in receptacle marked "Foreign." Merchandise for the United States postal agent at Shanghai or Japanese parcels post cannot be sent via Canada. North Manchuria is forwarded via Russia instead of Japan.

LABOR LEGISLATION TO BE URGED ON THE NEXT GENERAL COURT

Whether the Massachusetts Association for Labor Legislation shall redraft and reintroduce the industrial inspection bill which failed of passage last year or work for a reorganization and consolidation of all the labor law enforcing agencies in the state, will be the chief question before the annual meeting of the association on Thursday afternoon in the Chamber of Commerce building.

The executive committee has written to each candidate for election to the Legislature of 1912, asking whether, if elected, he will support a measure to establish an effective system of industrial inspection and labor law enforcement. Practically all the replies received so far have been in the affirmative and the committee is thereby encouraged to attempt the more popular movement of consolidating all state agencies. Should that be done, a labor law would be introduced into the Legislature as well.

The committee points out that the state branch of the American Federation of Labor has recently declared for a consolidated labor association and that the Democratic party has declared for a labor bureau and the Republican party has declared for a better enforcement of labor legislation. Therefore it considers the time to be ripe for such a consolidation.

It was decided yesterday at the joint session of the state branch, A. F. of L. to reintroduce to the Legislature as Massachusetts state branch, A. F. of L., measures, the anti-injunction bill, picketing, peaceful persuasion, public opinion initiative and referendum and equal suffrage bills and the bill to prevent the serving of liquor by women in places where the sale of liquor is the main business.

In addition to those measures it was also decided to introduce and support bills for the election of all judges by the people, to abolish private detective agencies and to have the park authorities set aside small tracts of park lands for camps and cultivation by the people.

DARTMOUTH GROWTH DEMANDS ADDITIONAL $100,000 DORMITORY

HANOVER, N. H.—The rapid growth of Dartmouth College in the past few years has led to a definite statement of a future policy on the part of the trustees at their meeting held in Hanover on Saturday evening. It was voted that since no practical plan could be found for limiting the growth of the college, the financial and educational responsibility which the increasing size of the college entails should be faced and that the college should continue as in the past to meet the increasing demand for higher education.

President Nichols urged the need of more housing facilities, more recitation rooms and a larger chapel. It was voted to build a new dormitory to be ready for the opening of college next fall to cost $100,000.

It was further proposed by President Nichols that Wentworth hall, one of the older and smaller dormitories, be remodeled into a lecture and class room, without altering the exterior. The need of a larger chapel is to be met, if the president's idea is carried out, by the addition of 20 feet to the transepts in Rollins chapel. The present enrolment is so large that the gallery formerly used for visitors is almost filled with freshmen.

The office of college librarian was filled by the appointment of Nathaniel L. Goodrich. He has had wide experience and was librarian of the University of Texas, from which position he will come to Dartmouth on Jan. 1.

The trustees also confirmed the appointment of two new instructors, Charles R. Dines in the department of mathematics and of Adolph B. Benson in the German department.

DUTCH PAINTINGS ON EXHIBITION AT WORCESTER

WORCESTER, Mass.—Oil paintings by contemporary Dutch artists will be shown at the Worcester Art Museum from Oct. 22 to Nov. 12 inclusive. The collection is loaned by Messrs. R. C. and N. M. Vose.

A recent gift to the museum is a lithograph of "Two Kittens" by Cecilia Beaux and executed in 1874.

A large stamnos vase, loaned by Mrs. E. D. Buffington, is the center of interest in the pottery department. Two small lecythos jars equal but do not surpass it in beauty and stability.

The Saturday talks on "Children from Other Lands" have been received with such interest they will continue for six weeks with three story hours for France and three for England.

The museum school is held in the old Salisbury mansion, built by Stephen Salisbury in 1840. Eighty students are enrolled and night classes begin Oct. 30.

The collection of rugs and other textiles purchased by H. Stuart Michie in London this summer, which was reported lost when the Olympic collided with the British cruiser Hawke, has been received at the school and is in fine condition.

GEORGE H. MARTIN TO BE HONORED

George H. Martin, former treasurer and special agent of the state board of education, will be a dinner guest of his friends on Saturday at 5 p. m. at the Boston City Club. The officials of the state and city education departments, former students at the Bridgewater state normal school and other friends of Mr. Martin will be present.

The state board of education passed resolutions upon the resignation of Mr. Martin and of Dr. John T. Prince. Mr. Martin concluded a service of 47 years, and Mr. Prince 28 years.

BRITISH STEAMER IN WITH SUGAR

When the British steamer Guiana, Capt. William Carey, reached her berth at Lawrence & Wiggins wharf, Charlestown, today, another large consignment of sugar was added to the fast growing list that has reached here since the price made such a sharp advance.

The steamer loaded approximately 14,400 bags of sugar at Demerara, West Indies, and also took on about 500 hogsheads of molasses for Boston before embarking 61 passengers for New York. She left New York for here at 9 p. m. Saturday.

WISCONSIN NAMES L. D. BRANDEIS

MADISON, Wis.—Governor McGregor has notified Louis D. Brandeis of Boston of his appointment as special counsel for Wisconsin in the coming proceedings to prevent the acceptance of the tobacco trust's dissolution program.

STEEL IS STILL UNDER SCRUTINY OF GOVERNMENT

WASHINGTON—The department of justice is investigating industrial corporations in search of offenders under the anti-trust law. The files of the department are filled with evidence.

Although the bureau of corporations has for years been engaged in an investigation of the United States Steel corporation the administration has not stopped there, but Solicitor-eneral Lehmann is also making an inquiry into the affairs of the corporation.

No hasty action will be taken, it is explained. Corporations generally are showing such a desire to bring their operations within the law, it is said, that reasonable opportunity will be afforded them to do so.

Whether the steel corporation by cancelling its lease of the Great Northern ore lands has attempted to bring itself within the law or is simply releasing itself from a burdensome contract is a question which is not receiving serious consideration.

Nothing short of a plea of guilty and a formal decree from a federal court will meet the requirements laid down by Mr. Wickersham.

JEWISH JUNIORS' BOSTON REPORT

The Boston section, Council of Jewish Juniors, opened its season yesterday afternoon with a meeting in the vestry of Temple Israel, Commonwealth avenue and Blandford streets. Gabriel Beckhard presided.

The reports of the committees which labored during the summer showed a vast amount of work accomplished, especially by the outing committee, which cared for more than 5000 children from July 10 to Labor day. The president reported that the Boston section is the largest junior section on this country.

MELROSE CLUB TO OPEN SEASON

Formal opening of the Melrose Club season will take place Wednesday evening in the club hall. A concert has been arranged under the direction of Albert B. Sweezy, chairman of the entertainment committee. The club hall has been redecorated for the event, and the rooms have been renovated and refurnished. There will be an informal reception to President Howard C. Morse, Secretary Byron G. Morgan and Treasurer Hugh D. Bennie preceding the concert.

STEAMER LOUISIANA ARRIVES

Three days overdue from Copenhagen, the Danish steamer Louisiana, Captain Ortel, arrived this afternoon with a large general cargo of paper, hides, etc., and went to her discharging berth at Hoosac docks, Charlestown.

NEWSBOYS UNION WITH 350 PRESENT ELECTS OFFICERS

HYMAN J. COHEN

Boston newsboys at the annual business meeting of the Newsboys Union at 30 Hanover street, Sunday, elected these officers: President, Hyman J. Cohen; first vice-president, J. Applebaum; second vice-president, Benjamin Waldman; recording secretary, Benjamin Bolrish; treasurer, T. J. Mulkern; sergeant-at-arms, Charles Brickel; executive committee, D. V. Mulkern, Harry Fritz, Edward Levine, J. Milstern and Charles Frasca; auditors, Max Shankman, Morris Zaramasky and Oscar Elritch.

There were 350 members present.

CHARLES F. SCOTT RALLY SPEAKER

Congressman Charles F. Scott of Kansas has been secured by the Republican town committee of Brookline to address the big rally planned for the night of Nov. 3, in the town hall. Congressman Scott is known as one of the ablest speakers in the House of Representatives, where he has represented his district for 12 years.

Among the other speakers will be Lieut.-Gov. Louis A. Frothingham, Robert Luce, Speaker Walker, Senator Charles H. Pearson and the local candidates for the Legislature, John A. Curtin and John H. Sherburne.

MELROSE MEN OUT FOR OFFICE

Charles E. French, president of the Melrose board of aldermen, today announced that he will be a candidate for mayor. J. Sidney Hitchins will be a candidate for the presidency of the board.

Alderman William Coggeshall of ward six has announced his candidacy for the school committee and is thus far unopposed for the position.

RAPID GROWTH OF THE CHAMBER

Remarkable growth in the membership of the Boston Chamber of Commerce has been shown recently, 105 new names having just been added to the list of those belonging to the organization. Among the names are those of men engaged in a wide variety of business enterprises.

Great activity is being shown at the exposition in Mechanics building where the numerous membership teams make their headquarters.

The leading team is that headed by Jonathan A. Voodry, which obtained 38 applications. Second is that of Chairman Alexander Whiteside, with 26. Next comes Benjamin Joy with 15, then George B. Gallup with 14 and Frank J. Ludwig with 12.

WAKEFIELD WILL HONOR FIREMEN

WAKEFIELD, Mass.—To show their appreciation of the assistance rendered by the fire departments of Melrose, Woburn, Reading and Stoneham at the Cutler and armory fire July 6, and of the work of the members of the local department who saved the town hall and two large factories, the fire department and citizens of the town will give a dinner and reception in Flanley hall tonight.

Chief William E. Cade will preside, and addresses will be given by Chairman G. E. Walker of the selectmen, Representative Charles A. Dean, chiefs of the out-of-town departments, and others.

FISHERMEN REACH SHELBURNE N. S.

When the fishing schoner Susan and Mary reached T wharf today with the report that four of her crew had been lost in the fog a telegram was handed to G. B. Anderson, the captain, stating that two of the men, Watson Goodwin and Edward Townsend, had arrived safely at Shelburne, N. S., and would proceed here at once.

The other two men, William Haydn and Alexander Bebbine, have probably been picked up by some other vessel and will be brought into port later. The four men were lost last Friday afternoon, 57 miles S. E. by S. of Shelburne light on the La Havre banks.

GIRLS LEAD IN GARDENING

HARRISBURG, Pa.—Girls are better gardeners than boys in this city. Three of the four principal prizes for work in the garden schools run during the summer by the Civic Club have gone to the fair sex.

SEEK DISABLED VESSEL

LONDON—Several vessels are looking for the Holland liner Sloterdyk, bound from Rotterdam to Boston and Philadelphia, and reported disabled with a broken crankshaft 300 miles off the Irish coast.

FILES PAPERS FOR SENATOR

Andrew J. Burnett of Melrose has filed papers with the secretary of state as an independent candidate for senator in the fourth Middlesex district.

ALSACE-LORRAINE ELECTIONS HELD

STRASSBURG, Germany—As the result of elections for the lower House, held Saturday under the new constitution granted to Alsace-Lorraine, the Clericals have elected 16 members, the Lorraine "bloc" eight, the Socialists six, the Nationalists two and the Liberals one, the other two being uncertain.

It appears that 35 out of 60 districts have elected; the remainder will require a reballot, which will be taken Oct. 29.

STURGEON TO TRY AGAIN

ROCKLAND, Me.—Another attempt is to be made today to carry out the deep sea strength tests of the U. S. submarine boat Sturgeon, which were undertaken Sunday, but were abandoned for the day owing to the roughness of the water.

TURKEY FOR MR. TAFT

PLYMOUTH, Conn.—A Thanksgiving turkey which already has reached a weight of 32 pounds has been offered to the White House for President Taft by Oliver W. Beldon.

Financial, Commercial and Industrial News of the World

THREE LEADING STOCKS ABSORB MOST ATTENTION

Bears Are Still Active, but Much More Cautious as They Find It Difficult to Depress Prices

LOCALS IRREGULAR

Sentiment continues generally bearish in Wall street notwithstanding the advance the New York market has had since it began its recovery several weeks ago. However, pessimism is not as extreme as it was. The bears are more cautious in their operations. It has been more difficult for them to depress prices and it does not seem to require much effort to start a covering movement.

Selling of Amalgamated Copper was a feature of the early trading today. The stock broke more than a point during the first few minutes. The market leaders generally were off a good fraction. Recoveries were in order at the end of the first half hour.

Local stocks were irregular and trading was quiet.

Toward midday stocks improved further, but trading was confined almost altogether to Reading, Union Pacific and United States Steel, all of which advanced about a point over the opening prices. Reading opened off ¼ at 139¼, dropped the fraction and then sold up to 140½ before midday. Union Pacific was off ½ at the opening at 162. After receding fractionally it gained about a point. Steel opened off ⅜ at 59⅜, receded to 59, and then advanced well above 60.

Amalgamated Copper opened up ⅝ at 54, improved to 54⅛ and then sold off to 52⅝, recovering part of the loss before midday. Good fractional gains were made by Chesapeake & Ohio and Great Northern Ore.

The local market continued very quiet and almost featureless. Quincy was up a point at 58. The Massachusetts Electric issues and American Telephone made good fractional advances.

International Harvester was a feature of the New York market in the afternoon, advancing 3 points over the opening to 107 before the beginning of the last hour. Underwood Typewriter also was conspicuously strong.

LONDON — The securities markets closed irregular today. Domestic issues ruled firm although business was of narrow proportions. Chinese descriptions developed weakness but the restoration of political quietude in Spain influenced buying orders in Spanish bonds.

American railway shares developed a steadier feeling on the curb. Other departments were heavy. The continental bourses left off quiet.

RAILWAY EARNINGS

AURORA, ELGIN & CHICAGO R. R.

		Increase
September—		
Gross earnings	$167,422	$5,824
Net earnings	83,015	4,595
Surplus	46,645	1,278
From July 1—		
Gross earnings	$542,947	$20,259
Net earnings	274,282	9,833
Surplus	164,993	*795

RIO DE JANEIRO TRAMWAY LIGHT & POWER CO.

September—		
Gross earnings	$1,118,664	$135,902
Net earnings	594,783	86,635
From Jan. 1—		
Gross earnings	9,522,226	1,488,457
Net earnings	4,956,040	1,038,209

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT

Second week Oct	$148,528	$5,159
From Jan. 1	6,076,527	227,868

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC

Second week Oct	$70,845	$15,542
From July 1	917,013	141,732

NEW ORLEANS & CHICAGO

Second week Oct	$29,132	$4,875
From July 1	533,180	53,664

SEABOARD AIR LINE

Second week Oct	$439,445	$20,710
From July 1	5,961,140	432,607

*Decrease.

SAN ANTONIO COPPER ASSESSMENT

The directors of the San Antonio Copper Company have called an assessment of 50 cents a share, payable Nov. 20.

THE WEATHER

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU PREDICTIONS FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY: Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; cooler Tuesday; moderate westerly winds.

WASHINGTON—The U. S. weather bureau predicts weather today as follows for New England: Local rains tonight or Tuesday; cooler Tuesday.

Rain has been general during the last twenty-four hours over the lake region and along the entire Atlantic coast, but the weather is clearing this morning in nearly all sections except Michigan. Frosts were reported west of the Mississippi river as far south as Louisiana. The area of high pressure which has persisted for several days over the maritime provinces has now moved out to sea, and the disturbances are now moving eastward with their normal velocity.

TEMPERATURE TODAY

8 a. m.	59	12 noon	64
2 p. m.	65		

Average temperature yesterday, 59 7-24.

IN OTHER CITIES

Buffalo	64	Albany	62
Nantucket	70	Pittsburgh	64
New York	62	Chicago	64
Washington	66	Des Moines	50
Philadelphia	66	Denver	52
Jacksonville	82	St. Louis	64
San Francisco	62	Portland, Me.	58

ALMANAC FOR TOMORROW

Sun rises ..... 6:07 High water,
Sun sets ..... 4:50 12:35 a.m., 12:45 p.m.
Length of day..10:43

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK—The following are the transactions on the New York Stock Exchange, giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last Sale.
Allis-Chalmers	3⅛	3⅛	3	3
Amalgamated	54⅛	54⅛	52⅝	53⅜
Am Beet Sugar	58¾	59¼	58½	59⅞
Am Can	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
Am Can pf	85¾	86	85½	8
Am Ice	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
Am Loco	34½	34½	34½	34½
Am Loco pf	103⅜	103⅜	103⅛	103⅛
Am Malt pf	41½	41½	41½	41½
Am Smelting	65⅛	66⅛	64⅞	65¾
Am Smelting pf	101½	101½	101½	101½
Am T & T	135	135⅜	135	135⅜
Am Woolen pf	87½	87½	87	87
Am Writing Pa pf	27	27	27	27
Anaconda	34½	34½	34½	34½
Atchison	106¾	107	106⅝	106⅞
Atchison pf	103⅛	103¼	103⅛	103¼
Balt & Ohio	96⅞	97	96⅞	97
Balt & Ohio pf	88½	88½	88½	88½
Beth Steel pf	56	56	56	56
Brooklyn R T	74⅝	74⅞	74⅝	74⅞
Brooklyn Union	133⅞	133⅞	133⅞	133⅞
Canadian Pacific	229⅞	230¾	229⅞	230¾
Central Leather	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Ches & Ohio	71½	72⅜	71⅛	72⅛
Chi & Gt West	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Chino	20⅝	21	20⅝	20⅞
Colorado Fuel pf	106	106	106	106
Con Gas	138½	138⅝	138½	138⅝
Del & Hudson	163	163	163	163
Erie	30⅜	30½	30⅛	30⅜
Erie 1st pf	49½	50	49½	50
Gen Electric	150	150	150	150
Goldfield Con	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝
Gt Nor pf	123¾	*123¾	123½	123½
Gt Nor Ore	41½	42⅛	41	42⅛
Harvester	104	108⅞	104	108⅞
Inter-Met	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
Inter-Met pf	44	44½	43¾	44½
Int Paper pf	46⅛	46⅛	45¾	45¾
Int Pump	27¼	27¼	27	27
Kan & Tex	31	31	31	31
Laclede Gas	104½	104½	104½	104½
Lehigh Valley	164⅜	165⅛	163⅞	165
Manhattan	135	135	135	135
Miami	19½	19½	19½	19½
M St P & S Ste M	133⅞	133⅞	133⅞	133⅞
Missouri Pacific	39¼	39⅞	39¼	39¾
Nevada Cons Cop	16¼	16⅜	16¼	16⅜
Nat Lead	47½	47½	47½	47½
N Y Central	105½	105¾	105½	105¾
N Y N H & H	133¼	133¼	133¼	133¼
Northern Pacific	116⅜	116¾	116¼	116¾
Norfolk & Western	105¾	106½	105¼	106½
Ontario & Western	38¾	38¾	38¾	38¾
Pacific Mail	30½	30½	30½	30½
Pennsylvania	122¼	122⅜	122¼	122⅜
Pittsburg Coal	18½	18½	18½	18½
Pressed Steel pr	95¼	95¼	95¼	95¼
Pullman	159½	159½	159	159
Ray Cons Copper	14	14¼	14	14¼
Reading	139¼	140⅜	139	140¼
Republic Steel	22½	22½	22½	22½
Rock Island	24⅜	24¾	24⅜	24¾
Rock Island Pf	47	47	47	47
Southern Pacific	108¾	109⅜	108½	109¼
Southern Railway	29⅛	29¼	29⅛	29¼
Southern Ry pf	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾
St L Southwe'n pf	68	68	68	68
St Paul	108	108¾	107¾	108¾
St Paul pf	148	148	148	148
Twin City Rap Tr	106½	106½	106½	106½
Texas Pacific	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Toledo St L & W pf	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜	43⅜
Unw'd Typew'tr	98½	100½	98	100⅛
United Ry Inv Co	32¾	34	32¾	34
Un Ry Inv pf	57½	58	57½	58
Union Pacific	162	163⅞	161⅞	162⅝
Union Pacific pf	92½	92½	92⅛	92⅛
Utah Copper	44⅛	44¾	44⅛	44¾
U S Rubber	42½	42¾	42½	42¾
U S Steel	59⅜	60⅜	59	59⅞
U S Steel pf	109½	109⅝	109⅜	109⅝
Va-Caro Chemical	47½	47½	47½	47½
Western Union	78½	79	78½	79
Western Maryland	59½	59½	59½	59½
Wisconsin Central	53	53	53	53

*Ex-dividend.

BONDS

	High	Low	Last
Atchison gen 4s	99¼	99	99¼
Atchison cv 4s	109¾	109¾	109¾
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
Chinese Imp 5s (w i)	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
C B & Q 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼
Interboro Met 4½s	79⅜	79⅜	79⅜
Japan 4½s	94	94	94
Japan 4s	88	88	88
Lake Shore 4s 1931	93¼	93⅛	93⅛
N Y, N H & H 4s 1956	92¾	92¾	92¾
N Y N H & H 6s	130	130	130
N Y City 4½s	108	108	108
N Y City 4¼s	102¾	102¾	102¾
Norfolk & Western cv	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜
Reading gen 4s	98⅛	98	98⅛
U S Steel 5s	102½	102⅛	102½
Union Pacific cv	102¼	102¼	102¼
Virginia 6s Brown Bros	60½	60½	60½
West Shore 4s	100½	100	100½
Wisconsin Central 4s	92½	92½	92½

LONDON METAL CLOSING

LONDON—Copper close: Spot, £56; futures, £56 15s. Market steady: sales spot, 250 tons; futures, 1350 tons. Spot, unchanged. Futures, unchanged.

Pig tin ended firm, spot £191 7s 6d., a decline of 2s. 6d.; futures, £191 7s 6d., an advance of 2s. 6d. Spanish pig lead strong at an advance of 6s 3d. to £15 15s. Spelter down 2s. 6d. to £26 17s. 6d. Cleveland warrants shade lower at 46s. 1½d.

NEW YORK METAL MARKET

NEW YORK—At the metal exchange trading was quiet with the tone generally steady. Tin was slightly higher, 25 tons of December selling at $41.90. Others unchanged. Copper spot to January $12.15@12.25. Tin $42@42.25. Lead $4.25@4.30. Spelter $6.15@6.25.

NEW YORK CURB

NEW YORK—Curb market is dull: Rubber 18@20, Subway 1@1¼, Manhattan Transit 1 15-16@2, British Columbia 3⅜@4, Braden 4⅞@5, La Rose 3 15-16@4, Butte Coalition 15¼@16, Tonopah 6¾@7, Greene-Cananea 6¼@6⅜.

WARNING AGAINST DAMP GRAIN

WINNIPEG — Warning has been sounded by terminal elevator companies of western Canada against threshing of grain not thoroughly dry. They say they cannot assume liability for any grain out of condition.

BANK CIRCULATION INCREASED

WASHINGTON—National bank circulation for the past week increased $85,080.

SEASON'S CROPS COMPARED WITH OTHER HARVESTS

Although Total Amount Is Considerably Smaller Than Last Year's It Is Not Far Below Average

PURCHASING POWER

NEW YORK—Some comfort may be extracted from comparisons, even when the quantity of our foodstuffs is not so large.

Preliminary estimates of the country's production of wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye gave a total of 1,707,000,000 bushels. That figure looks a great deal smaller than the corresponding total of last year, when these four amounted to 2,019,474,000 bushels. The decrease is 15.1 per cent, making a shortage compared with the remarkably good year of 1910 of 311,689,000 bushels:

	Bushels	%
Wheat, oats, barley and rye, 1910	2,019,474,000	100.00
do, 1911	1,707,785,000	84.90
Decrease from 1910	311,689,000	15.10
All four cereals in five-year average	1,824,210,000	100.00
Deficiency in 1911, four crops	116,425,000	6.30

Crops of 1911 were 84.9 per cent of those in 1910, but 93.7 per cent of the five-year average. Although current breadstuffs appear to be of average quantity, the satisfaction of this surface comparison is dispelled by the fact that in every crop the average yield per acre is lower this year than the average of the half decade of 1906-10. Spring wheat, which averaged 13.3 bushels an acre in the period this year gave only 9.7 or 28 per cent less than the average. Winter wheat was one bushel less an acre than five-year average; and both kinds of wheat together were 8.1 bushels less than five-year average, making the country's average yield for this year only 12.6 bushels.

With an average consumption of 6.3 bushels an acre for each of our population, each acre of wheat yielded only enough to provide for two persons. Oats, barley and rye are under the five-year average in point of yield per acre, indicating that the country is not so much wanting in acreage to supply itself with bread as that the acres are not sufficiently under cultural control to combat unfavorable conditions of soil and climate. There are too few people out of the total population at work on the land.

The primary result of the department of agriculture disposes of the idea that the railroads are merely awaiting the harvests to embark upon extensive, if not extravagant, equipment and rail ordering. The railroads will have 901,000,000 bushels of grain less this year to transport than last year and this will necessarily mean a difference of many millions in gross earnings.

The most serious result of the deficiency will be the curtailment of the purchasing power of the country at large for next year, supposing that the final harvests are what the August report indicates. To measure this loss exactly, in terms of gold, is of course impossible as the relative values in gold of the various crops fluctuate according to the supply.

The detailed falling off in estimated corn, wheat and oats crops for 1911 below average of the preceding five years is shown in the following table:

	Corn	Wheat	Oats
Five-year average	2,817,000,000	693,000,000	946,100,000
Estimated '11 crop	2,621,000,000	664,795,000	817,809,000
Deficiency, 1911	196,000,000	28,205,000	28,300,000

Assuming that these crops are worth on the farm 80 per cent of their quotations at Chicago for September delivery, (the average for the last four years having been 80 per cent to 85 per cent), the loss in corn is $102,000,000, in wheat $26,000,000 and in oats $9,000,000, making the total loss in the great cereal crops $137,000,000.

The hay crop this year will be extremely small. The estimate is 49,000,000 tons, which is 1,200,000 tons less than last year and 14,000,000 under the five-year average. Estimating that hay is worth $12 per ton to the farmer, or only half the current price of baled timothy at Chicago, the loss from this source totals $168,000,000.

THE COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK—Cotton opening: Oct. ofd. 9.10, Nov. 9.13@9.14, Dec. 9.28@9.30, Jan. 9.14@9.16, March 9.23@9.25, May 9.42@9.43, July 9.53@9.55. Market easy.

LIVERPOOL—Spot cotton good business; prices steady. Middlings 5.34d, unchanged. Sales estimated 10,000 bales, receipts 25,200, all American. Futures opened steady, 1½ to 4 up. At 12:30 p. m. quiet, 2 to 3 up from previous closing: Oct.-Nov. 5.11½; Dec.-Jan. 5.05; Jan.-Feb. 5.07; March-April 5.12.

PRIMARY GRAIN MOVEMENTS

CHICAGO—Last week's primary wheat receipts exceeded 7,000,000 bushels, against less than 6,500,000 a year ago. Total primary receipts are nearly 14,500,000 bushels, against 14,000,000. Primary shipments were 8,152,000 bushels of wheat, corn and oats, against 8,701,000.

TO BUILD SWITCHING ENGINES

PHILADELPHIA—Reading will build 10 new switching engines at its Reading shops.

BOSTON STOCKS

BOSTON — The following are the transactions of the Boston Stock Exchange giving the opening, high, low and last sales to 2:30 p. m. today:

MINING

	Open	High	Low	Last sale
Allouez	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼
Arizona Com	40c	50c	40c	40c
Bonanza	35c	40c	35c	40c
Butte Coalition	15½	16	15½	16
Calumet & Ariz	49¼	49¼	49	49
Copper Range	52	52	51⅞	51⅞
Franklin	6½	6½	6½	6½
Greene-Cananea	6¼	6½	6¼	6½
La Salle	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Nevada Cons	16¾	16¾	16½	16½
Nipissing	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
North Butte	24⅜	24½	24⅜	24½
Quincy	58	58	58	58
Shannon	7¼	7¼	7⅛	7⅛
Shattuck & Ariz	17	17	17	17
Superior	23½	23½	23	23
Tamarack	24	24	24	24
Utah Cons	15	15	15	15
Utah Copper	44½	44⅞	44½	44⅞
Winona	4	4	4	4
Wolverine	88	88	88	88

TELEPHONES

American	135	135⅜	134⅞	135⅛
do Subscription	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾
Cumberland	150½	150½	150½	150½
New England	145	145½	145	145
Western	26⅝	26¾	26⅝	26¾
Western pf	105	105½	105	105½

RAILROADS

Atchison	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞
Boston & Albany	221½	221½	221	221
Boston & Maine	98	98	98	98
Conn River	271	271	271	271
Fitchburg pf	125	125⅛	125	125⅛
N Y N H & H	133½	133½	133⅜	133⅜
Union Pacific	162	162	162	162
West End pf	101	101	101	101

MISCELLANEOUS

Am Ag Chem pf	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾
Am Pneumatic	4¼	4¾	4¼	4¾
Am Pneumatic pf	16⅞	17	16¾	17
Am Sugar	117	117⅝	117	117⅝
Am Sugar pf	115¼	115⅜	115	115⅜
Am Woolen pf	88	88	87½	87½
Ga Ry & Elec	160	160	160	160
Int Button Hole	5½	5½	5½	5½
Mass Elec	20¾	22	20½	22
Mass Elec pf	93½	94	93½	94
Mass Gas	91½	91½	91½	91½
Mass Gas pf	97½	97½	97	97
N E Cot Yarn	104	104	104	104
Pacific Coast Power	100	100	100	100
Pullman	159½	159½	159½	159½
Swift & Co	99	99½	99	99⅛
Torrington	29½	29½	29½	29½
Torrington pf	29	29	29	29
United Fruit	185	185	184½	185
Uni Shoe Mac	43	43	42¾	43
U S Steel	59⅜	60⅜	59¼	60⅜
U S Steel pf	109½	109⅞	109⅜	109⅞
Western Union	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛

UNLISTED SECURITIES

Algomah	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
Amalgamated	53	53⅜	52¾	53⅛
Am Zinc	21½	21⅞	21½	21½
Atl Gulf & W I pf	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
Chino	20½	20½	20½	20½
East Butte	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
Giroux	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
Indiana	5½	5⅝	5½	5⅝
Inspiration	7½	7½	7½	7½
Island Creek Coal	34⅜	34¾	34⅜	34¾
Kerr Lake	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
Lake Copper	24½	25	24½	25
Live Oak	20¾	21	20¾	21
New Arcadian	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
North Lake	4	4⅛	4	4
Ray Cons	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
Sup & Boston	2¼	2¼	2	2
U S Smelting	32¼	32¼	31½	31½
U S Smelting pf	46	46¼	46	46¼

BONDS

	High	Low	Last
Amer Agri Chem 5s	101⅞	101¾	101⅞
Amer Tel 4s	90⅜	90⅛	90⅛
C B & Q Jt 4s	96¼	96⅛	96¼
Western Tel 5s	100	99⅞	100

CHICAGO BOARD

(Reported by C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc.)

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Dec.	1.02¼	1.02⅝	1.01½	1.01⅝
May	1.06⅜	1.07⅛	1.06⅜	1.06½-⅝
July	1.00⅞	1.00½	.99⅞	.99⅞-1
Corn—				
Dec.	.65⅜	.65⅜	.65⅛	.65¼-⅜
May	.66⅝	.66⅝	.66⅜	.66¼
July	.66⅜	.66½	.66	.66
Oats—				
Dec.	.48¾	.48¾	.47⅝	.47⅝b
May	.50⅜	.50⅜	.50¼	.50¼-⅜
July	.47½	.47½	.47⅛	.47¼
Pork—				
Jan.	15.80	15.95	15.72	15.72
May	15.90	16.02	15.85	15.85
Lard—				
Jan.	9.05	9.10	9.02	9.05
May	9.20	9.25	9.15	9.17

THE GRAIN MARKET

C. F. & G. W. Eddy, Inc., of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, received the following from their Chicago correspondent:

Wheat—Prices showed a littled reaction early, but later were very steady, and there seemed to be evidence that early selling had been absorbed. The cables were irregular, some markets higher and some lower. Liverpool was heavy, influenced by larger world's exports than expected, and favorable Argentine advices. The shipments of wheat from the Danube were nearly 3,000,000 bushels. The Russian exports were rather heavy also, amounting to 1,800,000 bushels. The weather conditions were more favorable in the American and Canadian Northwest.

Corn—Market active and lower, selling off nearly a cent a bushel on improved weather conditions. The change to clear, cold weather in the corn states was just the thing needed and there was a large amount of corn put on the market. Old corn premiums are still very high, but with good weather this will be of minor importance in the December delivery.

Oats—Quiet, prices about steady. There seemed to be some selling after the opening, influenced by the reaction in corn and continued liberal western receipts, while the distribution is not keeping up, as shown by the gains in the visible supply.

LOAN NEGOTIATIONS SUSPENDED

NEW YORK—A press dispatch from London this afternoon says that negotiations between China and groups of bankers who arranged the currency reform loan of $50,000,000 have been suspended.

OF IMPORTANCE TO PERSONS ENGAGED IN EXPORT TRADE

Bureau of Statistics Issues Circular of Instructions Telling How Goods Should Be Designated

MUST BE EXPLICIT

WASHINGTON—Exporters, manufacturers preparing material for exportation, and transportation companies carrying merchandise of this character will be interested in a circular just issued by the bureau of statistics, department of commerce and labor. It calls the attention of persons forwarding merchandise from the interior for exportation at the seaboard or border ports to the importance of accompanying the same with a proper and detailed description.

The official "export manifest" supplied to the collector of customs by the export agent or other person at the port at which the merchandise leaves the country is necessarily the sole reliance of the collector of customs for the description which he forwards to the bureau of statistics, and upon which that bureau must base the information which it gives to the public regarding the character of merchandise exported. Thousands of copies of this circular are being distributed to exporters, a large proportion of them being forwarded by the transportation companies and export agents.

It is the desire of the bureau of statistics that all persons engaged in or contemplating entering the export trade should carefully study and comply with the law and regulations governing the description of exports. The importance of a thorough understanding of this subject is illustrated by the following extracts from the laws and regulations quoted by the circular letter in question:

"Before a clearance shall be granted for any vessel bound to a foreign place (or noncontiguous territory of the United States) the collector of customs shall require the owners, shippers or consignors of the cargo to deliver to him manifests of the cargo or the parts thereof shipped by them, respectively, which manifests shall specify the kinds and quantities of articles shipped by them, respectively, which manifests shall specify the kinds and quantities of articles shipped by them, respectively, the value of the total quantity of each kind . . . and the foreign country in which such cargo is truly intended to be landed. The manifests shall be verified by the oath of the person by whom they are respectively made and subscribed." (Revised Statutes, 337, and Act of April 29, 1902; Customs Regulations 1908, Art. 1606.)

"The merchandise must be described in specific and not in general terms. Such designations as 'fruit,' 'provisions,' 'groceries,' 'meats,' 'canned goods,' 'hardware,' 'machinery,' etc., or any general term must not be used. . . . The quantities in all cases where practicable . . . must be specified." (Customs Regulations 1908, Art. 1606.)

"Agents of steamships, transportation companies, and others at points of shipment on the seaboard to whom is consigned merchandise on through bills of lading, or otherwise from interior ports for export, should require the owner or shipper at the interior or initial point of shipment to accompany the merchandise with a list thereof or transmit by mail such list to the consignee or agent who is to clear the merchandise at the seaboard port for his information in preparing a proper manifest for the clearance of the goods. This list will show the kinds, quantities, values, and country of ultimate destination of the articles." (Customs Regulations 1908, Art. 1607).

Persons desiring copies of the circular may obtain the same free of charge by application to the bureau of statistics department of commerce and labor.

COTTON MILLS ARE INDIFFERENT

The striking fact about the successive breaks in cotton, which have carried prices to the lowest level in five years has been the utter indifference of the cotton mills to whom large and cheap supplies of raw material should mean so much. For two months they have viewed with absolute equanimity the constantly withering prices. New England mills have as a matter of fact been making less than 60 per cent of their normal purchases at this season of the year, conclusive evidence of which is furnished by the marked scarcity of cotton drafts among the Boston banks.

Whatever buying has occurred has been for foreign and southern account. The mills of the South have run out of cotton and had to buy. In the course of a year they take about as much cotton as the North—some 2,500,000 bales. But a month's supply figures down to not over 200,000 bales so that it is evident that this buying could not support the market. New England, on the other hand, bought very heavily last year and although storehouses are in general pretty bare, some of the big mills have only recently worked out of their 14 and 14½ cent cotton. With a backward, hesitant and unprofitable goods market they naturally have been going slow on their fall cotton purchases.

NEW YORK BONDS

Quotations furnished by GHANDLER BROS. & CO.

Sales up to 12:15 p. m.

1000's		High.	Low.	Last.
17	Allis-Chalmers 5s	50	38⅜	38⅜
12	Amer H & L 6s	99½	99⅜	99⅜
10	Am T & T col tr 4s	90½	90⅜	90⅜
1	Ann Arbor 4s	80¼	80¼	80¼
3	Armour 4½s	79½	79½	79½
35	A, T & S F gen 4s	92¾	92½	92¾
24	do conv 4s 1960	99	99	99¼
1	Atl K & Tenn 4s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅞
1	Atl C Line 4s B52	92	92	92
1	Balt & Ohio gold 4s	95⅜	95⅞	95⅞
12	do SW 3½s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
1	Beth Steel 5s	91	91	91
1	Bklyn R T 5s	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
5	Bush Term 4s	104	104	104
1	Can South 1st 6s 1913	102	102	102
4	Cen Leather 5s	102	102	102
18	Ches & Ohio conv	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
4	do 4½s	93¼	93¼	93½
1	Chic & Erie 1st 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
13	C, B & Q Joint 4s	111½	111½	111½
20	do gen 4s 1958	96½	96½	96½
3	do Ill div 3½s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
10	do do 4s	87½	87½	87½
1	Chic & East Ill 4s	99¾	99¾	99¾
27	Ch & NW gen mtge	81	81	81
2	do 3½s	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
1	C, C, C & St L 4s	80	80	80
5	Del & Hud conv 4s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
1	do refund	98¼	98¼	98¼
2	Den & R G 1st 4s 1936	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
20	do refund	90¾	90¾	90¾
3	Erie cons	90	90	90
10	do 4s 1996	119	119	119
1	do conv "A"	78½	78½	78½
1	do conv "B"	82½	82½	82½
5	Gulf & Ship Isl 5s	75¼	75¼	75¼
2	Hav Elec Ry 5s	93½	93½	93½
1	Illinois Cen ref	90½	90½	90½
8	Int Met 4½s	90½	90½	90½
3	Kan City South ref 5s	79½	79½	79½
2	Lack Steel 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1	do 5s 1923	91	91	91
5	Laclede Gas 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼
51	Lake Shore 4s 1931	102½	102½	102½
3	Louis & Nash 4s	93⅜	93⅜	93⅜
1	Mex N & T 4½s	88⅞	88⅞	88⅞
4	Mo Pacific conv	87½	87½	87½
1	coll 4s 1945	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
1	do gen 6s	74⅜	74⅜	74⅜
3	N Y Ds Mex pr in 4½s	92	92	92
17½	N Y Air Br 20-y 6s	92	92	92
14	N Y Cen deb 4s	95	94	95
1	do Lake Sh col 3½s	93½	93½	93½
6	do Mich Cen 3½s	79½	79½	79½
1	N Y G, El H & P 4s	88	88	88
60	Nor & West conv	88¼	88¼	88¼
2	Nor Pac 1st 4s 1997	100¼	100¼	100¼
9	Ore RR & Nav 4s	99¾	99¾	100¼
13	Ore Sh Line 4s	94	94	94
2	Pac Tel & Tel 5s	93¾	93½	93¾
7½	Penn conv 3½s 1915	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
2	Peoples G L & C 5s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
3	Puget Sound 4s	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜
2	Reading gen 4s 1997	94½	94½	94½
1	Rich & Dan cons 6s	104	104	104
4	St L & SF gen 5s	87½	87½	87½
6	Seab Air Line adj	80¾	80¾	80¾
1	S P C P coll 4s	91½	91½	91½
9	do 20-y conv 4s 1929	96¾	96¾	96¾
22	South Ry 1st cons 4s	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
25	Third Av ctf wtpd 4s	69¾	69½	69¾
11	Union P 1st ref 4s	101⅝	101½	101⅝
9	do conv 4s	102¼	102¼	102

Latest Market Reports ❁ Events of Interest to Investors

EFFICIENCY OF OPERATION SHOWN BY THE REPORT

Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis Earns Well Over Nine Per Cent on Outstanding Stock for the Year

DIVIDENDS EARNED

An increase in gross earnings of nearly $1,000,000 accompanied by considerably smaller expansion in operating expenses enabled Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha to show earnings of 9.44 per cent on its total outstanding stock as against 8.77 per cent earned on the same amount of outstanding stock in 1910. It is accordingly apparent that the 7 per cent dividends on both issues of stock were easily earned. The increase in the total volume of business was particularly satisfactory in view of general conditions. Gross earnings amounted to $16,092,851, an increase for the period of $997,828, or 6.2 per cent. The revenue from freight was over 8 per cent above that of 1910.

Efficiency of operation rather than cuts in the maintenance appropriations was responsible for the road's excellent showing, the operating ratio of which stood at the low level of 66.22 per cent as against 65.51 per cent in 1910. This is indicated by the traffic density results. Freight density for the year was 672,619 as compared with 616,218 in 1910, while passenger density was 133,832 as against 129,322 in the previous fiscal year. Further proof that maintenance received its customary attention is furnished by the appended table, which gives the proportionate amounts of gross earnings which were consumed in this manner:

	1911	1910
Maint. of way & structures	12.21%	13.04%
Maintenance equipment....	11.59	11.72
Conducting transportation.	40.03	38.91

In the cost of conducting transportation labor took 56.53 per cent as against 56.84 per cent in 1910, which indicates very clearly that increased wages were not a factor in depleting the road's income account. Slightly more was expended for fuel than in 1910 and slightly less for supplies. The revenue per ton of freight increased from $1.34 per ton to $1.42 in 1911, while the average passenger train revenue per mile decreased from $1.22 in 1910 to $1.21 in 1911. The average mileage operated remained practically unchanged.

There was a slight increase in fixed charges, which consumed 12.53 per cent of gross and 43.96 per cent of total net earnings in 1910. It is apparent that the road's bonded indebtedness is not a particularly heavy burden as compared with its earning capacity.

It appears from the balance sheet that a number of improvements were charged to capital rather than to operating expenses, the "cost of road and equipment" totaling $1,358,736 more than in 1910.

The company disposed of $1,500,000 Superior and Short Line bonds during the year and thereby increased its cash account, which at the end of the fiscal year amounted to $1,805,442 as against $684,847 in 1910. The road's working capital amounted to $5,857,717, as against $6,391,910. The largest single item on the liabilities side of the balance sheet consisted of audited vouchers and wages unpaid which amounted to over $1,200,000, but there was a sufficient amount of liquid assets to more than offset both this and matured interest, dividends and unpaid rents. The surplus for the year amounted to $129,475, which left profit and loss at $4,887,308 as against $4,332,838 in 1910.

The history of the road's operations since 1902 has been:

	Gross earns.	Oper. ratio	Surplus
1911	$16,092,851	66.22%	$729,475
1910........	15,095,022	61.51	528,375
1909........	13,524,650	65.30	175,330
1908........	12,865,694	66.40	18,114
1907........	14,035,310	63.97	756,342
1906........	12,943,750	59.17	331,279
1905........	11,926,000	59.52	154,268
1904........	11,530,867	62.78	98,689
1903........	12,111,315	62.80	913,946

The most encouraging feature of this showing lies in the fact that in the last two fiscal years the surplus after 7 per cent dividend has been of comfortable dimensions. For the period covered the operating ratio of the road has been low, but it appears that more of earnings could be advantageously applied to both maintenance of ways and of equipment, which would serve to reduce the cost of conducting transportation which is at present high. The 7 per cent dividends were a material factor in the "other income" account of Chicago & Northwestern, which owns a majority of the road's outstanding stock.

BIG EQUIPMENT ORDER PENDING

BALTIMORE—Equipment companies learn that the Baltimore & Ohio railroad is soon to be in the market for 4500 steel frame freight cars and that it is prosecuting discreet inquiries for bids. No new financing will be necessary to provide payment for the additional equipment, as the treasury is amply supplied with funds for the purpose.

The Baltimore & Ohio expended $15,439,203 during the last fiscal year in the purchase of 8272 freight cars, 26 passenger cars and 187 locomotives. With the new equipment the Baltimore & Ohio will have facilities for handling an annual business considerably in excess of $100,000,000.

SHOE BUYERS

(Compiled for The Christian Science Monitor, Oct. 23.)

Among the boot and shoe and leather dealers in Boston today are the following:

Atlanta, Ga.—R. W. Johnson of J. K. Orr Shoe Co., Lenox.
Augusta, Ga.—P. H. Rice of Rice-O'Conner Shoe Co., U. S.
Bristol, Tenn.—J. H. Faucett of Faucette-Peavler Shoe Co., U. S.
Chicago, Ill.—J. J. Brody of Hillman's store, U. S.
Chicago, Ill.—F. W. Yockey of Selz, Schwab & Co., 173 Lincoln st.
Cincinnati, O.—A. Cohen of Dan Cohen, Essex.
Minneapolis, Minn.—C. Grimsrod of Grimsrod Shoe Co., Brew.
New York—John Fried of L. Fried & Son, U. S.
Philadelphia, Pa.—M. P. Register of Litt Bros.
Philadelphia, Pa.—W. H. Weimer of Wright & Watkins, 135 Lincoln st.
Pittsburg, Pa.—H. J. Lang of H. J. Lang Shoe Co., U. S.
Richmond, Va.—Mr. Turpin of Putney Shoe Co., Tour.
Richmond, Va.—E. H. Hoge of Roberts & Hoge, Parker.
San Francisco, Cal.—H. Reedy of Emporium Dept. Store, Adams.

LEATHER BUYERS

Cincinnati, O.—J. M. Krohn of Krohn, Fechheimer Co., Tour.
Cincinnati, O.—Val Duttenhofer, Jr., of Val Duttenhofer Shoe Co., Essex.
Cincinnati, O.—J. E. Tracey, 95 South st.
Columbus, O.—Harry Wolff of Wolff Bros. Shoe Co., Tour.
Columbus, O.—Chas. Wolf of C. & E. Shoe Co., Tour.
Liverpool, Eng.—C. F. Boston of Henry Boston & Sons, Tour.
London, Eng.—F. H. Edmondston of S. Brown & Bro., Ltd., Tour.
London, Eng.—Percy Daniels of Nicholson Sons & Daniels.
Montreal, J. Stevens, Essex.
Paris, France—Mr. Wolfers of Jules Jacobs & Wolfers, Tour.
Philadelphia, Pa.—H. P. Altenderfer of Altenderfer Leather Co., U. S.
Philadelphia, Pa.—Harvey Bates of England & Walton, Essex.
St. Louis, Mo.—R. B. Balchorn, 95 South st.
St. Louis, Mo.—G. M. Brown and A. M. Roblee of Brown Shoe Co., Essex.

WESTERN MONEY RATES STEADY

CHICAGO—Conditions governing the western money market have not materially changed during the last week. Rates remain steady. A majority of banks hold minimum rates at 4½ per cent, but some high grade borrowers are getting more favorable terms. Recently there have been some renewals of time collateral loans made at 4¼ per cent, and a small amount of the choicest commercial paper has been discounted at the same low rate. It cannot be said, however, that those transactions are representative.

Going rates on the best classes of business in this market are closer to 4½ and 4¾. The rate on call money is held generally at 4½ or higher and customers' loans over the counter range from 4½ to 5½. Domestic exchange rates at Chicago stand at par. As a matter of fact, they have seldom fallen below 10 cents this fall, whereas a considerable lower discount prevails as a rule at that point about this time of year. The same applies to St. Louis and New Orleans. Just recently, however, exchange on New York at San Francisco has been declining, which may lead to some telegraphic transfers through the sub-treasury to that point.

It is a little early for the citrus fruit on the Pacific coast, so that the movement must be due to some local demand for funds. Last year it was not until December that San Francisco called for eastern funds through the sub-treasury.

There is said to be a somewhat better demand for commercial paper, some of the larger commercial institutions that were out of the market having become moderate buyers again.

NAVAL STORES

NEW YORK—There was very little activity in the turpentine market Saturday. The slightly lower shade that was made in the price Friday remained unchanged, and dealers are asking 51@51½ cents per gallon ex-yard.

Rosin—The market continued unchanged. Business was fair, but no large sales were made. The New York Commercial quotes: Common 6.60, gen. sam. E 6.70, graded B 6.90, D6.95, E 6.95, F 6.95, G 7.00, H 7.00, I 7.10, K 7.15, M 7.20, N 7.20, WG 7.65, WW 7.95.

Very little business outside of a jobbing trade was done in tar and pitch, and prices remain unchanged. Tar is quoted at $5.25 and pitch at $4.25@4.75.

SAVANNAH—Spirits turpentine firm at 46½@46¾c, sales 562, receipts 600, exports 161, stock 38,966. Rosin firm, sales 2324, receipts 1931, exports 1224, stock 84,537. Prices: WW $7.50, WG $7.20, N $6.70, M $6.55, K $6.55, I $6.55, H $6.55, G $6.55, F $6.55 E $6.45, D $6.45, B $6.40.

WILMINGTON—Rosin unchanged Saturday at $6. Spirits steady at 46½c. Tar firm at $1.80. Turpentine firm, hard, $3.25; soft, $4.50; virgin, $4.50.

DIVIDENDS

The U. S. Motor Company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable Nov. 10 to stock of record Oct. 31.

The U. S. Metal Products Company declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable Nov. 10 to stock of record Nov. 1.

The Stevens Manufacturing Company of Fall River has declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent, payable on demand to stock of record Oct. 20.

The Arkwright Mills of Fall River passed its quarterly dividend for the sixth consecutive quarter. Usual rate was 1½ per cent, though last dividend paid for the second quarter of 1910 was 1 per cent.

CHARTERS GRANTED NEW CORPORATIONS IN MASSACHUSETTS

Charters have been issued to the following new business corporations:

National Sales Company, Boston, gasoline purifier, $25,000; William G. Nixon, John Ellis, J. Arnold Farrer.

The Hill Press, Inc., Cambridge, $5000; Arthur C. Smith, Kenneth P. Hill, Carl R. Kuhn.

S-C-S Box Company, Inc., Boston and Bridgeport, Pa., $1500; James W. Colgan, Charles A. Scotcher, Francis H. Sherman.

Kenworthy Brothers Company, Boston, felt, $50,000; Herbert F. Kenworthy, Harry J. Kenworthy, George Van Horne.

Peoples' Theater, Inc., Boston, $50,000; Charles G. Smith, B. O. Preston, James W. Briggs.

Royal & Merrill Company, Lynn, builders, $1000; John H. Royal, James W. Merrill, Frederick E. Shaw.

The Porter-Hildreth Company, Boston, advertising $5000; Harold E. Porter, Joseph D. Hildreth, Umberto D. Garfield.

Western Massachusetts Cadillac Company, Springfield and Windham, Vt.; $10,000; Edward R. Clark, Lewis W. Grout, Robert A. Knight.

Grocers Packing Company, Boston, $50,000; David O. Follett, William F. Dean, Frank H. Follett.

Atlantic Handle Company, Boston, $5000; John C. Johnston, George B. Hastings, Marguerite M. Reagan.

Stewart 25c Stores Company, Boston, $50,000; Thomas Stewart, Edgar Runnels, Emily Schaltenbrand.

The Double-Phone Manufacturing Company, Boston, $100,000; Emil Barger, Charles H. Gatchell, George M. Faulkner.

Falcon Press, Boston, $10,000; Aubrey W. Dunton, Forrest A. Seavey, George Campbell.

Cornell & Andrews, Inc., Boston, assayers, $3000; Frederick W. Andrews, Howard B. Andrews, Anna F. Baker.

Orpheum Amusement Company, Boston, $1500; Walter E. Greene, Hiram Abrams, Harry Asher.

Usher, Stoughton Shoe Company, Lynn, $6000; Arthur L. Usher, Oliver P. Stoughton, Frederic W. Usher.

M. P. First Company, Somerville, food supplies, $1000; Monroe P. First, Mitchell Blotner, Joseph H. Samuel.

Cape Cod Products Company, Boston, $500,000; Henry W. Palmer, Lawrence M. Stockton, Harris Livermore, Alexander Kendall, Alfred A. Ashman.

Clearing Association for New England Real Estate, Boston, $5000; William T. Pinkham, Whitman R. Morton.

Elston & Swift, Inc., Boston, building materials, $25,000; John F. Elston, Francis H. Swift, James B. Duchemin.

The Silloway & Vine Company, Inc., Newburyport, $6000; Charles F. Silloway, S. Newton Vine, Ralph Silloway.

Fitchburg & Leominster Express Company, Leominster, $2000; Frederick C. Ames, Thomas F. Keefe, Rudolf Gloor.

PREFER TAKING STOCK TO BONDS

To date between 62,000 and 63,000 out of a total of 65,000 shares of Chicago Junction & Union Stock Yards common has been turned in under the agreement whereby holders were given the option of a guaranteed 9 per cent dividend from the Chicago Stock Yards Company or 10 per cent in the form of 5 per cent bonds at 200 for their stock. It is an interesting fact that of the stockholders who have assented to the plan about 66 per cent have expressed the preference for the 9 per cent dividend guarantee, while about 33 per cent have taken bonds in exchange. Their stock is, of course, deposited as collateral back of these bonds.

At first blush it would seem that, with a 1 per cent bonus in favor of taking bonds, more stockholders would have agreed to do so. That they have not is in part an expression of New England reluctance to part with a dividend-paying stock. In part, it is due to the fact that they have the option at any time to exchange the stock for bonds, subject only to a 30 days' notice of withdrawal of that right by the Chicago Stock Yards Company. Later on when the plan has got into working shape very many stockholders will likely take bonds instead of holding their guaranteed stock.

All the $1,000,000 stock of the Chicago Stock Yards Company, the leasing company—for it is a lease in practical effect—has been paid in cash.

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS

PHILADELPHIA—American Railways 44, Cambria Steel 44⅛, Electric Co of Am 11⅞, General Asphalt pref tre 77, Lehigh Nav tru 88, Lehigh Val 82¼, Pennsylvania Steel pref. 103, Philadelphia Co 50⅝, Philadelphia Co pref 42¼, Philadelphia Electric 16⅝, Philadelphia Rapid Transit 23, Philadelphia Traction 83¾, Union Traction 51⅛, United Gas Imp 85½.

MONEY IN ST. LOUIS

ST. LOUIS—Banks and trust companies report a good volume of business. Demand for money is rather quiet. Money is still going to the country for crop moving.

CHICAGO BANK MERGER

CHICAGO—Central Trust has taken over Monroe National Bank.

PRODUCE MARKETS

Arrivals

Str Admiral Dewey, from Port Antonio, with 19,574 stems bananas, 406 bags cocoanuts, 124 bxs grape fruit, 500 bbls, 279 bxs oragnes, for United Fruit Company.

Str Esparta, from Port Limon, C. R., with 32,500 stems bananas, 20 bxs grape fruit for United Fruit Company.

Str Capt Bennett, from Port Antonio, with 12,250 stems bananas, 100 bags cocoanuts, 500 bxs oranges for Caribbean Fruit Company.

Steamer Howard, from Norfolk Sunday, with 2070 bskts beans, 60 bbls sweet potatoes, 715 bags peanuts; Juniata from Norfolk due here about 2 p. m. today with 300 bags peanuts, 495 bskts beans, 34 bbls sweet potatoes.

Steamer Tuscan, from Philadelphia, with 24 bxs macaroni, 20 bxs dates.

Steamer Parisian, from Glasgow.

Steamer Gloucester, from Norfolk, due here tomorrow, has 50 bags peanuts.

New York Arrivals

NEW YORK—Arrived str Arimatea with 14,750 bbls grapes and Roma with 32,500 bbls grapes.

PROVISIONS

Boston Receipts

Apples 7559 bbls 728 bxs, cranberries 500 bbls, Florida oranges 174 bxs, Jamaica oranges 779 bxs 500 bbls, Californi oranges 859 bxs, bananas 64,324 stems, cocoanuts 506 bags, California deciduous fruit 2 cars, pineapples 57 crts, grapes 20 bbls 19,279 bskts 2000 carriers, raisins 2765 bxs, dates 100 bxs, peanuts 1075 bxs, potatoes 48,468 bush, sweet potatoes 204 bbls, onions 3238 bush.

Boston Poultry Receipts

Today 711 pkgs, last year 493 pkgs.

Boston Prices

Flour—To ship from the mills, standard spring wheat patents, $5.75@6.25 in wood, clears $4.20@4.90; winter wheat patents $4.65@5, straights $4.35@4.80, clears $4.10@4.70, Kansas hard winter patents in jute $5@5.60, rye flour $5.10 @5.60, graham flour $3.85@4.70.

Corn—Carlots, on spot, No. 2 yellow 88c, steamer yellow 87½c, No. 3 yellow 87c, to ship from the West, all rail, No. 2 yellow 85½@86c, No. 3 yellow 84½@85c, lake and rail shipment No. 2 yellow 85@85½c, No. 3 yellow 84@84½c.

Oats—Carlots, on spot, No. 1 clipped white 56c, No. 2 55½c, No. 3 55c, rejected white 54c; to ship from the West, 38 to 40 lbs clipped white 56@56½c, 36 to 38 lbs 55½@56c, 34 to 36 lbs 54½@55½c.

Cornmeal and oatmeal—Feeding cornmeal $1.60@1.62 100-lb bag, granulated $3.95@4.10, bolted $3.85@4; oatmeal, rolled $5.55@5.95 bbl, cut and ground $6.10@6.55.

Millfeed—To ship from the mills, bran, spring $26.50@26.75, winter $26.50 @27, middlings $28.25@30, mixed feed $28@30.25, red dog $32.25@32.75, cottonseed meal $30.50@31, hominy feed $31.50 @32, gluten feed $30@30.50, stock feed $30.50.

Hay and straw—Hay, western, choice, $20@27, No. 1 $25@26, No. 2 $21.50@24, No. 3 $18.50@19, No. 1 Canadian $24.50@@25.50; straw, rye, $18@19, oat $10.50@11.50.

Butter—Northern creamery, 30½@31c; western creamery, 31c.

Eggs—Fancy nearby hennery, 38@41c; eastern best, 33@35c; western best, 25@26c.

Beans—Pea, choice, per bu, $2.55@2.60; medium choice, hand picked, $2.30 @2.50; California small white, $2.60@2.65; yellow eyes, best, $2.25@2.40; red kidney, choice, $3.50.

Onions—Conn. river, 100-lb. bag, $1.65 @2; Ohio, per 100-lb. bag, $1.75@1.90.

Potatoes—Maine, per 2-bu. bag, $1.55@1.65.

Apples—Per bbl., $1.50@4.50.

Fruit—Pineapples, per crate, $2@4.50; cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl., $5.50@7; cantaloups, per crate, 75c@$2.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

Boston Receipts

Today, 1547 tbs, 300 bxs, 97,445 lbs butter, 808 bxs cheese, 2072 cs eggs.

1910, 2797 tbs 164,533 lbs butter, 222 bxs cheese, 1560 cs eggs.

New York Receipts

Today, 5917 pkgs butter, 2031 bxs cheese, 7479 cs eggs.

1910, 5196 pkgs butter, 2178 bxs cheese, 9774 cs eggs.

New York Market

NEW YORK — Butter—Cry spec, 32½ca, 31½cb; 50 cry spec str mks, 32½ca, 32⅛cb; cry ex, 30½cb; June cry spec, 31ca, 30cb; Aug. and Sept. spec, 30cb; Sept. spec, 31½cb; Sept. cry 1sts, 27½cb; proc spec, 25ca, 24cb; cry spec sllr tomorrow, 32½ca, 21½cb; 1000 proc spec sllr 30 dys, 24½cb. No sales. Receipts $5917.

Eggs—Ohio ex 1sts, 28ca; free del, 26½cb; No Ind ex 1sts on dock, 28ca; fresh gath 1sts 25ca, 22cb. No sales. Receipts 7479.

Other Markets

ST. LOUIS—Egg market steady Oct. 2. at 22½c.

CHICAGO—Butter market firm Oct. 21; extras, 29c; No. 1 package stock, 19c; receipts, 10,250. Egg market steady; prime firsts, 22c; firsts, 21c; ordinary firsts, 18c; receipts, 2883.

CANTON, N. Y.—Butter Oct. 21, 29½c. Cheese, 13¾c.

WATERTOWN, N. Y.—Cheese Oct. 21, 13½c@13⅝c.

Liverpool Cheese—Canadian

Colored 69, white 68.6.

PITTSBURGH STEEL DISTRICT REPORTS GREATER ACTIVITY

PITTSBURGH—With many consumers realizing that iron and steel prices have reached rock bottom, orders are coming out and books of many local companies are being filled for total output of the plants until end of this year.

The low prices are not such as to forbid makers from taking business over end of the year at todays prices, and many contracts being made are for tonnage to be delivered before Dec. 31. Some contracts in lines not so much affected by the cut prices are for first quarter and for first half of 1911 and in all cases the prices are favorable to the makers, as there is a slight profit in the work.

The low prices have attracted iron consumers and many firms are paying attention to their needs over 1912. Very few furnace operators are desirous of accepting any tonnage past end of this year for any grade, but it is said that some furnaces have closed for first quarter needs at present prices. It is probable that changes will be made in method of operating furnaces so as to lessen the cost of operation and make a better profit.

Sales during the last few weeks were for small tonnages and call for prompt delivery, as companies buying the iron were in need of additional supply on account of new orders to be turned out of the plants before end of this year.

Most large consumers are specifying against contracts freely and are taking their full amount of iron. Very few furnaces are behind on shipments and cars are easy to get.

Recent car orders make prospects of plate makers much brighter than for some time. Many railroads are figuring on additional rolling stock, and it is said that the car makers are figuring on more than 25,000 for various lines throughout the country.

Some large structural steel contracts were let the last two weeks and these contracts will call for heavy tonnages of plates. American Bridge landed more than 10,000 tons of structural material orders the last week and the work is to be sent through the shops as quickly as possible.

The railroads are figuring on their rail tonnage for 1912 and many companies will shortly come into the market for their requirements.

Many tinplate mills are completing operating schedules and with the close of this month very few will remain in operation. Most large companies have completed their contracts and are storing plate at this time to handle small orders coming in from the jobbing trade. The tonnage to be stored in the local plants will be large as most of the jobbers are more than covered for their needs for the next six months.

The new wire card rate has not brought out much business as many plants are figuring on closing down to make repairs before early spring business comes in.

The pipe market is taking a turn for the better and some of the business landed in this district has given the makers encouragement so that schedules announced some time ago have not been put into effect.

EASY MONEY IS EXPECTED

The New York bank statement of Saturday, which was better than was generally expected, certainly does not tend to strengthen the money market. It seems to be the best opinion that money will continue very easy this fall, easier after Nov. 1.

The American money markets certainly compare favorably with those abroad. Here money is superabundant, while in Europe there is keen competition for funds and discounts are high. In many instances, maturing loans here are being paid off and this forces lending institutions to seek the foreign markets.

Practically speaking, the agricultural sections have been enabled to finance their crops this year without recourse to assistance from the eastern financial centers. A certain amount of money has been sent to the West and the South, but it has been small in comparison with the usual drain.

Some American institutions have been loaning heavily abroad. One New York city trust company has $20,000,000 loaned abroad, and numerous other banks have oustanding from $1,000,000 to $5,000,000 each on the other side. Last week the head of one of the greatest banking houses in the United States put the total of such advances at $100,000,000, while another banker, who has actually negotiated many of the loans, said that the account certainly exceeded $150,000,000.

There is very little change locally. But for the fear that money will be considerably congested over Nov. 1, local banks would be freer in their offerings now. It is thought that very easy conditions will rule around the middle of next month.

FERTILIZER NOTES

NEW YORK—On account of maturing of farmers' fertilizer notes, in southeastern states especially, about the middle of the current month, sales of cotton have been on a liberal scale. Within two days at the small town of Dunn, N. C., over 700 bales were recently sold, mainly to meet these notes. There are practically no sales except those required to meet obligations.

EXTENSIVE RAILWAY SYSTEM OF U. S. STEEL CORPORATION

Total Trackage Considerably More Than Some of the Country's Prominent Roads—Probable Results of the Cancelation of Lease

NEW YORK—The Steel corporation's railroads are extensive. On Dec. 31 last it was operating 2036 miles of main line, 350 of second track and 921 yard and siding, a total of 3307 miles. Mileage operated is double that of Reading and as large as that of Norfolk & Western. Lake Shore operates only 700 miles more than the Steel corporation.

Its northern railroads consist of Duluth & Iron Range, Duluth, Missabe & Northern, Elgin, Joliet & Eastern, Chicago, Lake Shore & Erie, Union railroad and Bessemer & Lake Erie.

The Steel corporation has 1168 locomotives and nearly 50,000 freight cars. In addition there were 203 steamers and barges.

The question has arisen whether the Steel corporation could continue the lease until its termination in 1915 if the court decides that the contract was illegal when made.

In assets of the Steel corporation under deferred charges appear the following:

Payments for advance mining royalties, exploration expenses and miscellaneous charges, chargeable to future operations of properties, $15,331,704; less fund reserved from surplus to cover possible failure to realize advanced mining royalties, $7,000,000; total, $18,331,704.

The Iron Age, after reciting preliminaries leading up to the ore lease, says: Of lands covered by the lease to Great Western Mining Company, holding department of the Steel corporation in the Hill ore lands lease, there are 39,280 acres. Great Northern railway holds in fee about 19,700 acres, has a half interest in some 15,460 more, owns other fee interests than half in some 360 acres and has under lease from other fee owners at royalty rates that permit it a profit in the Steel corporation transaction 3800 acres more. Great Northern also holds in fee the title to some 1420 acres that had been leased to other operators prior to Great Western mining lease.

There is also a considerable acreage in the Great Western lease in which ore certificates have no interest, as the lands are leased to Great Northern at the same royalty as Great Northern receives from the Steel corporation. As to these lands the Great Northern railway is beneficiary, as the ore taken therefrom must be shipped to Lake Superior over that line, which secures what is commonly supposed to be a very large profit thereon.

Commenting on the scale of prices which the Steel corporation pays, the article says that, should freights decrease, the royalty portion rises similarly. The impression is general that the sliding scale of royalties is based on the definite factor of 3.4 cents per annum, added to the price of 1907; but this idea is not in accord with terms of the lease, which is distinct as to the advance of 4 per cent on the original prices, which in part are as follows: Ore at 59 per cent, $.89 royalty; 66 per cent, $1.1874 royalty; 63 per cent, $1.0428 royalty.

The minimum of ore to be produced in 1911 is 3,750,000 tons, at royalty rate of 98.6 cents a ton. Royalty to be paid in January, 1912, will, therefore, be $3,697,500, provided the Steel corporation is unable to make settlement on basis of actual grade of ore shipped under the entire contract to that time. This it can only do provided it shall then have completed shipment of all deficiencies to that time. As this will mean shipment during 1911 of 9,433,191 tons, it is improbable any settlement can then be made.

To reach the accrued minimums up to the close of 1912, the Steel corporation will have to take about 7,000,000 tons for each of the two years. It is safe to say that the minimums will not have been met before the end of next year. Whenever that time arrives, there will be a return o he Steel corporaion of a sum based on the difference between grades of ore paid for and those actually shipped. How much this may be is impossible of determination now. It may be assumed that average grade of ore shipped for these years will not be up to 59 per cent and that average grade to be shipped during term of the lease will not exceed 54 per cent.

A steel man who has inspected the Hill ore territory says the Steel corporation has spent millions for ore-separating machinery. The Hill ore is said to be streaky and cannot be handled as economically as the average run of high-grade ores in the north. The problem of separating the ore from the sand has not been thoroughly solved.

A representative of an independent steel company says: "I believe the lease cancellation will be a good thing for the Steel corporation. It will get out of a poor contract. It will save expenditures of millions annually. The royalty in 1915, including the 80-cent freight rate, would amount to $12,973,500, equivalent to more than 3½ per cent on the common stock. This the Great Northern Ore Company and Great Northern railway will lose.

"The Steel corporation, since it made the contract with the Hill people, has probably located 200,000,000 tons of new ore, so that the loss, if any, from the termination of the lease, is offset by new ore developed. I do not believe any group of capitalists would care to build steel mills and depend on the Hill properties for raw material. Based on royalty the Steel corporation would have to pay in 1915 and freight of 80 cents a ton, the cost alone of assembling this Hill ore in Pittsburgh would amount to close to $8 per ton of iron produced. This would include royalty, payment of freight to Great Northern railway, freight from upper lake docks to Pittsburgh, labor, etc. It requires about two tons of northern ore to produce one ton of iron."

RECEIPTS OF LIVE STOCK

CHICAGO — Livestock receipts last week were 304,536 head, a decrease of 102,401 head, and they were 89,569 head smaller than a year ago. Arrivals of hogs increased 20,597 head for the week and were 34,361 head more than during the same time last year.

Cattle deliveries were 34,361 head more than the previous week, but were 7661 head less than a year ago. Receipts of sheep fell off 4098 head from the preceding week, but they were 16,031 head larger than last year.

CLEARING HOUSE

New York funds at the clearing house today sold at 10 cents discount.

Exchanges and balances for today compare with the totals for the corresponding periods in 1910 as follows:

	1911.	1910.
Exchanges.......	$23,260,535	$19,505,618
Balances........	1,687,623	1,912,664

United States subtreasury shows a credit balance at the clearing house today of $24,656.

HIGH CORN PRICES

CHICAGO—No. 2 corn in store is selling at 72 and No. 2 yellow on track at 76, the highest in two years. Russian buyers here buying durum wheat for seed confirm reports of crop failure in Russia.

BOSTON LOANING RATES

Boston loaning rates for stocks this morning were: Amalgamated 1 per cent, Steel common 3@2 per cent, N. Butte 3 per cent.

Keep Posted

on the

Special Markets

SHOE AND LEATHER, Tuesdays
WOOL TRADE, Every Wednesday

OUR OWN REPORTS
ORIGINAL, AUTHORITATIVE

In the

Monitor's Financial Pages

NEWS BY CABLE AND CORRESPONDENCE

BRITISH POSTOFFICE SHOWS HIGHER NET REVENUE FOR YEAR

Amount of Letter Post to and From United States Makes a Growth of 12.5 to 15 Per Cent for Period

WIRELESS IN USE

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—According to the report of the postmaster-general for the year 1910-11, the number of the various classes of postal packets delivered in the United Kingdom during the 12 months were:

Letters	3,047,500,000
Post cards	871,300,000
Halfpenny packets	1,044,100,000
Newspapers	196,300,000
Parcels	121,800,000
Total	5,281,100,000

The number of half-penny packets delivered during the year was 7.2 per cent greater than the number for the previous year. This increase, according to the postmaster-general, was due partly to the general election and partly to the favorable trade conditions prevailing during the period under review. Newspapers, on the other hand, showed a decline of 1.7 per cent, due probably "to increased facilities for their delivery through other channels than the post-office." The number of letters registered during the year was 21,406,000, an increase of 8 per cent.

United States Mail Heavier

It is interesting to note that the amount of correspondence sent by letter post from this country to the United States during the year 1910-11 was about 15 per cent greater than the amount for the previous year, the corresponding increase of correspondence in the reverse direction being about 12.5 per cent.

The number of inland money orders issued during the year was 10,626,000, representing a sum of £41,951,000 as compared with 10,105,000 representing a sum of £39,508,000 during 1909-10. Foreign and colonial money orders numbered 3,810,000, representing a sum of £10,-635,000, as against 3,344,000, representing a sum of £9,384,000 during the previous year.

The total number of postal orders issued was 132,262,000, representing a sum of £50,225,000, an increase of 5.1 per cent in number and of 4.4 per cent in value as compared with the year 1909-10.

During the year under review 86,707,-000 telegrams were despatched, as compared with 86,884,000 during the previous year, but though there was a decrease in the number of messages there was nevertheless an increase in the receipts, which amounted to £2,773,266, as against £2,769,053 during 1909-10.

Election Had Effect

These figures appear also to have been affected by the general election, no less than 15,000,000 words of press traffic having passed through the central telegraph office during the first fortnight of the election, an increase of over a million words as compared with the corresponding period of the election of the previous year.

The number of foreign telegrams sent to and from the United Kingdom was 10,678,000, an increase of 419,000. The number of radio-telegrams also showed an increase, the outward messages to ships numbering 5640, as compared with 3266 during the previous year, and the inward messages from ships numbering 34,161, as compared with 27,727.

The number of conversations over inland trunk lines rose from 26,566,318 to 30,100,068, and receipts from both inland and continental calls showed an increase. The postmaster-general states that he is considering the question of introducing with the assistance of agricultural associations a cheaper form of telephone service in sparsely populated rural districts.

The net revenue from the postal, telegraph and telephone services combined was £4,244,534, an increase of £466,016 as compared with the revenue for the previous year.

MME. DE SEVIGNE STATUE UNVEILED

(Special to the Monitor)

PARIS—A statue of Mme. de Sevigne has been unveiled at Vitre in Brittany, close to Les Rochers, where she used to live and the scenery of which is referred to in her letters.

The inaugural address was delivered by M. Paul Deschanel, the academician, and after the ceremony a visit was paid to the Chateau des Rochers, where many relics of the famous Frenchwoman are preserved.

THRIFT IS SHOWN IN QUEENSLAND

(Special to the Monitor)

BRISBANE, Q., A.—During the year which terminated on June 30 last there was an increase of 57 per cent in depositors and 70 per cent in the amount of deposits in the government savings bank over the transactions of the year 1903-4

LONDON'S MILK RATE GOES UP TWO CENTS OWING TO SHORTAGE

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A question of very great moment to London householders at the present moment is the recent increase in the price of milk. From time immemorial the price has been a fixed one, fourpence (eight cents) a quart, and a sudden increase of a penny (two cents) per quart seems to the householders almost an infraction of his rights. In some cases the opposition to the step has forced some of the smaller dairymen to yield and keep to the old prices, but this must under present conditions mean a loss to themselves.

The committee of the Dairy Trade Protection Society recently held a meeting at its offices in Chancery lane to discuss the position, and certain facts given to a representative of the Morning Post by the chairman of the committee throws an interesting light on the various causes which have combined to revolutionize time-honored prices.

"One of the reasons why we are so short of milk in this country, he said, "is the tremendous increase in the proportion of condensed milk manufactured. New factories are springing up every year, and in the case of one now being opened it is calculated that it will take 17,000 gallons of milk a day; that is 17,000 gallons which have hitherto been available for the London market. Then there is the chocolate question.

Six years ago one factory used 1000 gallons of milk a day for making milk chocolate. Today this factory is using 7000 gallons a day. The condensed milk trade has developed so enormously that a few years ago a factory that had conveniences for dealing with 6000 gallons a day have now made arrangements for dealing with over 40,000 gallons a day. This was milk which came to London."

The supply during the past summer has been much less than usual, and the dairymen, he stated, in order to make up their quantities, had been obliged to pay from fourpence to ninepence a quart for milk which they were bound to supply at the uniform price of fourpence.

"The contracts are made at Michaelmas for the ensuing 12 months," he said, "and as shorter supplies were available the farmers were obliged to secure a great increase of price for next summer."

The situation would seem to be, therefore, that the public must be willing to take their share of the burden and pay for the present the increased prices necessary to insure a sufficient and satisfactory supply of milk.

NEW DESTROYER TO HAVE OIL FUEL

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—On Oct. 9 Messrs. Vickers launched from their yard at Barrow the British destroyer Phoenix. She will be driven by turbine machinery, and her boilers will be heated by oil fuel, no coal being carried. She will have a speed of 27 knots.

WORDSWORTH'S BELL FOR SALE

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—A bell which once hung in the poet Wordsworth's bedroom has been offered for sale at a public auction in London. The article, however, interesting only for its association, failed to receive any bidders and was withdrawn.

CORROSION OF BRASS DISCUSSED BY BRITISH INSTITUTE OF METALS

Committee Is Appointed at Autumn Meeting to Search Subject and Fund Is Open to Help on This Research

VIEWS EXCHANGED

(Special to the Monitor)

NEWCASTLE, Eng.—The autumn meeting of the Institute of Metals was held at Newcastle on Sept. 20 and 21. Papers were read in the mornings, and after lunch members of the institute visited the many engineering and shipbuilding works in the neighborhood.

Among the interesting papers was one on "The corrosion of brass with special reference to condenser tubes," by Paul T. Bruehl, M. Sc. (Bowen research scholar, University of Birmingham), a short summary of which was read at the meeting. The author explains the electrolytic theory of corrosion and goes on to say that the corrosion of brass condenser tubes may be classed under four heads, corrosion proper, dezincification, pitting, and erosion, and of these pitting is much the most serious, and "it is due to galvanic action between the deposit on and the metal of the condenser tube."

Experiments Told

Many experiments with condenser tubes are described, and some of the results may be summarized as follows: "It has been found that a condenser tube exhibits differences of potential along its length due to the irregular distribution of strain, but the effect of this would only be to produce a slight uniform corrosion.

Crystal size is not an important consideration as owing to the method of manufacture of condenser tubes it is not possible to vary the crystalline structure much. But it is found that "corrosion increases with the temperature of annealing. It is not good, therefore, for the final annealing in the manufacture of condenser tubes to be unduly long."

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Corrosion in brass; condenser tubes which are showing cracking and pitting

(Copyrighted. Reproduced by permission of the Council of the Institute of Metals)

Further stage shown in corrosion of brass; holes appear in condenser tube

As regards rolling, corrosion is increased with the amount of work "If we take a strip of brass bent over in the shape of a U, with one limb hard rolled and the other well annealed, and immerse it in dilute HCl, bubbles of hydrogen will be disengaged at the cathode, i. e., on the annealed limb. After some hours the rolled limb will be practically dissolved away, while the other will have been markedly less attacked. At the junction of metal and liquid corrosion will be very pronounced, the brass being eaten through in a succession of perforations similar to the edges of a postage stamp."

Conclusions Given

The effect of bilge water on copper and brass is very rapid and ships anchored off jetties have often been affected by this.

In conclusion the author gives a list of the conclusions to be drawn from the paper. Some of these conclusions were: "That the presence of air or increase of temperature up to a certain point accelerates corrosion;" "that the condenser should be protected against stray currents;" "the importance of 'spills' cannot be exaggerated;" "that the tubes should be flushed with clean water after use."

The Hon. Sir Charles Parsons, opening the debate on the paper, said that a remedy for corrosion would be a great boon to marine engineers, and he submitted that if two concentric tubes were used their points of corroding would not coincide; possibly they might have paper or some substance in between, and one metal might be electropositive to the other. But this was only an idea of his own and the field was open for much investigation.

Professor Carpenter (Manchester) said that the paper was a student's paper, and much of the work in it, particularly the electrical experiments, had been better done in America. But almost nothing was known certainly about corrosion.

Mr. Allen said that if mechanical defects could be eliminated they would have gone a long way towards eliminating corrosion.

Professor Louis said that from his investigations he was convinced that corrosion was not always galvanic.

In connection with this paper it is interesting to know that the institute of metals has appointed a committee to investigate corrosion, and has opened a a fund to pay its expenses. The committee is meeting at the University of Liverpool and has begun by investigating the corrosion of condenser tubes.

PAINTER TO KING WAS ARTIST, NOT HOUSE ADORNER

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—That the person called in the public records "Serjeant painter to the King" was an artist and not a house painter, as was popularly supposed, has now been established by Dr. W. A. Shaw, and in a very able article contributed to the Connoisseur he has proved this beyond a doubt.

He gives a list which includes about 60 painters who held the post between 1430 and 1600. If the article, which is entitled "An Early English Pre-Holbein School of Portraiture," is widely read it will probably inspire many students to follow up the subject which Dr. Shaw has started.

The various royal palaces and the portrait gallery itself are filled with good pictures by artists unknown. It would be an interesting task for some one with plenty of time at his disposal to trace the authorship to some of the many names which he has unearthed, among which are Andrew Wright, George Gower and Nicholas Hilliard.

ROME COMES THIRD IN ITALIAN CITIES IN RESPECT TO CENSUS

(Special to the Monitor)

ROME—The returns of the Italian census now published in part give the population of Rome proper as 513,236, thus showing Rome to be the third largest city in Italy, Naples and Milan being the first and second. The population of Rome has more than doubled itself since 1871, when it was given as 248,208 at the end of the first year after the Italian occupation. The population of what is known as Greater Rome, which comprises the inhabitants of the suburbs and the Campagna, is 55h749.

RICHMOND HILL VIEW IS SAFEGUARDED BY ACTION OF COUNCILS

(Special to the Monitor)

RICHMOND, Eng.—It is certain now that all the dangers which menace the beauty of the view from the hill above the river in Richmond are being successfully held in check. The view will be preserved. No ill-considered modern brick factory or house will be allowed to spring up without challenge along the water's edge to make an afflicting patch of garish color among the trees.

A great scheme has been formulated by the Twickenham urban council under the town planning act, whereby the whole river frontage will be made secure from vandalism. Some time ago the Twickenham council approached the Richmond council on the subjete and found that the latter had been as active as itself and both councils forthwith decided to join forces and thereafter work together.

Now each council confines its energies to its own bank of the Thames and before any action is taken a meeting of both is called when all new plans are considered. Speaking generally their aims are to prevent any wharves, houses or factories being built on the river bank, to permit only the erection of fine houses of the type built in garden cities, and to consider the subject of throwing a bridge across the stream at Eel Pie island of such a character as would only enhance the beauty of the place. This bridge would lead to the abolition of Twickenham Ferry but the greater advantages of the bridge will no doubt compensate for the sentimental loss of the old time custom.

TITANIC TO SAIL IN APRIL

(Special to the Monitor)

SOUTHAMPTON, Eng.—The triple screw steamer Titanic of 45,000 tons, sister ship to the Olympic, the largest vessel afloat, will start on her maiden voyage on April 10, 1912. She will sail from Southampton, call at Cherbourg, and cross the Atlantic to New York.

NEW ZEALAND IS TO RAISE FORCE OF 30,000 TROOPS

(Special to the Monitor)

WELLINGTON, New Zealand.—The acting minister of defence has stated that it is intended to create a maxium force of 30,000 men, this amount being an ample war footing for the country. If this number were secured, he said, universal training could wait for the present; the country was not ready financially or othewrise for absolute universal traiping.

Between the ages of 12 to 18 there would be little but physical training and discipline; after 18 the training would become more severe. The age limit would be 21, as they were advised that the requisite number would be forthcoming within that limit.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN LAND TO BE OPENED FOR SELECTION SOON

(Special to the Monitor)

ADELAIDE, S. Aus.—The ever-increasing demand for land has led the government to pursue a progressive policy in the opening up of hundreds of thousands of acres in various parts of the state. Crown lands in South Australia may be obtained on either agreement to purchase or perpetual lease.

The latter form of lease is granted at intervals fixed by the land board in perpetuity; that is, without revaluation, and it is subject to land tax. The purchase money and rent are fixed according to the actual value of the land after careful inspection by the land board. After the land has been surveyed it is gazetted to application and subsequently the board hears the evidence of applicants in support of their application.

All other things being equal, the board is bound by the act to allot the land to the applicant who agrees to reside on it for at least nine months in each year. The board's decision on allotment is absolutely final. The lands' department affords every facility for people to obtain information relative to land. The government is anxious that the agricultural areas shall be opened up as quickly as possible so as to satisfy the numerous seekers after land. Surveyors have been hard at work for some time in marking out new hundreds.

The lands that will be offered shortly are: Western district (Eyre's Peninsula), 168,000 acres. Central district (county Buccleuch) hundreds of Vincent and Wilson on surveyed line of railway from Tailem Bend to Browns Well, 160,000 acres. The land on Eyres peninsula will be gazetted in a few weeks, and the hundreds of Wilson and Vincent in about two months. Surveys will be continued on the Darke's Peak line and on the Tailem Bend and Browns Well line.

NEW BATTLESHIP HAS 12,500 LBS. BROADSIDE

Great Super-Dreadnought of Britain Carries Ten 13.5-Inch Guns in Five Turrets and Can Steam 21 Knots

STERN-WALK IS NEW

(Special to the Monitor)

PORTSMOUTH, Eng.—The latest British super-dreadnought, the King George V., recently launched here by Princess Christian of Schlewswig-Holstein, may be described as an improved Orion. She was laid down on Jan. 16 last, and was therefore a little less than nine months on the stocks. Her sister ships, the Centurion, the Ajax, and the Audacious, are to be completed by the middle of January, 1913, on which date the British navy should be in possession of a homogeneous squadron of eight super-dreadnoughts.

Though the admiralty, following the custom of the last few years, has not published any official description of the new battleship, the following particulars may be taken as correct:

Displacement, 24,000 tons.

Length between perpendiculars, 555 feet.

Length overall, 596 feet.

Beam, 89 feet.

Speed, 21 knots.

Main armament, 10 13.5-inch guns.

Anti-torpedo armament, 20 4-inch guns.

As in the Orion the 10 13.5-inch guns will be placed in pairs in five turrets along the center line of the ship, the second turret from either end being raised above the outermost turret in such a way that the guns of each pair of turrets can fire ahead or astern as the case may be. The whole of the 10 13.5-inch guns can be fired on the broadside is 12,500 pounds, as against 6800 pounds, the total weight of the broadside is 12,500 pounds, as against 6800 pounds in the case of the original dreadnought, where only eight out of the 10 12-inch guns could be brought to bear.

In the new vessel a feature will appear which has been absent from British battleships since the dreadnought era came in, namely the picturesque stern-walk. This will be reintroduced in consequence of the return to the practise of quartering the men forward and the officers aft, an arrangement which was reversed in the dreadnought and in subsequent ships of the dreadnought type.

DIVER FINISHES WINCHESTER WORK

(Special to the Monitor)

WINCHESTER, Eng.—Reference has already been made in these columns to the work patiently carried on by a diver in connection with the efforts which are being made to strengthen the foundations of the cathedral structure. This work, so far at any rate as the diver is concerned, is now complete, and good progress is being made with the new flying buttresses on the south side of the building, and it is hoped that the entire work will be completed in the spring of next year.

LONDON NEWSPAPER IS PRAISED FOR ITS 'WOMAN'S PLATFORM'

(Special to the Monitor)

LONDON—The Earl of Lytton, president of the Men's League for Woman's Suffrage, speaking at the church congress at Stoke on Trent, said that every one had noticed within the last few days that a great London newspaper had taken a new and very interesting departure. "It has instituted what it calls the 'Woman's Platform'; it takes no side in the question, but the Standard, alone among the great newspapers, has realized what many of us have been saying for a long time past, namely that there has not been an opportunity hitherto for fair and full discussion of the great questions which may be included in that generic term, the 'women's movement.'"

His lordship pointed out that this is not entirely the fault of the newspapers, but is largely due to the fact that all newspapers are mainly organs of party opinion and therefore as this question is not a concern of either party these papers have found themselves in great difficulty about it. Lord Lytton thought that great credit was due to the editor of the Standard, in that he had realized that this movement has now assumed such proportions that really true and accurate information upon it is of great interest to the reading public.

Under the auspices of the Women's Freedom League held in Charing Cross hall, Glasgow, a public meeting was held to hear the Princess Bariatinsky, who is appearing at the Repertory theater in that town as Norah in Ibsen's "Doll's House." The princess, who spoke to a crowded audience, devoted the opening part of her address to an account of how Russia obtained freedom. Peter the Great, she maintained, knew that the only way of raising the people was to raise the women. In Russia at the present day not a single intellectual or cultured man would argue against women's rights. It would be considered the act of a hooligan.

In the meantime anti-suffrage meetings are being held in Glasgow and a particularly active branch, under the presidency of Lady Wantage, has been instituted in the county of Berkshire.

JAPAN MAY SPEND $200,000,000 ON NAVY

(Special to the Monitor)

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia—According to information received from Tokio a proposal is being considered by the ministry of marine to demand an extraordinary credit of about £40,000,000 ($200,000,000) from Parliament during next session for the purpose of increasing the number of battleships in the Japanese navy. The credit would be spread over a period of seven years. The proposal to demand so large a sum of money has given rise to numerous comments in the newspapers.

QUEENSLAND DEBT CHARGE IS LESS

(Special to the Monitor)

BRISBANE, Q., Aus.—On the public debt of Queensland the percentage charge of interest to revenue for the past year was 6.13 per cent, a smaller sum than in any previous year. In 1901-2 the interest charge was above the revenue to the extent of 28.25 per cent.

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In Which Appear

The Busyville Bees
comical illustrations by Floyd Triggs, with a story in verse by M. L. Baum, embodying information about flowers in a very delightful manner.

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Illustrated stories of Remarkable Caves; of Volcanoes and Strange Mountain Forms; of Natural Bridges, Great Waterfalls, Lakes and Glaciers; of Wonderful Plants, Birds, Beasts and Fishes.

Junior Philatelist
A department (bi-weekly) on postage stamp collecting and all matters relating to this entertaining pursuit, which teaches both history and geography.

The Camera Contest
is still open, and a dollar award is made each week to the youthful Monitor photographer who sends in the most acceptable picture of children at play, school scenes, historic places, picturesque views, quaint houses, city or country scenes, either characteristic or unusual. (Blue prints not available.) Address "Children's Page," The Christian Science Monitor, Falmouth and St. Paul streets, Boston, Mass.

Poems, Puzzles and Short Stories
are also printed on these pages on Saturday and a great variety of other matter both entertaining and instructive.

The Monitor has a Children's Department every day, but devotes more room to the young people on Saturday than on other days.

THE HOME FORUM

LETTER WRITING A FINE ART

ONE reason why women write the best letters is that what we want in a letter is impressions, not disquisitions, and a woman's impressions are often truer than her thoughts. She knows without analyzing what a man may analyze and never know. Mme. de Sevigne wrote letters to people from whom she hoped to receive letters, and to whom she knew that her letters would be welcome; there is nothing professional about them.

Here, again, Jane Austen is the pattern of letter writing, if it were not that a pattern is the first thing to be avoided, says a writer in the London Post. "Be simple; be natural." Vain advice! It is the most necessary thing of all, unless in the very high classical levels of letter writers; but if it is not there already you may as well advise Audrey to be poetical.

Another reason is that women write about persons and things in which they are interested at the time. Men, whether they think about making literature or not, are more exposed to the temptation of writing about something else, and are less keenly conscious of the person to whom they are writing.

When Lord Dundreary received a letter he used not to open it at once. "I wonder who it is from," he said. "Why don't you open it, then?" "I like to wonder." That is the right spirit in which letters should be written and read; a letter should be a pleasant thing to anticipate, whether in writing or receiving. It was only some of his letters about which Lord Dundreary wondered whether they were going to bring pleasure or annoyance. He must have known most of them by sight, and the mere sight of this or that handwriting can warm or chill. It depends a good deal upon the writer's liking or disliking the job. If the letter is written against the grain, or with a desire to instruct or advise or deter or just to put one point, it will go to the wrong place, all the more surely by being well aimed.

Birds of Passage

When the maples flame with crimson
And the nights are still with frost,
Ere the summer's luring beauty
Is in autumn glory lost,
Through the marshes and the forests
An imperious summons flies,
And from all the dreaming north-land
The wild birds flock and rise.

From streams no oar hath rippled
And lakes that waft no sail,
From reaches vast and lonely
That know no hunter's trail,
The clamor of their calling
And the whistling of their flight
Fill all the day with marvel,
And with mystery the night.

As ebb along the ocean
The great obedient tides,
So wave on wave they journey
Where an ancient wisdom guides;
A-through the haze of autumn
They vanish down the wind,
With the summer-world before them,
And the crowding storms behind.

—P. McArthur.

Honor to Whom Due

A lawyer from London, Eng., had occasion to attend a session of an Ohio court the other day. When the crier announced "the court" the Englishman rose and remained standing until the judge had taken his seat. The lawyers present all stared at the phenomenon. The judge appreciated the Englishman's trained courtesy, called him by name and complimented him. The judge has made an order that hereafter when the crier announces "the court" everybody in the court room shall rise.—Buffalo Commercial.

The Christian Science Monitor

Published daily, except Sunday, by

The Christian Science Publishing Society

Falmouth and St. Paul Streets
BOSTON, MASS., U. S. A.

Publishers of "The Christian Science Journal," "Christian Science Sentinel," "Der Herold der Christian Science," and other publications pertaining to Christian Science.

ARCHIBALD McLELLAN, *Editor-in-Chief.*
ALEXANDER DODDS, *Managing Editor.*

All communications pertaining to the conduct of this paper and articles for publication must be addressed to the Managing Editor.

Entered as Second Class at the Postoffice at Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

TERMS

Single copies, 2 cents. By carrier in the Greater Boston newspaper district, 12 cents the week.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY MAIL PREPAID

In the United States, Canada and Mexico:

Daily, one year.....$5.00
Daily, six months..... 3.00

In all other countries additional postage at the rate of $3.00 yearly is required.

All checks, money orders, etc., should be made payable to The Christian Science Publishing Society, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.

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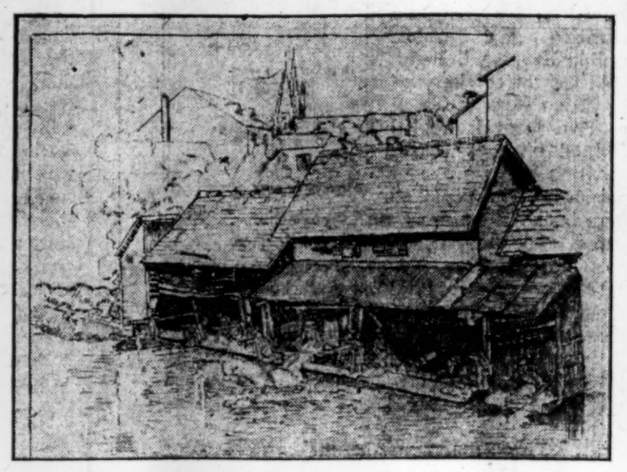
CHARTRES PEACEFULLY FASCINATES



(Specially drawn for the Monitor)

CORNER OF OLD CHARTRES, FRANCE

CHARTRES is one of the most fascinating places of northern France. As yet no electric trams trouble its peaceful streets. It is true that an antiquated, cumbersome steam tram perambulates periodically round the town, but it has such an out of date appearance that even the lover of the medieval can cheerfully put up with it. Chartres is "a city set upon an hill." It rises up out of the plain of La Beauce, the twin spires of its cathedral being seen for miles around.

The cathedral is the chief attraction of the place and it is truly "a thing of beauty." The spires so different and yet so harmonious are the one simple and strong, the other gay, flamboyant and fanciful. The three great doors, north, west, and south, are marvels of the carver's art, while more beautiful perhaps than all is the stained glass, each window being a miracle of color. The art of the medieval glaziers is lost, but one is inclined to believe the story that they ground sapphires to powder in order to obtain the marvelous blue which predominates in so many of their windows.

How much history is crowded into this small space! Here before the Christian era the Druids worshiped; here the Christians built their meeting house, the martyrium that exists today in the crypt of the cathedral, and here, over the martyrium, arose little by little as the centuries went by the wonderful cathedral that we see today. One of the old gates of Chartres is still standing although all the other defenses of the town have long since disappeared. This gate dates from 1182, and remains almost as perfect as when it withstood the assaults and sieges of bygone times.

Round one side of the town runs an arm of the river Eure forming a kind of moat. As in former days this is used by the tanners and now also by the washerwomen. Little wooden huts or galleries are erected along the water's edge, and here the white-capped laundresses may be seen bending over their work. They make a pretty picture with the old-fashioned houses and spires of the town rising up behind them, while the river becomes a charming mixture of weeds, water-lilies and soapsuds.

PANAMA RICHES UNTOUCHED

UNLESS all signs fail the opening of the canal will be only the beginning of the real history of Panama, and in less degree of all Central America. This country is at present merely mountain and jungle, and, save for the sprinkling of Indians and negroes along the coast, it is uninhabited. Already the canal-builders have done it one great service by proving that a white man can do a good day's work as well here as anywhere, says a writer in Harpers Weekly. Moreover, the jungle that covers the land contains vast wealth in wood, the most precious varieties of wood in the world.

Rosewood, mahogany, lignum-vitae and ebony, all are to be found, besides the sabic tree, which is as yet practically unknown to commerce, but whose wood for shipbuilding and similar purposes is considered superior to teak. At present the forests are to all intents untouched. What little wood finds its way into Panama is brought in on mule back, necessarily in small pieces, at prodigious waste. Yet you can see ebony trees from your car window along the line of the Panama railroad today. With the introduction of expert and modern lumbering methods, the whole timber country will lie as open and easy of access as the palm of your hand.

Next in order comes the question of power. With the abundant rainfall, the country is naturally lined with water courses. The famous Chagres river is, of course, already impounded, but there are many others, the Torrendo, the Carreno and Mindi, and some that are not even named. Nearly all are swift streams, with many respectable cascades and falls—the Torrendo, for instance, has eight falls within a mile. It will be a simple matter to harness them, and settle the power question once and for all.

After the bulk of the forests has been cleared away, the possibilities of the country will only begin to be revealed. Camphor and cocoa grow here as well as anywhere in the world. Most important of all, rubber already grows wild in commercial quantities, and under cultivation the yield will be enormous.

Blue-and-Gold Month

October is a pleasant word;
It sounds just like the month to me;
All soft and bright—as if you heard
The leaves drop gently from the tree
The pattering of the chestnuts brown,
The little thuds when apples fall,
The squirrels scampering up and down
And now and then a bluebird's call.

October always tells us, too,
Of skies as kind as mother's eyes,
And far off hills of hazy blue,
Where little whiffs of smoke arise;
Or stacks of corn in fields about,
And pumpkins yellow as the sun;
And fences winding in and out,
Where golden rod and asters run.

October also makes us think
Of crisp, west winds that briskly blow;
And frosty nights with stars a-blink,
And Jack o' Lantern's jolly glow;
Of firesides cozy, where the flames
Flicker and flare like torches gay,
And stories, fun, and merry games
That end the glad October day.

—Martha Burr Banks.

Valuable Island

A Boston paper tells of an island at Cohasset that sold for $50 half a century ago and is now valued at $200,000. This is a highly exceptional case, of course; but no one familiar with the facts would deny the rapid increase in the valuation of shore property in New England in recent years. It is a phenomenon of genuine social interest and importance.—Providence Journal.

SCHUMANN ON PROGRAM MUSIC

WRITING of his delightful Spring symphony, Robert Schumann shows what the musician's thought is of even representative or program music, so-called, namely, that it is not a mere echo of external things, but must convey the thought which the external beauty prompts. He says:

"I do not wish to portray, to paint; but I believe firmly that the period (spring) in which the symphony was produced influenced its form and character, and shaped it as it is." He wrote to Wilhelm Taubert, who was to conduct the work in Berlin: "Could you infuse into your orchestra in the performance a sort of longing for the spring, which I had chiefly in mind when I wrote in February, 1841? The first entrance of trumpets, this I should like to have sounded as though it were from high above, like unto a call to awakening; and then I should like reading between the lines, in the rest of the introduction, how everything it begins to grow green, how a butterfly takes wing; and, in the allegro, how little by little all things come that in any way belong to spring. True, these are fantastic thoughts, which came to me after my work was finished; only I tell you this about the finale, that I thought it as the goodby of spring."

A Whittier Gem

THE autumn time has come;
On woods that dream of bloom,
And over purpling vines
The low sun fainter shines.

The aster flower is failing,
The hazel's gold is paling;
Yet overhead more near
The eternal stars appear.

—Whittier.

TIME AND SPACE WIPED OUT

WITH the progress in synchronizing motion pictures and phonographic records of actors' words, one of the marvels is taking shape. Here we are to have the wonderful reproduction of a person's very action and voice made permanent for future auditors and audiences. Mme. Sarah Bernhardt is said, by the Literary Digest, to be the latest of the great artists to perpetuate her art in motion pictures, and this is held to be not only a boon to people of the time, who could not otherwise know this distinguished artist's work, but for those of coming generations. If her voice, too, is to be recorded, when the appliances are perfected, will not future actors have splendid opportunity to compare their own methods and achievements with those of this day?

The records of great singers are also preserving our present for periods to come. Who that loves the singing voice would not delight to hear even a phonographic record of the great artists of the past? What singer could not gain immensely, in more ways than one, if he or she could study the interpretations, methods, even the tricks and mannerisms, of Grisi, Mario, Jenny Lind?

These things are curiously acting to link period with period and abolish, in a way, the former limitations of time and place.

In Their Place Yet Out of It

George W. Cable, the southern writer, was visiting a western city where he was invited to inspect the new free library. The librarian conducted the famous writer through the building until they finally reached the department of books devoted to fiction.

"We have all your books, Mr. Cable," proudly said the librarian. "You see there they are—all of them on the shelves there; not one missing."

And Mr. Cable's hearty laugh was not for the reason that the librarian thought! —Ladies Home Journal.

In 1907 there were 403 museums of art, art societies and schools in the United States. At the present time they number 944.—Racine Journal.

PREACHING THE GOSPEL

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

THE command of Jesus to preach the gospel can not be considered apart from that of healing the sick. By ignoring, or making of secondary importance, a direct and valid command of the Master, Christian experience is robbed of one of its most vital and essential aids to the fulfilment of that other command, "Be ye therefore perfect, even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect."

Surely it is better for man to be found striving to carry out all the instructions of Jesus, even though his efforts often seem to result in failure, than to regard those instructions as impossible of being fulfilled. An honest confession of a lack of the requisite spiritual understanding is often a wholesome incentive to progress in that direction, while covering error, by ignoring the demands of Spirit, has its source in human pride. The disciples were bidden to "heal the sick . . . and say unto them, The kingdom of God is come nigh unto you." The good news was to be introduced by works of healing, which would serve as proof that the gospel was true and applicable to the needs of humanity. By showing the results of the operations of spiritual law in the natural world, they were to teach all nations what Jesus had commanded as the law of life.

Mrs. Eddy says in Science and Health, page 201, "The best sermon ever preached is Truth practiced and demonstrated by the destruction of sin, sickness, and death," and the gospel that her followers are preaching is this practical sermon, voiced by works of healing. Every true Christian is preaching the gospel of peace and of God's good will toward men when he is found comforting those who are discouraged and helping his fellow man in his fight for freedom from the bonds of material sense. When through his ministrations and understanding of spiritual law the sick are raised from beds of suffering and the gospel of God's presence among men is preached in convincing tones; when the sinner is lovingly persuaded to find healing for his physical needs by forsaking the paths of sin he is listening to the gospel of repentance; and when the victim of poverty is shown the operation of the law of Love, which is the true source of supply, then indeed the poor have the gospel preached unto them in a way that the poorest can understand.

It requires a great degree of faith and a pure Christianity to preach the gospel according to the teachings of Christian Science, since the true follower must abide by the test established by Jesus when he said, "By their fruits ye shall know them." But they find recompense in the peace and joy that follow obedience and the full faith in Truth that comes from preaching the gospel according to the will of the Father.

Woman County Treasurer

The woman who was elected county treasurer of Cherry county, Neb., two years ago, and was prevented from holding office for some months by the old officeholders, who claimed that no one could hold office who was not a qualified elector, has proved to be such a valuable county official, according to a letter from Valentine, that at the coming election she is running for office on every political ticket. No one has come forward to oppose her.—Springfield Republican.

Wooden Shoes in the West

A shipment of 600 cases of wooden shoes, containing several thousand pairs, has been forwarded from Amsterdam to Grand Rapids, Mich., this being the second large shipment in the last few months. It is stated that the United States is the best foreign customer of the Netherlands for this article of manufacture, many hundreds of pairs of wooden shoes being worn in Michigan, Iowa, Illinois, Missouri, New Jersey and a few other states. It is claimed that there is more wooden footwear in Chicago, Grand Rapids, or Holland, Mich., than in the city of Amsterdam. Paterson, N. J., St. Louis, Mo., Lancaster county, Nebraska, Marion county, Iowa, and numerous other smaller settlements import large quantities of this practical article of dress every year.—Indianapolis News.

Their Own Peculiar Spelling

There are some publications which pride themselves on the peculiarity of their spelling. The Revue des Deux-Mondes still clings to the orthography current at the time of its foundation, over a century ago. In its pages "savants" always figure as "savans," and "documents" as "documens." The Times too invariably spells "connexion" thus, and the Edinburgh Review insists on slipping a superfluous "e" into "development."—London Chronicle.

CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

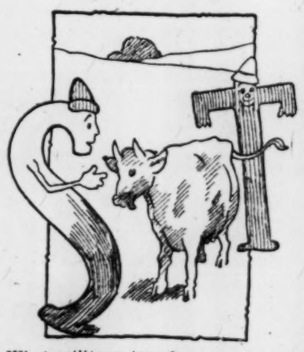
Story of Johnny Appleseed

"Intry, mintry, cutry, corn, apple seed and apple thorn," is a counting out rhyme which most children know well, and perhaps they know, too, something about Johnny Appleseed, as he was called, though he was not a person in a nursery rhyme. But he had a great deal to do with nurseries, though they were nurseries of a different sort. His were apple tree nurseries, where young trees are grown.

Johnny Appleseed was a man who lived in Boston not long after the war of the revolution, and became known all over the parts of the country that were being settled then. He used to follow the pioneers, or new settlers, into the new lands of West Virginia, western Pennsylvania, Kentucky and eastern Ohio, with an axe in his hand and a bag of apple seeds. He would clear away trees and underbrush and then would plant apple seeds, setting out little orchards in this way all through the forests. As the young trees sprouted he protected them with saplings and twigs and cultivated them till they promised good growth. Then he went to another section and set more seeds.

Some one writing in the Pittsburgh Times says that apples grown from seeds instead of grafted or budded, as the nurserymen say, are likely to come up quite unlike the apple from which the seed was taken. So Johnny Appleseed by raising his trees from seed instead of setting slips or shoots from one tree on a branch of another, planted the country with apples of a great many different kinds. It is said that many of his fine varieties are unknown now because no one will take the trouble to raise apples from seed.

Picture Puzzle



What military term?

ANSWER TO SATURDAY'S PICTURE PUZZLE

Sheriff.

Sweetness Here and There

While the price of sugar climbs steadily upward in this country and candy men and grocers are crying for relief, Russia has in the neighborhood of a million tons of beet sugar on her hands and is unable to market it.—Detroit Free Press.

Traditionary Culture and Modern Spelling

THAT the modern idea is evident in this matter of spelling reform as everywhere else, is the opinion of a writer in the New York Post. The modern idea asks "What's the good of it?" and opines that unless you can show practical advantage in the study of Greek you are foolish to spend your time on it. But even venturing to be thought narrow and out of date this writer affirms that he prefers to spell "precede" rather than "preceed," and that he even likes to have books around him though he may not open one of them. In other words he is happy in the attitude of a traditionary culture and defines to himself the good of it, even if the innovator of the hour cannot understand his perfectly plain definition.

To be sure, one cannot always make another man see the good which is delighting himself. The great freedom of experience is to find out that one does not have to go mentally in the paths of the majority, however outward law may sometimes force conformity.

MODERN ART IN MODERN EUROPE

THEY have in Europe a different view of a picture-show from that which prevails with us. Their idea is that you must publicly expose works of art as if they formed the decorations of a dwelling house. They put up small galleries in the semblance of rooms, and subordinate the pictures and sculpture to the total effect.

This was made manifest in its most agreeable form in the Austrian pavilion at the exhibit at Rome, where the walls were spotted white and the frames harmonize with the prevailing tone. Nothing prettier is conceivable than these cool, dainty chambers in the style of "l'art nouveau," but the pictures for which they are a setting are another story. There are one or two vigorous portraits like Mehoffer's and Rudolf Bacher's which might hang anywhere, and which do overcome the difficult background; but the decorations of Gustav Klimt give impulse to all else and make necessary the white walls; and these creations are indeed odd. On first view they impress you as huge, fresh-colored tiles in their Della-Robbia-like clearness of hue; but as you penetrate their form, you discover figures with limbs that are doing things, and visages that are looking things, that require a key. The portraits gaze out at you from faces quite beautiful, but immeshed in arabesques of pure color which fail to describe themselves. One or two American artists who were with me were fascinated by the rather affected simplicity of the installation and the illogical, dreamlike decorations, but to me these works are only another manifestation of Europe's artistic despair.

The last phrase above is the keynote of the article in the Century wherein Harrison Morris, commissioner general of the United States to the Roman art exposition of 1911, expresses his sense that modern Europe, unwilling to imitate her old masters and having nothing original of her own, is driven to fantastic exaggeration in her search for something new.

New Jersey Park Systems

The reported intention of the city of Paterson to enlarge its park system by the acquisition of Garret mountain is worthy of the highest commendation. At the present time the city possesses two of the most beautiful river parks in the country. The addition of picturesque Garret rock would give the city exceptional advantages, nestling as it does at the immediate foot of the mountain. Then, too, it must be remembered that Garret mountain is a continuation of the Orange mountains, on which is located the great park system of Essex county. If the proposed Garret Rock park could be continued through the few miles of ridge leading to Great notch, the two counties would have perhaps the greatest inter-county park system in the East. In the event of Paterson putting through the contemplated improvement, it would not be a very costly project to add the remaining ridge up to Great notch.—Newark News.

Teacher Must Know

For the teacher to do her part well she needs to know the community well and be able to convince the people that the things she attempts to do are desirable and valuable.—Educator Journal.

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THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

EDITORIAL

Boston, Mass., Monday, October 23, 1911

President Taft and the Trusts

AT New Castle, Wyo., last Friday, President Taft, in stronger language than is usual with him, hurled defiance at the trusts and at those who criticize his administration because of its attitude toward them. He informed his hearers that when he pledged himself to defend the constitution and enforce the laws he understood this act to mean something. He found a law upon the statute books which had been there for twenty years, its purpose being to suppress combinations to monopolize and interfere with interstate trade, and he took it to be his business, under his pledge, to enforce this law. He announced his administration is doing this, and this it proposes to do regardless of whether its course is approved or not. There cannot be reasonable objection to this attitude, for the proceedings against Standard Oil and the tobacco monopoly were supported by public opinion.

While the tendency of the supreme court decision ordering the dissolution of these combinations was to weaken the power of the aggregations of capital behind them, yet it brought with it an assurance to the country that legitimate business, no matter how small or how big, had nothing to fear. In other words, after being on the statute books for twenty years, as the President says, the Sherman law was interpreted to mean that industrial and commercial growth was to be regarded and dealt with in the light of reason rather than in the darkness of prejudice. What thoughtful people throughout the land anticipated, or, at least, hoped for, as a consequence of this decision—and in this they were encouraged by a statement made by the President himself—was that future proceedings of the administration, through the department of justice, against monopolies, would be conducted along reasonable lines.

That there is among the people for whose opinion the President need have a care any opposition to the proper enforcement of the Sherman law is an erroneous assumption. Serious criticism of the administration's attitude recently is based almost wholly upon just such utterances as that reported from New Castle, Wyo. They really have no relation to the facts involved in trust regulation, whether they come from the President or the attorney-general. They are meaningless so far as actual enforcement of the Sherman law is concerned. They do not dissolve or "bust" illegitimate trusts. They have the effect, simply, of disturbing the business thought of the entire country, of leaving a very harmful impression of uncertainty, insecurity and instability among manufacturers, merchants, bankers and investors.

Trust prosecution in itself has worked no injury to trade; the supreme court decisions in the Standard Oil and American Tobacco cases had the immediate effect of stimulating business confidence. Positive action now, even though it might be drastic in certain cases, would be a relief. What the country is suffering from is not anything that has been done toward the proper enforcement of the Sherman law, but, rather, talk that leaves disquieting inferences.

WHEN the steel investigation committee meets it may be taken for granted that Mr. Carnegie, who has just returned from abroad, will prove as picturesque on the witness stand as when he presents a library or talks world peace.

THE American consul at Alexandria urges more trade with Egypt, but it is perhaps just as well to await a calming down in Mediterranean affairs.

Equal Pay for Equal Work

MAYOR GAYNOR, for the city of New York, has signed the bill giving women teachers within the municipal boundaries equal pay with men performing the same work. Governor Dix, for the state, is expected to affix his signature to it also. It is estimated that the law will increase the budget by $3,500,000 annually, and for this reason the mayor was for a time disposed to withhold his approval, but the objection vanished when it appeared to him that the amount could be saved by closer management in other directions. He was influenced, moreover, by the fact that the rule of equal pay prevailed generally in the public schools of all the cities. So far as he could see, the operation of the measure would rather increase than decrease the number of men teachers. "The economical reason for appointing women teachers because they are paid less is removed by it," he said, and this is true.

Placing women and men teachers on an absolutely equal footing is simply doing plain justice to both. It cannot harm men that women doing the same work, and doing it as well, are equally compensated. It is manifestly wrong to expect women teachers to do the same work as men, and to do it faithfully and efficiently, at a lower rate of pay than that allowed men. This is practising public economy on an unsound and an inequitable basis. The argument that men teachers would be unfavorably affected by a law which refuses to recognize any distinction between the sexes is a weak one. If men are more proficient teachers than women, it will follow, as a matter of course, that they will be preferred to women, now that their services may be had at the same cost. On the other hand, the law can benefit only those women who are capable of competing on equal terms with men. They are not henceforth to be paid less because they are women, but neither are they to be paid more than they are worth for this reason. They are to be paid at an equal rate with men when they come up to the standard set for men.

This is fair all around. In the long run the community that pays its public school teachers on this basis is certain to be more than repaid in the quality of the public school product. Sex qualifications for appointments under this system are completely removed and capability alone counts. Women, at the beginning, perhaps may be somewhat at a disadvantage, because inferior pay has led many of them to believe that superior work was not expected of them. The new law will awaken them to a different sense of their responsibilities. The knowledge that they are standing on their feet not as women but as teachers, and that their services will be measured accordingly, will have a tendency to strengthen rather than to weaken them.

Hawaii's Labor Problem

THE press of Honolulu appears not a little agitated over a clause in the proposed Dillingham naturalization law which, according to the Honolulu Evening Bulletin, "may yet make trouble for the territory of Hawaii, although now little danger is feared from that quarter." That labor is needed in the island is admitted on every hand. But whether the prohibition in the proposed measure, relative to importation of unskilled laborers, can be enforced, and if enforced will prove beneficial to Hawaiian development, is something about which opinions differ.

In explanation of the proposed law a special commission appointed to investigate labor conditions affirms that the new legislation aims mainly at agents and sub-agents of steamship companies who induce laborers to come to Hawaii through false promises, and in direct violation of the United States immigration laws. Where it concerns the Hawaiian islands, and as the law stands, it is permissible to import skilled labor, providing unemployed labor of like kind cannot be found.

But the admissibility of such individuals cannot be determined in advance of their arrival at United States ports. The new bill proposes to amend the law so as to permit the secretary of commerce and labor to pass upon the admissibility of such aliens prior to whatever contract they may make before coming to the island.

What the people of Hawaii would now like to know is whether the Dillingham bill means to repeal that section of the present law which permits recruiting labor abroad. Unquestionably unlawful solicitation should be prevented by the government, but, on the other hand, labor conditions in the island are such that it has become more imperative than ever that workers be obtained to cultivate the soil. As things have shaped themselves, it is none too soon for Washington and the authorities of Hawaii to plan action looking toward an arrangement whereby sufficient labor can be brought to the Pacific ocean possessions, without impairing the legitimate interests of the natives.

NEW ZEALAND, it is said, as a partial consequence of the introduction of milking machines, has become one of the greatest dairying countries in the world. The machines save labor, which is scarce and costly. It is too bad that New Zealand is so far away.

IF EVERYTHING continues to go well, and John Franklin Baker's bat is true, it is not difficult to see that Philadelphia will soon be plunging headlong into the middle of a new monument movement.

CHICAGO seems to be thoroughly determined now to go ahead with its subways. It has taken some time to get everything in readiness, but the last obstacle seems finally to have given way.

IT IS no new thing, of course, for a nation to find a war more costly than it anticipated. All such discoveries make indirectly for peace.

THE liner St. Paul brought representatives of twenty nations to the United States. The American melting pot still keeps boiling.

IT ALSO speaks volumes for the world's advancement that half the British soldiers in India are total abstainers.

THERE is a modern Chinese puzzle that the western nations seem unable to solve.

Will the Aerophone Come Next?

PLACED in a strong room of a London commercial house, and locked in, with nine inches of armor steel, nine inches of fire brick and six feet of concrete between him and the outer world, we are told, Grindel Matthews, inventor of the aerophone, was enabled by the use of his apparatus to carry on a conversation with an operator in another room on the farther side of the building. So distinct and faithful was the transmission, it is said, that the experts in attendance were actually able to hear the tick of his watch, notwithstanding the almost impenetrable mass between the two instruments. Last September he is said to have spoken from Beachley in Gloucestershire to a point over five and one half miles away, near the Severn tunnel outlet on the other side of the river, without the use of wires or "wireless." Severe tests are being made of his invention under government direction as part of the preliminary negotiations looking to the taking over of the patents by the United Kingdom.

He will be asked, for example, to show what he can do in the matter of communicating through five miles of solid rock between Chepstow and Tintern. Long distance tests are to be made also under the direction and supervision of the war office. Plainly, the British government intends to prove the value of the invention beyond the possibility of doubt before taking it over. Mr. Matthews has gone so far in describing his apparatus as to say that the results are not obtained through anything like the Hertzian waves, as in the Marconi system of telegraphy. They are not waves at all, he says, as there is no disturbance or appreciable break between them. They are rather continuous than fitful. It is, he says, the high frequency produced by the apparatus that makes it possible for sounds to be reproduced and for all the fluctuations and intonations of human speech to be transmitted so faithfully that the voice and speaker could be recognized. "As in the cinematographic picture, each delineation ran so quickly into the other that a continuous sustained reproduction is the result."

Not the least interesting feature of this wonderful invention—if it shall turn out to be as wonderful as it seems now—is the fact that a complete set of instruments for a five-mile radius will cost but $48. The statement is made that it will be possible through this system to carry on long conversations and that each speaker can distinguish the voice of the person he is conversing with. Moreover, no expert knowledge is required in the handling of the apparatus; from the description given this seems to be as simple as an ordinary galvanic battery.

While the British government, very properly, is taking all due precautions in this matter, and while public opinion everywhere will applaud this prudence, it does not at all follow that, marvelous as this invention seems to be, it excites the least incredulity. This would not have been the case a few years ago, but the world is coming to understand with greater and greater clearness that armor plate, concrete, solid rock, distance and time, or all of them combined, are not so formidable where the intellect is concerned as they seem.

Wagner, Jr., Deplores Strauss

RECALLING the attacks which Richard Wagner had to endure from classicists who found him anathema, and having in mind the revelations of his autobiography recently published as they disclose his peculiar ethical standards, there will be those persons who will say that Siegfried Wagner in his denunciation of Richard Strauss reveals his own lack of a sense of humor. This may be, and yet the fact will remain that the son of the writer of operas who set forth the morals of a pre-Christian Germanic north is forced to protest against the tendencies of a composer who unquestionably has been influenced by the current philosophy that makes light of the Christian ethic and would set up again in European capitals a neopaganism frankly based on gratification of physical power and sensory delights. The essential point of such a controversy as may arise is not whether the son of Wagner is the best medium for expressing the criticism, but whether the charge he makes is just, and whether Strauss is using his undoubted technical skill for ends that are good and that build up German character. It raises anew the issue of "art for art's sake" and the ethical responsibility of the genius, an issue that cannot be evaded or ignored, whether the matter be viewed from the standpoint of the artist's own conduct or the net result of his output.

Whether the ultimate judgment of society is based upon a record of an artist's life told by himself or by others or upon his artistic works, it sooner or later is compelled to reckon with the consequences of influence personal or otherwise. As a human document Wagner's autobiography is invaluable; but if he, in his vanity, thought that it would raise him in the estimation of humanity, he grievously erred; and for many who had hitherto worshiped the composer there never again can be the same inspiration from his works.

IS THERE any significance in the fact that President Taft was warmly received by the California lemon-growers?

Prosperity and Knowledge

CORNELL UNIVERSITY, where in years past many young men from Central and South America have finished their education, deduces that the increased attendance with the opening of the present academic year is due largely to the greater prosperity among the southern republics. It is particularly in regard to Brazil that the newest and largest figures are presented as evidence of the fact that, in the ratio that Latin America progresses commercially and industrially will American educational institutions become beneficiaries. At Cornell alone, fifteen Brazilians are studying engineering, and while the Ithica institution is considered a favorite among Spanish-speaking youth, no doubt other universities and colleges could in every respect corroborate the interesting data advanced by Cornell.

It is a question which of the two countries—the United States or the Brazilian republic—is the greater gainer by this desire of the youth of the southern nation to acquire knowledge in the land farther north. Primarily, the young men from Brazil come here so to equip themselves that they may return to their homes ready to enter the workaday combat in their native land where rivalry and competition are probably no less pronounced than in other communities. But there is something else—something that concerns not themselves, nor their own country solely, nor yet the United States, but the world—which results from cosmopolitanism such as springs up where youths of one nation are brought in close contact with the youths of another. That international friendship is fostered at the colleges is amply evidenced. The better relations existing with Japan are undoubtedly due to a large extent to the fact that many of those at the helm of affairs in the empire of the east obtained their education in America. China furnishes another instance where educational ties have proved of indubitable value.

The United States can well afford to encourage the development of Latin America. This may be largely accomplished by increasing American enterprise to the south of the Rio Grande, which will contribute to the prosperity in those regions, and by higher educational institutions of the United States continuing to make their teaching more and more attractive to the native sons of Central and South America. It is hardly necessary to add that with Mexico a next door neighbor the identical rule will hold good for this rejuvenated nation.

Montreal for a Million

THE Canadian census shows that Montreal has rounded the half million mark, and the ratio of growth shows, furthermore, that it may look forward with reasonable assurance to doubling its present population in the next ten years. This is what it is expecting, at all events, and realization of its hope is almost certain if it shall maintain the civic impulse that has moved its people to do so many creditable things during the last decade. Whether it shall rank fourth among the cities of the continent ten years hence is another matter. In such a contest it must compete with St. Louis, Boston, Baltimore and Cleveland. But there is no reason why Montreal should not set a high mark for itself. There will be no jealousy on this side of the line if it shall attain it.

In the meantime, Montreal takes the very sensible view that it must strive for some other things also in the next ten years. It sees very clearly that bigness is not the main thing, and it is not afraid to look its shortcomings squarely in the face. Public improvements on a very comprehensive scale are necessary even now, they will be doubly necessary with such an increase of population as Montreal has reason to look for before 1920. It is pointed out by the Star that the city has allowed itself to fall behind in some respects, notably in pavements, and that its transportation problem is an acute one. It has a water supply problem to solve, and there seems to be an urgent call for complete reorganization of some of its most important municipal departments. The census showing, of course, has awakened the community to these facts, and it is hardly to be questioned that the eloquence and force of the figures will be sufficient to arouse its people to the necessity of making ample provision for the future.

Montreal holds a position relative to the Dominion in finance and commerce somewhat similar to that held by New York with relation to the United States. In the natural order of things it is destined to be a very rich and populous city; its opportunities for being a beautiful city are second to none on the continent.